| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Adult education   |  |  |
| Module code   | ET14  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the module is to present content related to the multi-aspect development of adults, with particular emphasis on the educational dimension, including the conditions of the learning process and teaching of adults. The module includes content on planning and implementing educational and preventive activities to prevent learning difficulties in adults. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K01         | The student has competences in self-reflection on personal professional development and independent deepening of   | KN3_K01                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             | pedagogical knowledge related to the education and development of adults;  | KN3_K03                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_K07                            | 3                              |  |  |
| U01         | Student has the ability to analyze and define concepts, goals, tasks and principles of planning educational and therapeutic activities for adults, and is able to plan and implement educational and preventive activities to prevent learning difficulties in adults. | KN3_U06                            | 2                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U10                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U11                            | 2                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U17                            | 3                              |  |  |
| W01         | The student has knowledge about an adult as a subject of educational and therapeutic interactions, with particular   | KN3_W01                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             | emphasis on multidimensional development conditions.   | KN3_W02                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_W08                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_W12                            | 3                              |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes        |                     |  |
|-----|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|--|
|     | Code Category |                                      | Name (description)  |  |
| a02 |               | Lecture methods / expository methods | Monographic lecture |  |

|     |   | an exhaustive discussion of one issue, usually related to the research interests of the person teaching the course or a thorough presentation of one selected issue   |  |
|-----|---|---|--|
| a05 | Lecture methods / expository methods  | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course  |  |
| b02 | Problem-solving methods   | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up  |  |
| b03 | Problem-solving methods   | Activating method — educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games — involving a simulation of real situations; decision games — based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games — increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes |  |
| b04 | Problem-solving methods  Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compidentification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoin in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |   |  |
| c02 | Demonstration methods   | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.  |  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods   | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning  | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning  | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studie issue  |  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning  | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |  |



| 10. | Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |
|-----|----------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code           | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01  |                | lecture           | 10 | exam  | K01, W01                        | a02, b02, c02, c07, f01, f02  |
| 02  |                | practical classes | 20 | course work                                       | K01, U01, W01                   | a05, b03, b04, c07, f03       |

| 11. The student' | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |  |
|------------------|--|---|-------------------------|--|
| Code             | Category   | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |
| a02              | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | Yes                     |  |
| a05              | Preparation for classes  | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes           | Yes                     |  |
| c03              | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course | Yes                     |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Assistant to an elderly person   |  |  |
| Module code   | ET18   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The course aims to provide students with knowledge about the specificity, problems, and conditions of the work of a caregiver of an elderly person. As part of the course, students learn about the specificity of old age and the aging process in the individual and social dimensions, problems of communicating with an old person in the event of health problems, problems and diseases of old age, as well as the specificity and requirements of working with an old person. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K01         | The student is ready to independently deepen his pedagogical knowledge and to take an empathetic approach to the problems and needs of older people.  | KN3_K01<br>KN3_K02<br>KN3_K03      | 2<br>3<br>1                    |  |  |
| W01         | The student knows and understands the course and conditions of the aging process, and methodological aspects of cooperation with an elderly person and his or her relatives. The student knows the specific requirements of the profession of a caregiver for the elderly, methods and principles of work, support, and care for seniors. | KN3_W02<br>KN3_W08<br>KN3_W14      | 1<br>2<br>1                    |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |
|-----|---------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
|     | Code          | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |
| b04 |               |                               | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |

| b07 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon                          |
|-----|--------------------------|---|
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |
| e04 | Practical methods        | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |                               |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code               | Name              |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 1                  | practical classes | 20 | course work | K01, W01                        | b04, b07, c07, e04, f01, f02  |

| 11. The studen | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No                      |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a04            | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation                                 | Yes                     |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                           | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing  | No                      |

|     |   | knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | Yes |
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes           | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Basics of family support  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET11  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the module is to familiarize students with contemporary threats to the family, institutional forms of supporting its development, with particular emphasis on the role of the school in supporting the family environment in working with children with specific educational needs. The module also includes content related to the basics of prevention and family therapy. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| Code | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
|------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| U01  | The student is able to analyze and interpret legal and institutional aspects related to family threats, with particular         | KN3_U01                            | 3                              |
|      | emphasis on the functioning of a student with specific learning difficulties. Is able to plan supportive measures for a         | KN3_U04                            | 3                              |
|      | family affected by difficulties and in a demanding crisis situation. organization of psychological and pedagogical assistance.  | KN3_U05                            | 3                              |
|      |   | KN3_U06                            | 3                              |
|      |   | KN3_U10                            | 3                              |
| W01  | The student knows and understands the psychological and pedagogical aspects of interactionstherapeutic treatments               | KN3_W01                            | 3                              |
|      | aimed at the family and its members, as well as conditions related to the difficulties and threats affecting the modern family. | KN3_W02                            | 3                              |
|      |   | KN3_W08                            | 3                              |
|      |   | KN3_W11                            | 3                              |
| W02  | The student has knowledge of the legal aspects of support procedures for students in the family, school and                     | KN3_W01                            | 3                              |
|      | psychological-pedagogical counseling center, as well as the legal aspects of diagnosing specific learning difficulties and      | KN3_W02                            | 3                              |
|      | organizing psychological-pedagogical assistance in this area.   | KN3_W05                            | 3                              |
|      |   | KN3_W08                            | 3                              |
|      |   | KN3_W11                            | 3                              |

| 9. Method | Methods of conducting classes        |   |  |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Code      | e Category                           | Name (description)  |  |
| a02       | Lecture methods / expository methods | Monographic lecture an exhaustive discussion of one issue, usually related to the research interests of the person teaching the course or a thorough presentation of one selected issue   |  |
| b02       | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up  |  |
| b03       | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method — educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games — involving a simulation of real situations; decision games — based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games — increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes |  |
| b07       | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon  |  |
| c07       | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |  |
| f01       | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |  |
| f03       | Methods of self-learning             | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |  |

| 10. Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                 |                               |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code                  | Code Name         |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01                    | lecture           | 10 | exam  | W01, W02                        | a02, b02, f01                 |
| 02                    | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | U01, W02                        | b03, b07, c07, f03            |

| 11. The student's | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |
|-------------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| Code              | Category   | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02               | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source | No                      |



|     |   | materials to be used in class   |     |
|-----|---|---|-----|
| a05 | · | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7           | General information about the module  |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| Module name |   | Basics of pedagogical therapy  |
| Ν           | lodule code   | ET6  |
| Ν           | umber of the ECTS credits   | 6  |
| L           | anguage of instruction  | Polish   |
|             | urpose and description of the ontent of education                               | The classes aim to familiarize students with the concept, goals, tasks, principles, subject, and subject of the impact of corrective pedagogy, principles of correction and compensation as therapeutic interactions for children at risk of specific learning difficulties and students with specific difficulties in learning to read, write and counting. |
| С           | ist of modules that must be ompleted before starting this nodule (if necessary) | not applicable   |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| E.1K.U1     | The student can analyze the basics of corrective pedagogy; analyze and define the concept, goals, tasks, principles, subject, and subject of impact of corrective pedagogy; interpret correction and compensation as therapeutic   | KN3_U04<br>KN3_U05                 | 4<br>4                         |
|             | interventions for children at risk of specific learning difficulties and students with specific learning difficulties; differentiate between common and specific learning difficulties; present the clinical and psychological picture of a student with specific learning difficulties; characterize the place of a student with specific learning difficulties in the Polish education system; determine teachers' attitudes towards students with specific learning difficulties. | KN3_U07                            | 4                              |
| E.1K.U2     | The student can analyze the medical basis of corrective pedagogy and the functioning of the central nervous system in the context of specific learning difficulties; determine the etiopathogenesis of specific learning difficulties.   | KN3_U17                            | 4                              |
| E.1K.W1     | The student knows and understands the basics of corrective pedagogy: the concept, goals, tasks, principles, subject and  | KN3_W05                            | 5                              |
|             | subject of the impact of corrective pedagogy, principles of correction and compensation as therapeutic interactions for  | KN3_W09                            | 5                              |
|             | children at risk of specific learning difficulties, and students with specific difficulties in learning to read, writing and arithmetic, learning difficulties, clinical and psychological picture a student with specific learning difficulties; the place of a   | KN3_W11                            | 4                              |
|             | student with specific learning difficulties in the Polish education system; teachers' attitudes towards students with specific learning difficulties.  | KN3_W12                            | 4                              |

| 9. Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code             | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |  |
| a01              | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |  |  |
| b04              | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |  |
| c07              | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |  |  |  |
| e02              | Practical methods                    | Production exercise – workshop an activity involving the creation of an object/product according to the rules/principles/description provided by the academic teacher acting as the workshop master  |  |  |  |

| 10. | Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |
|-----|----------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code           | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| Ć   |                | practical classes | 20 | course work                                       | E.1K.U1, E.1K.U2                | b04, c07, e02                 |
| W   |                | lecture           | 10 | exam  | E.1K.U2, E.1K.W1                | a01, c07                      |

| 11. The student | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |  |  |
|-----------------|---|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code            | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| a01             | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | Yes                     |  |  |
| a02             | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | Yes                     |  |  |
| a03             | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | Yes                     |  |  |
| a04             | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation  | Yes                     |  |  |
| a05             | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |  |  |



|     | developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes   |     |
|-----|---|-----|
| c01 | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc. | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7.  | General information about the   | General information about the module  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Mod | lule name   | Biomedical basis of development and upbringing  |  |  |  |  |
| Mod | lule code   | B10   |  |  |  |  |
| Nun | nber of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |  |  |
| Lan | guage of instruction  | Polish  |  |  |  |  |
|     | pose and description of the<br>ent of education                               | The content of the module includes issues related to biomedical aspects of human development, genetic and environmental conditions determining proper development. The classes discuss topics related to meeting human biological needs in ontogeny, the role of the nervous, hormonal and immune systems in maintaining homeostasis, selected somatic development disorders, and preventive health care for children and adolescents. The course outcomes are achieved through lectures and exercises. |  |  |  |  |
| com | of modules that must be<br>pleted before starting this<br>lule (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning      | outcomes of the module  | earning outcomes of the module     |                                |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code             | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |  |
| PO_B10_B1<br>_K1 | In terms of social competences, the graduate is ready to constantly improve his/her substantive knowledge, responsibility for decisions and actions, and follows the principles of professional ethics of a teacher   | KN3_K02<br>KN3_K07                 | 2 2                            |  |  |  |  |
| PO_B10_B1<br>_U1 | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to:observe students' development processes   | KN3_U04                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |
| PO_B10_B1<br>_W2 | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands: the process of student development during childhood, adolescence and early adulthood: physical, motor and psychosexual development; development of cognitive processes; social-emotional and moral development; physical and mental changes during adolescence; development norm; development in the context of upbringing; disharmonies and developmental disorders in students; behavioral disorders; issues of shyness and hyperactivity; | KN3_W02                            | 5                              |  |  |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes    |                                      |  |  |  |
|-----|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
|     | Code Category Name (description) |                                      |  |  |  |
| a01 |                                  | ,                                    | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |  |
| a03 |                                  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description  |  |  |

|     |                             | a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|
| b02 | Problem-solving methods     | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |
| b04 | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b09 | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods       | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d02 | Programmed learning methods | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |
| d03 | Programmed learning methods | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning    | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning    | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |



| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|--|--|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module                | Methods of conducting classes          |
| PO_B10_1           | lecture           | 10 | course work                                       |  | a01, a03, b02, c07, d02, f01, f02, f03 |
| PO_B10_2           | practical classes | 10 |   | PO_B10_B1_K1,<br>PO_B10_B1_U1,<br>PO_B10_B1_W2 | b04, b09, c07, d02, d03, f01, f02, f03 |

| 11. The studen | t's work, apart from participation in classes, incl       | uues in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | Yes                     |
| a03            | Preparation for classes                                   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | Yes                     |
| a04            | Preparation for classes                                   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| b02            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Verification / adjustment / discussion of syllabus provisions consulting the content of the syllabus, possibly in the presence of the year tutor or members of the class group, and, if necessary, reassessing the provisions concerning special conditions for class participation, e.g., space and time requirements, technical and other requirements, including conditions for participation in classes outside the walls of the university, classes organized in blocks, organized online, etc. | Yes                     |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | Yes                     |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Care-Educational Pedagogy   |  |  |
| Module code   | ET1   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 5   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the course is to acquaint students with the main theoretical and practical problems of care and educational pedagogy as well as the theories and concepts of care and educational work. In the module, students acquire knowledge, skills and competences that enable them to perform the basic professional tasks of a caregiver and educator, including providing assistance to people of different ages (i.e., children, adolescents, adults, including the elderly) with diverse developmental and educational needs. The content of the course includes the subject, tasks of care and educational pedagogy; basic functions of care pedagogy and related methodic; the basic conceptual framework (care, upbringing, assistance, needs), tasks and care, care, and educational institutions; basic strategies of care and educational work and the conditions for its effectiveness. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| WOP1        | Knows the basic educational environments, care, and educational institutions and the specificity of the care and educational processes taking place there.  | KN3_W01                            | 5                              |  |  |
| WOP2        | Knows and understands the place of care and educational pedagogy in the system of sciences and is aware of relations with other disciplines.  | KN3_W03                            | 4                              |  |  |
| WOP3        | Can recognize and apply methodological orientations to diagnose the care and educational needs of people of different ages, describe and interpret research results, and propose intervention solutions.  | KN3_U03                            | 3                              |  |  |
| WU1         | Can use and integrate the knowledge in the field of care and educational pedagogy and cooperating disciplines to analyze the developmental and educational needs of pupils, identify and describe care and educational problems, and select an intervention strategy. | KN3_U01                            | 3                              |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of co | lathade at candilating classes       |                           |  |
|-----|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
|     | Code          | Category                             | Name (description)        |  |
| a05 |               | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification |  |

|     |                          | explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| b01 | Problem-solving methods  | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution   |
| b04 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b07 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| b08 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – peer learning learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another   |
| b10 | Problem-solving methods  | SWOT analysis a method of analyzing a phenomenon/action/work of an institution, employed to organize information and solve problems; applied in strategic planning, project implementation or solving a business or organizational problem; a universal tool to be used in the initial stage of a strategic analysis which involves sorting information about a problem into four categories: strengths and weaknesses, opportunities and threats; SWOT analysis makes it possible to determine the factors in favour of a project and its chances for success, as well as eliminating or reducing negative factors and threats to the project at the stage of early diagnosis   |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| e04 | Practical methods        | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |



| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes     |
| OW1                | lecture           | 10 | exam  | WOP1, WOP2                      | a05, b01, b04, b07, b10, c07, f03 |
| OW2                | practical classes | 20 | course work                                       | WOP3, WU1                       | b04, b07, b08, b10, c07, e04, f02 |

| Code | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
|------|---|--|-------------------------|
| a01  | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |
| a02  | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a03  | Preparation for classes                                   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | Yes                     |
| a04  | Preparation for classes                                   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |
| a05  | Preparation for classes                                   | ation for classes  Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes                               |                         |
| b01  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| b03  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Consulting the schedule getting acquainted with the class schedule, possibly in the presence of the year tutor, in order to optimize participation in classes, including those supplementary to the core subjects listed in the pursued study programme  | Yes                     |
| c01  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |
| c03  |   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | No                      |



| learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes         | No  |
|-------------------|--|-----|
| learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Clinical psychology   |  |  |
| Module code   | B8  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the classes carried out within the module is to familiarize students with the subject and specific tasks of clinical psychology. Providing knowledge in the field of mental health and mental disorders. Norms versus pathology. Concepts of clinical diagnosis and basic methods of diagnosis. The concept of stress – etiology, clinical picture, therapy. Classification of mental disorders. Discussion of selected disorders. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| W3-S1PE-1   | student zna podstawowe pojęcia psychologii klinicznej, orientuje się w psychopatologii zachowań procesów | KN3_W02                            | 1                              |  |  |
|             | poznawczych, emocjonalnych.  | KN3_W03                            | 1                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_W05                            | 2                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_W08                            | 1                              |  |  |
| W3-S1PE-2   | Student klasyfikuje i różnicuje poszczególne zaburzenia psychiczne.                                      | KN3_W05                            | 1                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_W08                            | 2                              |  |  |
| W3-S1PE-3   | student potrafi radzić sobie ze stresem i stosować strategie radzenia sobie z trudnościami.              | KN3_U07                            | 1                              |  |  |

| 9. Methods of c | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code            | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a01             | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |  |
| b02             | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up                         |  |  |

| b04 | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
|-----|--|
| c07 | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |

| 10. I | Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                     |                               |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|       | Code Name         |                   |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module     | Methods of conducting classes |
| 1     |                   | lecture           | 10 | exam  | W3-S1PE-1, W3-S1PE-2, W3-<br>S1PE-3 | a01, b02                      |
| W3-S  | S1PE-2            | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | W3-S1PE-1, W3-S1PE-2, W3-<br>S1PE-3 | b04, c07                      |

| 11. The student | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |
|-----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code            | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02             | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a04             | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |
| b01             | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                           | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| c02             | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |
| c03             | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Contemporary pedagogical currents   |  |  |
| Module code   | B13   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
|   | In terms of knowledge, the student knows and understands contemporary concepts of upbringing, learning and teaching or education and their implementation in school and care institutions |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                      |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of<br>competent<br>(scale 1-5) |  |
| WKP_1       | the student knows and understands the basics of the philosophy of education and pedagogical axiology   | KN3_W01                            | 5                                    |  |
| WKP_2       | the student knows and understands contemporary concepts of upbringing, learning and teaching or education and their implementation in school and care institutions | KN3_W02                            | 4                                    |  |
| WKP_3       | The student is able to independently deepen pedagogical knowledge, recognize and interpret social phenomena, showing their connections with the fields of pedagogy | KN3_U02                            | 3                                    |  |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |
| a05           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |  |
| b01           | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution |  |
| b02           | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |  |
| b03           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – educational games  |  |

|     |                          | learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games – involving a simulation of real situations; decision games – based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games – increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes  |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| b04 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b07 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| c02 | Demonstration methods    | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |



| 10.  | Forms of teaching |                   |    |             |                                 |  |
|------|-------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
|      | Code              | Name              |    | _           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes          |
| R_f  | s_1 OW_fs _1      | lecture           | 10 | course work | WKP_1                           | a05, b01, b02, b04, b07, c02, c07, f01 |
| R_fs | s_2 OW_fs _2      | practical classes | 10 | course work | WKP_2, WKP_3                    | a05, b03, b04, b07, c02, f02           |

| 11. The student | 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |
|-----------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Code            | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02             | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| b01             | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                            | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| c02             | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                    | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |
| d01             | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes                      | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | 7. General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Counseling in care-educational work  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET3  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 1  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Poradnictwo w pracy opiekuńczo-wychowawczej jest modułem wprowadzającym w szczegółową wiedzę na temat form i zasad udzielania wsparcia uczniów ze specyficznymi trudnościami w uczeniu się. Celem zajęć jest zapoznanie studentów z koncepcjami działań w zakresie poradnictwa, kierunków oraz form działań zapobiegających trudnościom w uczeniu się. Studenci w trakcie zajęć nabywają podstawową wiedzę i umiejętności z zakresu projektowania programu z zakresu poradnictwa opiekuńczego oraz wychowawczego dla opiekunów oraz rodziców dziecka z grupy ryzyka specyficznych trudności w uczeniu się.  Wszystkie efekty kształcenia zakładane w module planuje się osiągnąć podczas wykładów oraz pracy własnej studenta, obejmującej studiowanie literatury przedmiotu, przygotowanie prezentacji oraz wymaganych zagadnień.  Wszystkie efekty uczenia się zakładane w module planuje się osiągnąć w trakcie zajęć w kontakcie bezpośrednim z nauczycielami akademickimi, a także podczas pracy własnej studenta, obejmującej przygotowanie do form weryfikacji efektów uczenia się, wymagań określonych w module. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learnin | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Code       | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |  |  |
| U01        | Absolwent potrafi analizować podstawowe potrzeby dzieci oraz ich rodzin w zakresie poradnictwa opiekuńczo-              | KN3_U01                            | 3                              |  |  |  |  |  |
|            | wychowawczego.  | KN3_U09                            | 3                              |  |  |  |  |  |
| U02        | Absolwent potrafi projektować programy poradnictwa opiekuńczo-wychowawczego dla określonej grupy beneficjentów.         | KN3_U02                            | 2                              |  |  |  |  |  |
| W01        | Absolwent zna i rozumie cele i formy wsparcia pedagogicznego w zakresie poradnictwa opiekuńczo-wychowawczego.           | KN3_W05                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |  |
|            |   | KN3_W09                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |  |
|            |   | KN3_W10                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |  |
|            |   | KN3_W11                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |  |
| W02        | Absolwent zna i rozumie podstawowe koncepcje świadczenia usług wsparcia w obszarze poradnictwa opiekuńczowychowawczego. | KN3_W05                            | 5                              |  |  |  |  |  |

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| KN3_W09                               | 4 |
| KN3_W10                               | 4 |
| KN3_W11                               | 4 |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |  |  |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |  |  |  |
| a03           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison              |  |  |  |  |
| a05           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |  |  |  |  |
| b02           | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |  |  |  |  |
| c07           | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image |  |  |  |  |

| 1 | 0. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |                               |  |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
|   | Code              | Name              |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| 0 | 1                 | lecture           | 10 | course work | U01, U02, W01, W02              | a01, a03, a05, b02, c07       |  |

| 11. The stude | L. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |     |  |  |  |
|---------------|---|--|-----|--|--|--|
| Code          | Code Category Name (description)  |  |     |  |  |  |
| a01           | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | Yes |  |  |  |
| a02           | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No  |  |  |  |
| b01           | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                           | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No  |  |  |  |
| d02           | Consulting the results of the verification of                                       | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks  | Yes |  |  |  |



| t land the second secon | reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade |  |
|--|--|--|
|--|--|--|



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Creative pedagogy  |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | B20  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2  |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the module is to achieve learning outcomes in the field of creativity pedagogy. The student acquires knowledge about the creative process, creative potential and creativity. Students also learn about the conditions and barriers to creative development throughout ontogeny and acquire skills in designing creative activities. All learning outcomes assumed in the module are planned to be achieved during classes in direct contact with academic teachers, as well as during the student's own work, including preparation for forms of verification of learning outcomes and requirements specified in the module. |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |  |
| PT_K01      | Student jest gotów do samodzielnego pogłębiania wiedzy pedagogicznej (B2.K3.);   | KN3_K08                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |
| PT_U01      | W zakresie umiejętności Student potrafi zaprojektować zajęcia stymulujące potencjał twórczy uczniów i wychowanków; (B2.U3)   | KN3_K01<br>KN3_U11                 | 4 3                            |  |  |  |  |
| PT_U02      | Student potrafi rozpoznawać potrzeby psychospołecznego wsparcia ucznia, a także inhibitory aktywności i potencjalności twórczej.   | KN3_U06                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |
| PT_U03      | Student potrafi identyfikować potrzeby ucznia w rozwoju uzdolnień i zainteresowań; (B1.U7)   | KN3_U06                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |
| PT_W01      | W zakresie wiedzy Student zna i rozumie funkcje wychowania do twórczości, uwarunkowania i dynamizmy rozwoju w kierunku potencjalności twórczej; zagadnienia przymusu i swobody w wychowaniu do twórczości, wychowania adaptacyjnego i emancypacyjnego, podmiotowości w wychowaniu; a także przejawy kryzysu współczesnego wychowania i jego implikacje podmiotowe. Zna podstawowe teorie procesu twórczego i rozumie ich istotę w kontekście wspierania potencjału jednostki i rozumie uwarunkowania ograniczające rozwój twórczy. | KN3_W02                            | 3                              |  |  |  |  |
| PT_W02      | W zakresie wiedzy Student zna i rozumie zagadnienia związane ze szkołą jako instytucją wychowawczą, zorientowaną na różnorodne cele, w tym związane z wspieraniem potencjalności twórczej, poprzez tworzenie odpowiedniego klimatu czy dobór zróżnicowanych metod wspierania aktywności heurystycznej.   | KN3_W01                            | 3                              |  |  |  |  |

| Code | Category                             | Name (description)  |  |
|------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| a01  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided  |  |
| b02  | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up  |  |
| b07  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon                          |  |
| c02  | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.  |  |
| c07  | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |  |
| e03  | Practical methods                    | Creation/production – creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production  |  |
| e04  | Practical methods                    | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project |  |
| f02  | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |  |
| f03  | Methods of self-learning             | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |  |



| 10. Forn | Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                 |                               |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Co       | ode               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| B20      |                   | lecture           | 10 | course work                                       | PT_W01, PT_W02                  | a01, b02, c02, c07            |
| B21      |                   | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | PT_K01, PT_U01, PT_U02, PT_U03  | b07, c07, e03, e04, f02, f03  |

| TT.   The Studen | nt's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu   | udes in particular:   |                         |
|------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code             | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01              | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | No                      |
| a02              | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | Yes                     |
| a03              | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | No                      |
| a04              | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation  | No                      |
| a05              | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes       |                         |
| b01              | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes   | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | No                      |
| b02              |   |   | Yes                     |
| c01              | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes  Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes  devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.   |   | Yes                     |
| c02              | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes  Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class |   | Yes                     |
| c03              | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion   | Yes                     |

|     |   | a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes         | Yes |
| d02 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade | Yes |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Criminology   |  |  |
| Module code   | ER6   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 5   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Podczas zajęć student zapoznaje się z podstawowymi pojęciami: czyn zabroniony, przestępczość rzeczywista, stwierdzona, ujawniona, wiktymologia, kryminogeneneza, programy diversion, model sprawiedliwości naprawczej. itd. Ponadto poznaje teorie socjologiczne, biologiczne i psychologiczne w genezie przestępczości a także zapoznawany jest z rozmiarami, dynamiką oraz strukturą przestępczości nieletnich w Polsce i w USA. Na zajęciach omawia się też przykładowe badania kryminologiczne prowadzone w Polsce przez pedagogów, socjologów, psychologów oraz prawników. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |
| K01         | jest gotów do wykorzystania zdobytej wiedzy do analizy zdarzeń przestępczych.           | KN3_K01                            | 2                              |  |
| U01         | student potrafi wykorzystywać podstawy wiedzy o kryminologii z elementami wiktymologii. | KN3_U01                            | 2                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U02                            | 3                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U06                            | 2                              |  |
| W01         | student zna i rozumie doktryny kryminologiczne oraz wiktymologiczne.                    | KN3_W02                            | 3                              |  |
| W02         | zna i rozumie etiologię i objawy przestępczości.  | KN3_W01                            | 2                              |  |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code          | Code Category Name (description)     |  |  |  |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |  |
| b01           | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution   |  |  |

|     |                             | to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution  |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|
| b04 | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b07 | Problem-solving methods     | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| c05 | Demonstration methods       | Poster presentation a visual presentation of a problem and its proposed solutions, created by the person teaching the course or by a student on a poster board showing one major element or a collection of several elements in a coherent graphic form  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods       | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d01 | Programmed learning methods | Working with a computer e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices, computer programs and Internet applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out step by step according to the plan laid own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds towards producing the indicated results within the set deadline   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |

| 10. Forms | Forms of teaching |                   |    |             |                                 |                               |
|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Cod       | ode               | Name              |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01        |                   | practical classes | 10 | course work | K01, U01, W01, W02              | b04, b07, c05, c07, d01       |
| 02        |                   | lecture           | 20 | exam        | W01, W02                        | a01, b01, b07, c07, f02       |

| 11. The student's | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |     |
|-------------------|---|--|-----|
| Code              | Category Name (description)   |  |     |
| a01               | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | Yes |
| a02               | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source  | No  |

|     |   | materials to be used in class  |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| a05 | Preparation for classes                                   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | Yes |
| b01 | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No  |
| b03 | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Consulting the schedule getting acquainted with the class schedule, possibly in the presence of the year tutor, in order to optimize participation in classes, including those supplementary to the core subjects listed in the pursued study programme  | Yes |
| c02 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No  |
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | Yes |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information   | General information about the module   |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Module name  | Cultural anthropology  |  |  |
| Module code  | A5   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS cre   | dits 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction  | Polish   |  |  |
| Purpose and description content of education                             | The aim is obtaining by the students basic knowledge in the field of cultural anthropology, competence of using it in the description of social phenomena and developing competences in performing the social functions in the conditions of cultural difference. The content of the education includes: locating the subdiscipline in the structure of the humanities and social sciences, the historical context of the emergence of the subdiscipline, knowledge of the main theoretical trends existing within cultural anthropology, knowledge of the main representatives of the subdiscipline, knowledge of terms allowing for the description of phenomena that are the subject of cultural anthropology research. |  |  |
| List of modules that mus completed before starting module (if necessary) |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| Ps_A1_AK    | Understanding cultural differences and the resulting needs to adapt the process of education, rehabilitation and assistance work to the specific cultural identity of the recipient (student, client in the care system)   | KN3_K01                            | 5                              |  |  |
| PS_A1_AK1   | Knowledge of the location of cultural anthropology in the structure of the humanities and social sciences, knowledge of the basic theoretical directions operating within cultural anthropology and their representatives, knowledge of basic anthropological concepts, knowledge of the axiological foundations of research carried out within the subdiscipline. | KN3_W01<br>KN3_W02                 | 2<br>3                         |  |  |
| PS_A1_AK2   | Ability to use elements of theory and concepts of cultural anthropology in the description of socio-cultural phenomena   | KN3_U01<br>KN3_U02<br>KN3_U17      | 5<br>5<br>3                    |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes |          |  |  |  |  |
|-----|-------------------------------|----------|--|--|--|--|
|     | Code                          | Category | Name (description)   |  |  |  |
| a01 |                               | ,        | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |  |  |

| a05 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
|-----|--------------------------------------|--|
| b04 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method — discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b07 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| c07 | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |

| 10. | Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                   |                               |  |  |  |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
|     | Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module   | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |  |
| 01  |                   | practical classes | 10 |   | PS_A1_AK1, PS_A1_AK2,<br>Ps_A1_AK | a05, b04, b07                 |  |  |  |
| 02  |                   | lecture           | 10 | course work                                       | PS_A1_AK1, PS_A1_AK2              | a01, c07, f02                 |  |  |  |

| 11. The student's | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code              | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| a01               | Preparation for classes  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No                      |  |  |
| a02               | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |  |  |
| b01               | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                        | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |  |  |
| c03               |  | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion  | No                      |  |  |



| a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory |  |
|---|--|
| phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course                       |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Culture and art in education   |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER7  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the classes is to familiarize students with the concept of culture and art, with particular emphasis on their application in educational processes at all levels of education. The classes address the issues of the theory of creative resocialization as an example of destigmatizing influences; |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| R_KiS_K1.   | In terms of social competences, the graduate is ready to: use the acquired knowledge to analyze pedagogical events.    | KN3_K01                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_K03                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_K05                            | 3                              |  |  |
| R_KiS_U1.   | The student is able to apply knowledge of culture and art in educational practice.                                     | KN3_U01                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U02                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U17                            | 3                              |  |  |
| R_KiS_W1.   | The student knows and understands philosophical and social trends/concepts showing the essence, value and role of      | KN3_W01                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             | culture and art in a pedagogical perspective   | KN3_W05                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_W08                            | 1                              |  |  |
| R_KiS_W2.   | The student knows the basic terminology in the field of culture and art, as well as the socio-educational functions of | KN3 W01                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             | individual fields of art.  | KN3_W02                            | 2                              |  |  |

| Code | Category                    | Name (description)   |
|------|-----------------------------|--|
| b04  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b05  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – seminar / proseminar a seminar method; usually an oral presentation of a previously studied/diagnosed problem delivered on a forum; it aims at provoking a discussion concerning the results of research work; a type of conference, course or training session modelled on seminar classes  |
| b08  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| b09  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |
| c02  | Demonstration methods       | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |
| c03  | Demonstration methods       | Audio playback / audio drama preparation and reproduction of sound material (audio recording) in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as a method of sound perception, including the appreciation of a musical piece, an artistic audio drama, an oral presentation of an artistic or scientific text as well as a media text; analysis of the sound material recorded on a carrier with a view to studying a sound-related phenomenon  |
| c07  | Demonstration methods       | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d02  | Programmed learning methods | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |
| f01  | Methods of self-learning    | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02  | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text  |



|  | searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied |
|--|---|
|  | issue   |

| 1 | 0. Forms of teacl | Forms of teaching |    |  |                                 |  |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|----|--|---------------------------------|--|
|   | Code              | Name              |    |  | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                    |
| E | R7 ćwiczenia      | practical classes | 20 |  |                                 | b04, b05, b08, b09, c02, c03, c07, d02, f01, f02 |

| 11.   The studen | nt's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu     | udes in particular:  |                         |
|------------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code             | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01              | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | Yes                     |
| a02              | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a05              | Preparation for classes                                   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | Yes                     |
| b01              | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| b02              | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Verification / adjustment / discussion of syllabus provisions consulting the content of the syllabus, possibly in the presence of the year tutor or members of the class group, and, if necessary, reassessing the provisions concerning special conditions for class participation, e.g., space and time requirements, technical and other requirements, including conditions for participation in classes outside the walls of the university, classes organized in blocks, organized online, etc. | No                      |
| c02              | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | No                      |
| c03              | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | No                      |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7.          | General information about the module                                      |  |
|-------------|---|--|
| Module name |   | Culture pedagogy   |
| Mo          | dule code   | ET13   |
| Nur         | nber of the ECTS credits  | 2  |
| Lar         | guage of instruction  |  |
|             | pose and description of the tent of education                             | The aim of the module is to introduce students to the tradition of pedagogy of culture (humanistic pedagogy) and to strategies for life-giving navigation through the symbolic resources of culture.  The content includes issues regarding the concept and scope of cultural pedagogy, the pedagogical potential of culture, pedagogical reading strategies, creativity in education, the educational context of mass culture, and digital culture. |
| con         | of modules that must be appleted before starting this dule (if necessary) | not applicable   |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |
| K.1.        | The student is ready for self-reflection on professional development in the field of cultural participation. | KN3_K08                            | 3                              |  |
|             |  | KN3_U16                            | 3                              |  |
| W.1.        |  | KN3_W01                            | 4                              |  |
|             | therapeutic interactions.  | KN3_W14                            | 1                              |  |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |   |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)  |  |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided  |  |
| b01           | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution                    |  |
| b04           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and |  |

|     |                          | turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem  |
|-----|--------------------------|---|
| b09 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |

| 10. Forms of teac | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| 01.               | lecture           | 10 | exam  | K.1., W.1.                      | a01, b01, f01, f02            |  |
| 02.               | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | K.1., W.1.                      | b04, b09, c07, f01, f02, f03  |  |

| 11. The stude | ent's work, apart from participation in clas | ses, includes in particular:   |                         |
|---------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Code          | Category                                     | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01           | Preparation for classes                      | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No                      |
| a02           | Preparation for classes                      | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a03           | Preparation for classes                      | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent  | No                      |

|     |   | elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| a05 | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | Yes |
| c02 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No  |
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes |
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | ne module  |
|---|--|
| Module name   | Developmental psychology   |
| Module code   | B7   |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 5  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The "Developmental Psychology" module aims to explain the specificity of developmental psychology as a branch of psychology. Another goal is to outline the current state of knowledge about human development throughout the lifespan. The third goal is to discuss selected research problems undertaken within developmental psychology and the most important scientific concepts developed within it. |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| K01         | W zakresie kompetencji absolwent jest gotów do ciągłego doskonalenia swojej wiedzy merytorycznej  | KN3_K08                            | 2                              |
| U01         | W zakresie umiejętności absolwent potrafi obserwować procesy rozwojowe uczniów  | KN3_U01                            | 4                              |
|             |   | KN3_U05                            | 4                              |
|             |   | KN3_U06                            | 5                              |
| U02         | W zakresie umiejętności absolwent potrafi rozpoznawać potrzeby psychospołecznego wsparcia ucznia oraz   | KN3_U01                            | 4                              |
|             | identyfikować jego potrzeby w rozwoju uzdolnień i zainteresowań   | KN3_U04                            | 5                              |
| W01         | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie proces rozwoju ucznia w okresie dzieciństwa, adolescencji i wczesnej dorosłości: rozwój fizyczny, motoryczny, psychoseksualny, rozwój procesów poznawczych (myślenia, mowy, spostrzegania, uwagi, pamięci), rozwój społeczno-emocjonalny i moralny; zmiany fizyczne i psychiczne w okresie dojrzewania; normę rozwojową i rozwój w kontekście wychowania; dysharmonie i zaburzenia rozwojowe uczniów; zaburzenia zachowania oraz zagadnienia nieśmiałości i nadpobudliwości | KN3_W02                            | 4                              |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes |                                |  |  |  |
|-----|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
|     | Code                          | de Category Name (description) |  |  |  |
| a01 |                               |                                | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a |  |  |

|     |                                      | passive reception of the information provided  |
|-----|--------------------------------------|--|
| a05 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
| b04 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| c02 | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |
| c07 | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |                               |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Code               | Name              |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| 01                 | lecture           | 20 | course work | W01                             | a01                           |  |
| 02                 | practical classes | 10 | course work | K01, U01, U02, W01              | a05, b04, c02, c07            |  |

| 11. The student' | s work, apart from participation in classes, incl         | udes in particular:  |                         |
|------------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code             | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02              | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| b01              | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| c02              | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes                     |
| c03              | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes                     |
| d01              | Consulting the results of the verification of             | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the   | Yes                     |



| learning outcomes | verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes |  |
|-------------------|---|--|
|-------------------|---|--|



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | Seneral information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Education and therapy through art   |  |  |
| Module code   | ET9   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The subject aims to introduce the student to the subject of education and therapy through art at various stages of education. The content includes an introduction to the issues of aesthetic education and art therapy, as well as art therapy methods and the possibilities of their application in the practice of an educational therapist. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K1          | In terms of social competences, the graduate is ready to use the acquired knowledge to analyze pedagogical events.   | KN3_K04                            | 2                              |  |  |
| U1          | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to analyze the psychological and pedagogical aspects of corrective pedagogy and therapeutic interactions in work using art; analyze the basics of neuropsychology; define psychological conditions of cognitive processes and speech therapy aspects of specific difficulties in learning.  | KN3_U04<br>KN3_U06<br>KN3_U07      | 2<br>2<br>3                    |  |  |
| W1          | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands the basics of corrective pedagogy in work using art; concept, goals, tasks, principles, object and subject impacts of corrective pedagogy, principles of correction and compensation as impacts therapeutic work using art for children at risk of specific learning difficulties and students with specific learning difficulties; common and specific learning difficulties, clinical and psychological picture a student with specific learning difficulties; student place with specific learning difficulties in the Polish education system (especially in the field of work using art); teachers' attitudes towards students with specific learning difficulties.  Additionally, in terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands the psychological and pedagogical aspects of corrective pedagogy and interactions therapeutic in work using art; basics of neuropsychology; psychological conditions of cognitive processes. | KN3_W05<br>KN3_W08<br>KN3_W12      | 2<br>3<br>3                    |  |  |
| W2          | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands the methodology of corrective and compensatory classes at work using art; methodological aspects of cooperation with parents, guardians, teachers and specialists; therapy methods in learning to read, writing; selected diagnostic tools for pedagogical diagnosis in work using art carried out in  | KN3_W11<br>KN3_W12                 | 4 4                            |  |  |

kindergarten, school, psychological and counseling center-pedagogical or other care and educational facility; therapeutic methods related to art used in working with a child at risk of specific learning difficulties and with a student with specific learning difficulties; principles of providing support to students, parents, guardians and teachers working with children at risk of specific learning difficulties and students with specific learning difficulties.

| 9. Methods o | f conducting classes                 |  |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Code         | Category                             | Name (description)   |
| a01          | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |
| b04          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b06          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme  |
| c01          | Demonstration methods                | Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue   |
| c02          | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |
| c07          | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| c08          | Demonstration methods                | Value-based methods – affective methods methods of participating in exhibited moral, social, aesthetic and scientific values; activities evoking genuine emotional reactions to works/objects/actions; a method which activates an emotional response to the presented content, intensifies attention, depth of experience and a reflection on values  |
| c09          | Demonstration methods                | Value-based methods – expressive methods methods of accessing value-related knowledge, experiencing values in emotion-laden activities; creating situations enabling the creation or reproduction of values as a way of self-expression combined with experiencing values (individually or in a group); actions, most often creative, involving an expressive and suggestive way of expressing emotions  |
| e03          | Practical methods                    | Creation/production – creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/  |



|     |          | peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production  |
|-----|----------|--|
| f03 | <b>3</b> | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work |

| 10. Form | ns of teach | ing               |    |   |                                 |                               |
|----------|-------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Co       | ode         | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01       |             | lecture           | 10 | course work                                       | W1, W2                          | a01, c01, c02, c07            |
| 02       |             | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | K1, U1                          | b04, b06, c08, c09, e03, f03  |

| 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |  |                         |
|--|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code   | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01  | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                               | No                      |
| a02  | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a03  | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | Yes                     |
| a05  | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes        |                         |
| c01  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes  Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of lear outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activiting implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc. |  | No                      |
| c03  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course       | Yes                     |
| d01  | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes   | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Family pedagogy   |  |  |
| Module code   | B15   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the education is to learn about family pedagogy as a pedagogical subdiscipline and its place in the circle of family sciences. The educational content includes knowledge of the functioning of the family as an educational environment and its role in the environmental education system. As part of the course, students acquire the ability to analyze phenomena occurring in the family based on the acquired theoretical knowledge, which at the same time allows them to develop an attitude of openness towards families in difficult situations and activity in taking professional actions towards families |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learr | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code     | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K1       | Student understands the need for continuous education in order to optimize and increase the effectiveness of         | KN3_K03                            | 2                              |  |  |
|          | educational and professional activities focused on the family  | KN3_K04                            | 2                              |  |  |
|          |  | KN3_K05                            | 3                              |  |  |
| U1       | Student has the ability to independently analyze tasks and difficulties related to the functioning of the family     | KN3_U05                            | 2                              |  |  |
|          |  | KN3_U06                            | 3                              |  |  |
| U2       | Student is able to diagnose problems and analyze phenomena occurring in the family based on the acquired theoretical | KN3_U05                            | 3                              |  |  |
|          | knowledge  | KN3_U06                            | 3                              |  |  |
| W1       | Student has structured knowledge of family theory providing a basis for understanding aspects of its functioning     | KN3_W01                            | 3                              |  |  |
|          |  | KN3_W02                            | 3                              |  |  |
| W2       | Student knows selected typologies of families, family functions and parental attitudes                               | KN3_W01                            | 4                              |  |  |
| W3       | Student has knowledge about the transformations taking place in modern families in relation to parental roles.       | KN3_W02                            | 2                              |  |  |
|          |  | KN3_W03                            | 2                              |  |  |

| Student has knowledge about the family as an educational environment and its role in the global and environmental education system.   | KN3_W01 | 2 |
|---|---------|---|
| Student understands the essence of external and internal family dysfunction, their causes and consequences, and the need to look for solutions to improve the functioning of families | KN3_W03 | 2 |

| 9. Methods of | conducting classes                   |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |
| a03           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |
| a05           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
| b01           | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution   |
| b02           | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |
| b07           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| b08           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| b09           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |
| b10           | Problem-solving methods              | SWOT analysis a method of analyzing a phenomenon/action/work of an institution, employed to organize information and solve problems; applied in strategic planning, project implementation or solving a business or organizational problem; a universal tool to be used in the initial stage of a strategic analysis which involves sorting information about a problem into four categories: strengths and weaknesses, opportunities and threats; SWOT analysis makes it possible to determine the factors in favour of a project and its chances for success, as well as eliminating or reducing negative factors and threats to the project at the stage of early diagnosis |

| c01 | Demonstration methods    | Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue  |
|-----|--------------------------|---|
| c02 | Demonstration methods    | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.  |
| c03 | Demonstration methods    | Audio playback / audio drama preparation and reproduction of sound material (audio recording) in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as a method of sound perception, including the appreciation of a musical piece, an artistic audio drama, an oral presentation of an artistic or scientific text as well as a media text; analysis of the sound material recorded on a carrier with a view to studying a sound-related phenomenon |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |
| c08 | Demonstration methods    | Value-based methods – affective methods methods of participating in exhibited moral, social, aesthetic and scientific values; activities evoking genuine emotional reactions to works/objects/actions; a method which activates an emotional response to the presented content, intensifies attention, depth of experience and a reflection on values   |
| c09 | Demonstration methods    | Value-based methods – expressive methods methods of accessing value-related knowledge, experiencing values in emotion-laden activities; creating situations enabling the creation or reproduction of values as a way of self-expression combined with experiencing values (individually or in a group); actions, most often creative, involving an expressive and suggestive way of expressing emotions   |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |



| 10. Forms of teacl | orms of teaching  |    |   |                                 |   |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                                   |  |  |
| Ć1                 | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | K1, U1, U2, W1, W2, W3, W4, W5  | a05, b07, b08, b09, b10, c02, c03, c07, c08, c09, f01, f02, f03 |  |  |
| W 1                | lecture           | 10 | course work                                       |                                 | a01, a03, a05, b01, b02, c01, c03, f01                          |  |  |

| 11. The studen | nt's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu           | ides in particular:   |                         |
|----------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes  | Yes                     |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | Yes                     |
| a05            | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes   | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.   | Yes                     |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class  | Yes                     |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | Yes                     |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes  | Yes                     |
| d02            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade  | Yes                     |
| e01            | Activities complementary to the classes                         | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also | Yes                     |



|  | activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education |  |
|--|--|--|
|--|--|--|



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | First aid  |  |  |
| Module code   | F41  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module aims to deepen the student's knowledge of first aid and to prepare the student to provide first aid in a life-threatening condition. All learning outcomes assumed in the module are planned to be achieved during exercises as well as the student's work, including studying the literature on the subject and the required issues. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8.  | Learning o | earning outcomes of the module                             |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|-----|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
|     | Code       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| U02 |            | Absolwent potrafi udzielać pierwszej pomocy                | KN3_U14                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
| W0  | 1          | Absolwent zna i rozumie zasady udzielania pierwszej pomocy | KN3_W15                            | 5                              |  |  |  |

| 9. Methods of c | Methods of conducting classes        |   |  |  |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Code            | Category                             | Name (description)  |  |  |
| a03             | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison   |  |  |
| a05             | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course  |  |  |
| b06             | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme |  |  |

| b07 | Problem-solving methods     | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|
| c01 | Demonstration methods       | Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue   |
| c06 | Demonstration methods       | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours                             |
| d03 | Programmed learning methods | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |
| e06 | Practical methods           | Observation also conducted as fieldwork; a method of watching phenomena, objects or people in a systematic/planned way in order to gain knowledge about them; perceptual separation of elements of a model action as an element of learning through imitation; a complex system of cognition based on sensory experiences  |
| e07 | Practical methods           | Simulation an indirect method; imitating reality in order to gain experience approximating a real one; recreating a real-world situation so that its participant can acquire an experience close to the authentic one; work on "replacement" material  |

| 10 | . Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |   |  |  |
|----|------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|---|--|--|
|    | Code             | Name              |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes               |  |  |
| 01 |                  | practical classes | 10 | course work | 1                               | a03, a05, b06, b07, c01, c06, d03, e06, e07 |  |  |

| 11. The student's | work, apart from participation in classes, incl | udes in particular:   |                         |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code              | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01               | Preparation for classes                         | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | Yes                     |
| a02               | Preparation for classes                         | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |
| a03               | Preparation for classes                         | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | Yes                     |
| a04               | Preparation for classes                         | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation  | No                      |

| c02 |                   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes |
|-----|-------------------|--|-----|
| d01 | learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Foreign language course 1  |  |  |
| Module code   | LJO-NS-2025-01   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module aims to develop communicative language competences and to stimulate the acquisition of skills in oral and written language reception and production as well as in language interaction and mediation, taking into account different varieties and registers of the foreign language and the necessary language strategies. The module develops the ability to learn, to independently search for and select information and sources of knowledge, and to work in a team. The main emphasis is placed on strengthening the skills of effective communication with others and the fluent use of foreign language in social, educational or professional contacts in accordance with the criteria laid out in the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR). |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning                           | outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |
| LJO1_1                                | Can, following the teacher's instructions, use his/her general knowledge in order to develop and practice the listening, reading, writing and speaking skills in a foreign language, can formulate clearly and correctly, moderately complex oral and written texts on various topics, effectively and properly using the relevant vocabulary and rules for the organization of statements, in accordance in accordance with the criteria laid out in the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR). | KJ.2023_U                          | 2                              |  |
| LJO1_2                                | Can search, collect and make use of general information contained in foreign texts of various levels of difficulty, can present their opinions using correct language constructions.   | KJ.2023_U                          | 2                              |  |
| LJO1_3                                | Can, following general instructions, properly select sources and general information needed to learn a foreign language.   | KJ.2023_U                          | 2                              |  |

| 9.  | Methods of co | lethods of conducting classes |  |  |
|-----|---------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
|     | Code          | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |
| a03 |               |                               | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object |  |

|     |                                      | or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---|
| a05 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course  |
| b06 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme |
| c02 | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.  |
| c03 | Demonstration methods                | Audio playback / audio drama preparation and reproduction of sound material (audio recording) in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as a method of sound perception, including the appreciation of a musical piece, an artistic audio drama, an oral presentation of an artistic or scientific text as well as a media text; analysis of the sound material recorded on a carrier with a view to studying a sound-related phenomenon         |
| c06 | Demonstration methods                | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |
| d02 | Programmed learning methods          | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.   |
| d03 | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools   |
| d04 | Programmed learning methods          | Reconstruction / reproduction proceeding according to the indicated/displayed pattern/model; e.g., the reconstruction of a structure, model, image, etc.  |
| e07 | Practical methods                    | Simulation an indirect method; imitating reality in order to gain experience approximating a real one; recreating a real-world situation so that its participant can acquire an experience close to the authentic one; work on "replacement" material   |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text   |



|  | searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied |
|--|---|
|  | issue   |

| 10. Forms of teacl | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |   |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                                   |
| LJO1_lekt          | language classes  | 20 | course work                                       | · _ · _                         | a03, a05, b06, c02, c03, c06, c07, d02, d03, d04, e07, f01, f02 |

| 11. The studen | nt's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu           | Jues III particular.   |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a03            | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | No                      |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |
| d02            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade                                   | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7.  | General information about the module                                      |  |
|-----|---|--|
| Мо  | dule name   | Foreign language course 2  |
| Mod | dule code   | LJO-NS-2025-02   |
| Nur | nber of the ECTS credits  | 3  |
| Lan | guage of instruction  |  |
|     | pose and description of the tent of education                             | The module aims to develop communicative language competences and to stimulate the acquisition of skills in oral and written language reception and production as well as in language interaction and mediation, taking into account different varieties and registers of the foreign language and the necessary language strategies. The module develops the ability to learn, to independently search for and select information and sources of knowledge, and to work in a team. The main emphasis is placed on strengthening the skills of effective communication with others and the fluent use of foreign language in social, educational or professional contacts in accordance with the criteria laid out in the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR). |
| con | of modules that must be inpleted before starting this dule (if necessary) | not applicable   |

| 8. I | Learning o | earning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                      |  |
|------|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|      | Code       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of<br>competent<br>(scale 1-5) |  |
| LJO2 | _          | Can effectively use the possessed detailed knowledge in order to develop and practice the listening, reading, writing and speaking skills in a foreign language, can formulate clear and correct more complex oral and written texts on various topics, effectively and properly using the relevant vocabulary, rules of text organization, in accordance in accordance with the criteria laid out in the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR). | KJ.2023_U                          | 2                                    |  |
| LJO2 |            | Can search, analyse, evaluate and make use of specific information contained in foreign texts of more complex difficulty on topics specified in the module syllabus.   | KJ.2023_U                          | 2                                    |  |
| LJO2 |            | Can, to some extent independently, select the appropriate sources, specific information and tools for learning a foreign language and formulate his/her own opinions in a foreign language.  | KJ.2023_U                          | 2                                    |  |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes |               |  |
|-----|-------------------------------|---------------|--|
|     | Code                          | Category      | Name (description)   |
| a03 |                               | ,, ,, ,, ,, , | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object |

|     |                                      | or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |  |  |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| a05 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course  |  |  |
| b06 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme |  |  |
| c02 | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.  |  |  |
| c03 | Demonstration methods                | Audio playback / audio drama preparation and reproduction of sound material (audio recording) in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as a method of sound perception, including the appreciation of a musical piece, an artistic audio drama, an oral presentation of an artistic or scientific text as well as a me text; analysis of the sound material recorded on a carrier with a view to studying a sound-related phenomenon            |  |  |
| c06 | Demonstration methods                | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the righ habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours   |  |  |
| d02 | Programmed learning methods          | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.   |  |  |
| d03 | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools   |  |  |
| d04 | Programmed learning methods          | Reconstruction / reproduction proceeding according to the indicated/displayed pattern/model; e.g., the reconstruction of a structure, model, image, etc.  |  |  |
| e07 | Practical methods                    | Simulation an indirect method; imitating reality in order to gain experience approximating a real one; recreating a real-world situation so that its participant can acquire an experience close to the authentic one; work on "replacement" material   |  |  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |  |  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |  |  |



| 10. | Forms of teaching |                  |    |             |                                 |   |
|-----|-------------------|------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|---|
|     | Code              | Name             |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                                 |
| LJC | 02_lekt           | language classes | 20 | course work | · _ · _                         | a03, a05, b06, c02, c03, c06,<br>d02, d03, d04, e07, f01, f02 |

| 11. The studen | t's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu            | udes in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                                       | No                      |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a03            | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)          | No                      |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.          | Yes                     |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes         | Yes                     |
| d02            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Foreign language course 3  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | LJO-NS-2025-03   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module aims to develop communicative language competences and to stimulate the acquisition of skills in oral and written language reception and production as well as in language interaction and mediation, taking into account different varieties and registers of the foreign language and the necessary language strategies. The module develops the ability to learn, to independently search for and select information and sources of knowledge, and to work in a team. The main emphasis is placed on strengthening the skills of effective communication with others and the fluent use of foreign language in social, educational or professional contacts in accordance with the criteria laid out in the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR). |  |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |           |   |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description Learning outcomes programme  |           |   |  |  |  |  |
| LJO3_1      | Can independently use the acquired knowledge in order to develop and practice listening comprehension, reading, writing and speaking skills in a foreign language at an appropriate level.   | KJ.2023_U | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| LJO3_2      | Can effectively search, select, synthesize and use information contained in foreign texts of varying levels of difficulty on topics specified in the syllabus of the module.   | KJ.2023_U | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| LJO3_3      | Can communicate in a foreign language in speech and writing, producing texts on the topics specified in the module syllabus using various communication channels and techniques, can participate in a debate, present his/her own and other people's positions and discuss them in a foreign language. | KJ.2023_U | 3 |  |  |  |  |

| 9. Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes |   |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Code             | Category                      | Name (description)  |  |  |
| a03              |                               | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison |  |  |

| a05 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course  |  |
|-----|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| b06 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme |  |
| c02 | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.  |  |
| c03 | Demonstration methods                | Audio playback / audio drama preparation and reproduction of sound material (audio recording) in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as a method of sound perception, including the appreciation of a musical piece, an artistic audio drama, an oral presentation of an artistic or scientific text as well as a media text; analysis of the sound material recorded on a carrier with a view to studying a sound-related phenomenon         |  |
| c06 | Demonstration methods                | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours  |  |
| d02 | Programmed learning methods          | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.   |  |
| d03 | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools   |  |
| d04 | Programmed learning methods          | Reconstruction / reproduction proceeding according to the indicated/displayed pattern/model; e.g., the reconstruction of a structure, model, image, etc.  |  |
| e07 | Practical methods                    | Simulation an indirect method; imitating reality in order to gain experience approximating a real one; recreating a real-world situation so that its participant can acquire an experience close to the authentic one; work on "replacement" material   |  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |  |

| 10 | ). Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|    | Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| L  | IO3_lekt          | language classes  | 20 | course work                                       | LJO3_1, LJO3_2, LJO3_3          | a03, a05, b06, c02, c03, c06, |



|  |  | d02, d03, d04, e07, f01, f02 |
|--|--|------------------------------|
|  |  |                              |

| 11. The studen | t's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu            | udes in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a03            | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | No                      |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |
| d02            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade                                   | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about tl   | . General information about the module   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Foreign language course 4  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | LJO-NS-2025-04   |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module aims to develop communicative language competences and to stimulate the acquisition of skills in oral and written language reception and production as well as in language interaction and mediation, taking into account different varieties and registers of the foreign language and the necessary language strategies. The module develops the ability to learn, to independently search for and select information and sources of knowledge, and to work in a team. The main emphasis is placed on strengthening the skills of effective communication with others and the fluent use of foreign language in social, educational or professional contacts in accordance with the criteria laid out in the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR). |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | earning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| LJO4_1      | Can effectively formulate complex problems in a foreign language, including those related to the field of study in order to practice listening, reading, writing and speaking skills in a foreign language.   | KJ.2023_U                          | 3                              |  |  |  |
| LJO4_2      | Can independently search, analyze, evaluate, select, synthesize and use general and specific information contained in foreign texts of varying complexity.  | KJ.2023_U                          | 3                              |  |  |  |
| LJO4_3      | Has the ability to understand, reproduce and create various types of written and oral texts that require advanced systemic knowledge of a foreign language, including specialist knowledge, using grammatical structures and vocabulary, specified in the syllabus of the module. Can use a foreign language at B2 level or higher (or lower, as specified in the syllabus, depending on the language and the level of the group chosen by a student who already has proof of his/her competence in one foreign language at B2 level) in accordance with the Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR) ) using various communication channels and techniques to the extent appropriate for a given area of knowledge. | KJ.2023_U                          | ß                              |  |  |  |

| Code | Category                             | Name (description)  |  |
|------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
|      |                                      | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison   |  |
| a05  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course  |  |
| b06  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their rol an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speet the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events media by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme |  |
| c02  | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.  |  |
| c03  | Demonstration methods                | Audio playback / audio drama preparation and reproduction of sound material (audio recording) in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as a method of sound perception, including appreciation of a musical piece, an artistic audio drama, an oral presentation of an artistic or scientific text as well at text; analysis of the sound material recorded on a carrier with a view to studying a sound-related phenomenon               |  |
| c06  | Demonstration methods                | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours  |  |
| d02  | Programmed learning methods          | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.   |  |
| d03  | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools   |  |
| d04  | Programmed learning methods          | Reconstruction / reproduction proceeding according to the indicated/displayed pattern/model; e.g., the reconstruction of a structure, model, image, etc.  |  |
| e07  | Practical methods                    | Simulation an indirect method; imitating reality in order to gain experience approximating a real one; recreating a real-world situation so that its participant can acquire an experience close to the authentic one; work on "replacement" material   |  |
| f01  | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |  |
| f02  | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text   |  |



|  | searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied |
|--|---|
|  | issue   |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                              |  |
| LJO4_lekt          | language classes  | 20 | course work                                       |                                 | a03, a05, b06, c02, c03, c06, d02, d03, d04, e07, f01, f02 |  |

| 11. The studen | nt's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu           | Jues III particular.   |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a03            | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | No                      |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |
| d02            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade                                   | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | General didactics   |  |  |
| Module code   | B17   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The subject of general didactics focuses on creating intentional conditions for learning in situations in which a teacher or, more broadly, someone performing an educational function, is involved. The classes discuss content regarding general didactics as a discipline, the curriculum, including the school's hidden curriculum, teaching principles, general and operational goals, teaching methods, evaluation of the educational process, as well as motivating students to learn and maintaining order in the classroom. During the classes, students' skills related to planning, implementing and evaluating the educational process are developed, including self-education. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learnin | Learning outcomes of the module  |   |                                |  |  |
|------------|--|---|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme                  | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K1         | The student is ready to cooperate with teachers and other significant people in order to improve his/her own work skills.  | KN3_K06<br>KN3_K07                                  | 5<br>5                         |  |  |
| U1         | The student is able to design basic teaching and educational activities, taking into account all elements of the educational process, and then conduct classes in a simulated situation, in accordance with the syntax of a given teaching method.   | KN3_U04<br>KN3_U05<br>KN3_U07<br>KN3_U10<br>KN3_U11 | 5<br>5<br>5<br>5               |  |  |
| W1         | The student knows and understands:  - the specificity of general didactics as a subdiscipline of pedagogy, its place and importance among other social sciences, the multiplicity of general didactics paradigms and the consequences of choosing a given paradigm in one's own professional work;  - basic concepts, including: education, learning (teaching and learning), self-education | KN3_W01<br>KN3_W02                                  | 5<br>5                         |  |  |
| W2         | The student knows and understands the process of planning teaching and educational work: goals, forms, means, methods and principles of teaching, as well as various patterns of the curriculum, including the issue of the school's   | KN3_W11   | 5                              |  |  |



|    | hidden curriculum.  | KN3_W12            | 5      |
|----|---|--------------------|--------|
| W3 | The student knows and understands: - the importance of preparing students for self-education, work on their own development and active participation in the labor market, the importance of lifelong learning; - methods and techniques of self-education, as well as the conditions of this process. | KN3_W02<br>KN3_W14 | 5<br>5 |

| Code | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| a03  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |  |
| a05  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of step specified by the person teaching the course  |  |
| b02  | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |  |
| b03  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games – involving a simulation of real situations; decision games – based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games – increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes  |  |
| b04  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |
| e07  | Practical methods                    | Simulation an indirect method; imitating reality in order to gain experience approximating a real one; recreating a real-world situation so that its participant can acquire an experience close to the authentic one; work on "replacement" material  |  |



| 10. | Forms of teaching |                   |    |             |                                 |                               |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code              | Name              |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| DO  | _Ćw.              | practical classes | 10 | course work | K1, U1, W2, W3                  | b03, b04, e07                 |
| DO  | _W                | lecture           | 10 | exam        | U1, W1, W2, W3                  | a03, a05, b02                 |

| 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |  |                         |
|--|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code   | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01  | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |
| a05  | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | Yes                     |
| c01  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |
| c03  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | No                      |
| d01  | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |
| d02  | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade                                   | Yes                     |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module   |  |
|---|--|--|
| Module name   | History of upbringing  |  |
| Module code   | B16  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The subject deals with the development of pedagogical thought and education over the centuries, with views on upbringing and determines their philosophical and historical conditions, consequences, and references to the present day. It also shows the historical conditions for the creation and functioning of various educational environments as well as the views and proposals for pedagogical activities for educational environments developed throughout history. It launches comparative strategies toward historical and contemporary trends, emphasizing the critical analysis of views and pedagogical activities, respecting the historical context (based on source material). |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |
| B.2.K3.     | Absolwent/ka dysponuje gotowością do samodzielnego pogłębiania historycznej wiedzy pedagogicznej.  | KN3_K08                            | 5                              |  |
| B.2.U2.     | Absolwent/ka potrafi rozpoznawać i identyfikować historyczne style i nurty wychowania w praktyce edukacyjnej i w działaniach opiekuńczo-wychowawczych.   | KN3_U16                            | 3                              |  |
| B.2.W2.     | Absolwent/ka zna i rozumie historyczne przemiany podstawowych teorii pedagogicznych, w tym nurtów i kierunków, oraz kształtowanie się na przestrzeni dziejów kontekstów normatywnych, personalistycznych i społecznych, autorytarnych i nieautorytarnych, emancypacyjnych i krytyczności w pedagogice. | KN3_W01<br>KN3_W02<br>KN3_W03      | 3<br>3<br>3                    |  |
| B.2.W3.     | Absolwent/ka zna i rozumie historyczne uwarunkowania edukacji, miejsc powstawania relacji edukacyjnych, kultury, ideologii, zagadnień ekonomii w kontekście edukacji, i ich powiązanie ze zmianami i wyzwaniami edukacyjnymi XXI wieku.  | KN3_W01<br>KN3_W02<br>KN3_W03      | 3<br>3<br>3                    |  |

| 9.  | Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |
|-----|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
|     | Code          | Category                             | Name (description)                     |  |
| a01 |               | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture |  |

|     |                                      | a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided  |
|-----|--------------------------------------|--|
| a03 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |
| a05 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
| b04 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b05 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – seminar / proseminar a seminar method; usually an oral presentation of a previously studied/diagnosed problem delivered on a forum; it aims at provoking a discussion concerning the results of research work; a type of conference, course or training session modelled on seminar classes  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d02 | Programmed learning methods          | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |



| 10. Forms of teac | orms of teaching  |    |   |                                       |                               |
|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module       | Methods of conducting classes |
| O_H_fs_1          | lecture           | 10 | exam  | B.2.K3., B.2.U2., B.2.W2.,<br>B.2.W3. | a01, c07                      |
| O_H_fs_2          | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | B.2.K3., B.2.U2., B.2.W2.,<br>B.2.W3. | a03, a05, b04, b05, d02, f02  |

| 11. The student' | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |
|------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Code             | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01              | Preparation for classes  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No                      |
| a02              | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a04              | Preparation for classes  | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation                                 | No                      |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Information and communication technologies  |  |  |
| Module code   | F42   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The goals and content of education in the field of information and communication technologies include equipping the student with basic knowledge and skills concerning information technology, information processing, application programs, and the Internet, with a focus on using them in teaching career and during studies of a selected pedagogical discipline. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | earning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |
| U01         | The student is able to independently acquire knowledge using modern technologies, focusing on areas related to pedagogical activities and his/her educational needs, as well as create and process texts, prepare presentations, and use network services in teaching and communication.                        | KN3_U16                            | 4                              |  |
| U02         | The student is able to analyse the results of pedagogical research using a spreadsheet, as well present these results via information and communication technology tools.   | KN3_U03                            | 1                              |  |
| W01         | The student knows the basic terminology in the field of information and communication technologies and the can use these technologies' tools in pedagogical work, as well has basic knowledge concerning the usage of software and the Internet in pedagogical activities and tools for indirect communication. | KN3_W14                            | 3                              |  |

| 9.  | Methods of cor | Methods of conducting classes        |   |  |
|-----|----------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
|     | Code           | Category                             | Name (description)  |  |
| a03 |                |                                      | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison |  |
| a05 |                | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification   |  |

|     | explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
|-----|--|
| d01 | Working with a computer e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices, computer programs and Internet applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out step by step according to the plan laid own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds towards producing the indicated results within the set deadline |

| 10. Forms of t | Forms of teaching  |    |   |                                 |                               |  |  |
|----------------|--------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Code           | Name               |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |
| 01             | laboratory classes | 20 | course work                                       | U01, U02, W01                   | a03, a05, d01                 |  |  |

| 11. The student's | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |     |  |
|-------------------|--|---|-----|--|
| Code              | Code Category Name (description)   |   |     |  |
| a03               | Preparation for classes  | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | No  |  |
| a05               | Preparation for classes  | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes       | Yes |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Intellectual property protection   |  |  |
| Module code   | A2   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The intellectual property protection module equips the student with the necessary knowledge regarding the legal and ethical aspects of intellectual property protection and develops the sensitivity necessary to notice and intelligently resolve moral and legal problems related to, among others, professional work. All presented learning outcomes relating to the subject are planned to be achieved through the lecture form of education and the student's work, including familiarization with the obligatory and supplementary literature and recommended legal acts. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module   |         |                                      |
|-------------|--|---------|--------------------------------------|
| Code        | Code Description   |         | Level of<br>competent<br>(scale 1-5) |
| K01         | W zakresie kompetencji społecznych absolwent jest przekonany o wadze zachowania się w sposób profesjonalny, refleksji na tematy etyczne i prawne oraz przestrzegania prawa w zakresie ochrony własności intelektualnej | KN3_K01 | 5                                    |
| U01         | W zakresie umiejętności absolwent dostrzega i formułuje dylematy prawne, moralne i etyczne, związane z ochroną własności intelektualnej oraz potrafi je odnieść do własnych doświadczeń życiowych i zawodowych.        | KN3_U01 | 4                                    |
| W01         | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie zakres pojęć i zasad związanych z ochroną własności intelektualnej i prawa autorskiego   | KN3_W16 | 5                                    |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |  |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |  |  |
| a05           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course                 |  |  |  |
| f02           | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text  |  |  |  |



|   | •  |  | Number of | Assessment of the learning | Learning outcomes of the |     |  |  |
|---|--|--|-----------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-----|--|--|
| 1 | 0. Forms of teaching   |  |           |                            |                          |     |  |  |
|   | searching for and acquiring flew information using textbooks and other whiten sources (including their digital versions), searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studie issue |  |           |                            |                          | , , |  |  |

| 1 | .u.  Forms of teac | Forms of teaching |                 |             |                                 |                               |  |  |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
|   | Code               | Name              | Number of hours | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |
| C | 1                  | lecture           | 5               | course work | K01, U01, W01                   | a01, a05, f02                 |  |  |

| 11. | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |   |                         |
|-----|--|--|---|-------------------------|
|     | Code Category Name (description)   |  |   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| b01 |  |  | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Internship 1   |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | B23  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |  |  |
|   | The intended effects are planned to be achieved thanks to the participation of students (in small laboratory-type groups) together with their supervisor (academic teacher) in the everyday activities of a kindergarten, school, or educational system. The intended form of classes creates optimal conditions for students to become familiar with the specific functioning of various types of educational institutions. |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | rning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K01         | Student jest gotów do skutecznego współdziałania z opiekunem praktyk zawodowych i nauczycielami w celu poszerzania swojej wiedzy.   | KN3_K03<br>KN3 K07                 | 2                              |  |  |
| U01         | Potrafi zaobserwować funkcjonowanie dziecka, ucznia i nauczyciela w życiu przedszkola, szkoły lub placówki systemu oświaty.   | KN3_U02                            | 5                              |  |  |
| U02         | Potrafi dokonać analizy i interpretacji zaobserwowanych lub doświadczonych sytuacji i zdarzeń pedagogicznych;   | KN3_U17                            | 5                              |  |  |
| W01         | Student zna i rozumie specyfikę przedszkola, szkoły lub placówki systemu oświaty, w której jest odbywana praktyka, w szczególności: zadania opiekuńczo-wychowawcze, organizację pracy, zakresy zadań pracowników, uczestników procesów pedagogicznych oraz rodzaj prowadzonej dokumentacji i program realizacji doradztwa zawodowego uwzględniający treści wynikające z przepisów dotyczących doradztwa zawodowego; | KN3_W08<br>KN3_W09<br>KN3_W12      | 5<br>5<br>5                    |  |  |
| W02         | Zna i rozumie zasady zapewniania bezpieczeństwa dzieciom w przedszkolu i uczniom w szkole lub placówce systemu oświaty i poza nimi;   | KN3_W08                            | 5                              |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes |                         |                                  |  |
|-----|-------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
|     | Code                          | Category                | Name (description)               |  |
| b07 |                               | Problem-solving methods | Activating methods: a case study |  |

|     |                       | a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon |
|-----|-----------------------|---|
| c01 | Demonstration methods | Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue  |
| c02 | Demonstration methods | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.                                |

| 10. Forms of teach | 0. Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |                               |  |
|--------------------|----------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Code               | Name                 |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| 01                 | internship           | 30 | course work | K01, U01, U02, W01, W02         | b07, c01, c02                 |  |

| 11. The studen | t's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu            | udes in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a05            | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | Yes                     |
| b02            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Verification / adjustment / discussion of syllabus provisions consulting the content of the syllabus, possibly in the presence of the year tutor or members of the class group, and, if necessary, reassessing the provisions concerning special conditions for class participation, e.g., space and time requirements, technical and other requirements, including conditions for participation in classes outside the walls of the university, classes organized in blocks, organized online, etc. | Yes                     |
| b03            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Consulting the schedule getting acquainted with the class schedule, possibly in the presence of the year tutor, in order to optimize participation in classes, including those supplementary to the core subjects listed in the pursued study programme  | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes                     |
| d03            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Review of internship documentation<br>an analysis of the portfolio of documentation obtained during internship, including professional<br>internship, and other practical classes and studio sessions, as well as the documentation developed in<br>order to obtain credit for such classes; verification of the description, necessary attachments, opinions  | Yes                     |



|     |   | and grades before submitting the portfolio for acceptance  |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Internship 2  |  |  |
| Module code   | F43   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Zamierzone efekty planuje się osiągnąć dzięki indywidualnemu uczestnictwu studentów w codziennej działalności placówek oświatowych (student dokonuje wyboru pomiędzy: szkoła, młodzieżowy ośrodek wychowawczy, młodzieżowy ośrodek socjoterapii, bursy, poradnie psychologiczno-pedagogiczne, pałac młodzieży, młodzieżowy dom kultury, specjalny ośrodek szkolno-wychowawczy, świetlica szkolna). 60 godzin zajęć praktycznych będzie służyło nabywaniu umiejętności planowania, prowadzenia i dokumentowania zajęć, pogłębieniu znajomości specyfiki pracy wychowawczo-terapeutycznej w placówkach oświatowych. Praktyka zawodowa pomoże również w skonfrontowaniu i uogólnieniu wiedzy teoretycznej oraz dotychczasowych doświadczeń, a także w sprawdzeniu swoich umiejętności wychowawczych, opiekuńczych i organizacyjnych zdobytych w toku studiów. Zakładana forma zajęć stwarza optymalne warunki do zapoznania się studentów ze specyfiką pracy placówki: wyposażeniem, współpracą placówki oświatowej z otoczeniem społecznym. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | earning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K01         | Jest gotowy do skutecznego współdziałania z opiekunem praktyk zawodowych oraz z nauczycielami w celu poszerzania  | KN3_K03                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             | swojej wiedzy.  | KN3_K07                            | 5                              |  |  |
| U01         | Potrafi wyciągać wnioski z obserwacji sposobu integracji działań opiekuńczo-wychowawczych i dydaktycznych przez nauczycieli lub specjalistów;   | KN3_U09                            | 3                              |  |  |
| U02         | Potrafi wyciągać wnioski z obserwacji pracy nauczycieli lub terapeutów, ich interakcji z uczniami lub wychowankami oraz sposobu, w jaki planują i przeprowadzają zajęcia dydaktyczne, wychowawcze lub opiekuńcze; | KN3_U02                            | 3                              |  |  |
| U03         | wyciągać wnioski z bezpośredniej obserwacji pozalekcyjnych działań opiekuńczo- wychowawczych nauczycieli, w tym<br>podczas dyżurów na przerwach międzylekcyjnych i zorganizowanych wyjść grup uczniowskich;       | KN3_U09                            | 3                              |  |  |
| U04         | Potrafi zaplanować i przeprowadzić zajęcia pod nadzorem opiekuna praktyk zawodowych;  | KN3_U05                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_U07                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_U08                            | 5                              |  |  |

|     |   | KN3_W10            | 3      |
|-----|---|--------------------|--------|
| U05 | Potrafi analizować, przy pomocy opiekuna praktyk zawodowych oraz nauczycieli akademickich prowadzących zajęcia w zakresie przygotowania psychologiczno-pedagogicznego, sytuacje i zdarzenia pedagogiczne zaobserwowane lub doświadczone w czasie praktyk; | KN3_U10            | 5      |
| W01 | Student zna i rozumie zadania charakterystyczne dla szkoły, placówki systemu oświaty oraz środowisko, w jakim one działają  | KN3_W01<br>KN3_W12 | 3<br>2 |
| W02 | Student zna organizację, statut i plan pracy szkoły oraz program wychowawczo-profilaktyczny lub organizację innej placówki systemu oświaty  | KN3_W09<br>KN3_W10 | 3<br>3 |
| W03 | Zna i rozumie zasady zapewniania bezpieczeństwa uczniom, wychowankom w szkole, placówce systemu oświaty i poza nimi;  | KN3_W08            | 3      |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |   |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)  |  |  |
| a03           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison   |  |  |
| a05           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course  |  |  |
| c01           | Demonstration methods                | Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue  |  |  |
| c06           | Demonstration methods                | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours  |  |  |
| e03           | Practical methods                    | Creation/production – creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production  |  |  |
| e04           | Practical methods                    | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project |  |  |
| e05           | Practical methods                    | Internship including professional and individual training; gaining skills and experience in real-life conditions, e.g., in the environment, institution or workplace the student is preparing for by following a specific study programme; training in real working conditions  |  |  |

| e06 | Observation also conducted as fieldwork; a method of watching phenomena, objects or people in a systematic/planned way in order to gain knowledge about them; perceptual separation of elements of a model action as an element of learning through imitation; a complex system of cognition based on sensory experiences    |
|-----|--|
| f01 | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study                           |
| f03 | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work |

| 1 | 0. Forms of teacl | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |   |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|---|
|   | Code              | Name              |    |   | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                       |
| ( | 1                 | internship        | 60 | 1 |                                 | a03, a05, c01, c06, e03, e04,<br>e05, e06, f01, f03 |

| 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |   |                         |
|--|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code   | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01  | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | Yes                     |
| a02  | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |
| a03  | Preparation for classes                                   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | No                      |
| a04  | Preparation for classes                                   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation  | Yes                     |
| a05  | Preparation for classes                                   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes       | Yes                     |
| b03  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Consulting the schedule getting acquainted with the class schedule, possibly in the presence of the year tutor, in order to optimize participation in classes, including those supplementary to the core subjects listed in the pursued study programme   | Yes                     |
| c01  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities,   | Yes                     |

|     |   | implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| d03 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Review of internship documentation an analysis of the portfolio of documentation obtained during internship, including professional internship, and other practical classes and studio sessions, as well as the documentation developed in order to obtain credit for such classes; verification of the description, necessary attachments, opinions and grades before submitting the portfolio for acceptance   | Yes |
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes                         | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |
|---|---|--|
| Module name   | Internship 3  |  |
| Module code   | F44   |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Zamierzone efekty planuje się osiągnąć dzięki indywidualnemu uczestnictwu studentów w codziennej działalności placówek oświatowych (student dokonuje wyboru pomiędzy: szkoła, młodzieżowy ośrodek wychowawczy, młodzieżowy ośrodek socjoterapii, bursy, poradnie psychologiczno-pedagogiczne, pałac młodzieży, młodzieżowy dom kultury, specjalny ośrodek szkolno-wychowawczy, świetlica szkolna). 60 godzin zajęć praktycznych będzie służyło nabywaniu umiejętności planowania, prowadzenia i dokumentowania zajęć, pogłębieniu znajomości specyfiki pracy wychowawczo-terapeutycznej w placówkach oświatowych. Praktyka zawodowa pomoże również w skonfrontowaniu i uogólnieniu wiedzy teoretycznej oraz dotychczasowych doświadczeń, a także w sprawdzeniu swoich umiejętności wychowawczych, opiekuńczych i organizacyjnych zdobytych w toku studiów. Zakładana forma zajęć stwarza optymalne warunki do zapoznania się studentów ze specyfiką pracy placówki: wyposażeniem, współpracą placówki oświatowej z otoczeniem społecznym. |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |

| 8. Learnin | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                      |  |  |  |
|------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code       | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of<br>competent<br>(scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| K01        | Jest gotowy do skutecznego współdziałania z opiekunem praktyk zawodowych oraz z nauczycielami w celu poszerzania  | KN3_K03                            | 5                                    |  |  |  |
|            | swojej wiedzy.  | KN3_K07                            | 5                                    |  |  |  |
| U01        | Potrafi wyciągać wnioski z obserwacji pracy nauczycieli lub terapeutów, ich interakcji z uczniami lub wychowankami oraz sposobu, w jaki planują i przeprowadzają zajęcia dydaktyczne, wychowawcze lub opiekuńcze; | KN3_U02                            | 4                                    |  |  |  |
| U02        | Potrafi wyciągać wnioski z obserwacji sposobu integracji działań opiekuńczo-wychowawczych i dydaktycznych przez nauczycieli lub specjalistów;   | KN3_U09                            | 5                                    |  |  |  |
| U03        | wyciągać wnioski z bezpośredniej obserwacji pozalekcyjnych działań opiekuńczo- wychowawczych nauczycieli, w tym podczas dyżurów na przerwach międzylekcyjnych i zorganizowanych wyjść grup uczniowskich;          | KN3_U09                            | 5                                    |  |  |  |
| U04        | Potrafi zaplanować i przeprowadzić zajęcia pod nadzorem opiekuna praktyk zawodowych;  | KN3_U05                            | 5                                    |  |  |  |
|            |   | KN3_U07                            | 5                                    |  |  |  |
|            |   | KN3_U08                            | 5                                    |  |  |  |

|     |   | KN3_W12            | 5 |
|-----|---|--------------------|---|
| U05 | Potrafi analizować, przy pomocy opiekuna praktyk zawodowych oraz nauczycieli akademickich prowadzących zajęcia w zakresie przygotowania psychologiczno-pedagogicznego, sytuacje i zdarzenia pedagogiczne zaobserwowane lub doświadczone w czasie praktyk; | KN3_U10            | 5 |
| W01 | Student zna i rozumie zadania charakterystyczne dla szkoły, placówki systemu oświaty oraz środowisko, w jakim one działają;   | KN3_W01            | 3 |
| W02 | Student zna organizację, statut i plan pracy szkoły oraz program wychowawczo-profilaktyczny lub organizację innej placówki systemu oświaty;   | KN3_W09<br>KN3_W10 | 3 |
| W03 | Zna i rozumie zasady zapewniania bezpieczeństwa uczniom, wychowankom w szkole, placówce systemu oświaty i poza<br>nimi;   | KN3_W08            | 3 |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |   |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)  |  |
| a05           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course  |  |
| b03           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games – involving a simulation of real situations; decision games – based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games – increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes |  |
| c01           | Demonstration methods                | Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue  |  |
| c06           | Demonstration methods                | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours  |  |
| e03           | Practical methods                    | Creation/production – creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production  |  |
| e04           | Practical methods                    | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project   |  |
| e05           | Practical methods                    | Internship including professional and individual training; gaining skills and experience in real-life conditions, e.g., in the environment, institution or workplace the student is preparing for by following a specific study programme; training in real working conditions  |  |

| e06 | Observation also conducted as fieldwork; a method of watching phenomena, objects or people in a systematic/planned way in order to gain knowledge about them; perceptual separation of elements of a model action as an element of learning through imitation; a complex system of cognition based on sensory experiences |
|-----|---|
| f01 | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study                        |

| 10 | . Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |  |                                 |   |
|----|------------------|-------------------|----|--|---------------------------------|---|
|    | Code             | Name              |    |  | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes               |
| 01 |                  | internship        | 60 |  |                                 | a05, b03, c01, c06, e03, e04, e05, e06, f01 |

| 11. The studen | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |
|----------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | Yes                     |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |
| a03            | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | No                      |
| a04            | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation  | Yes                     |
| a05            | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes       | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc. | Yes                     |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course       | Yes                     |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes                     | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes  | Yes                     |

|     |   | reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes  |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| d03 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Review of internship documentation an analysis of the portfolio of documentation obtained during internship, including professional internship, and other practical classes and studio sessions, as well as the documentation developed in order to obtain credit for such classes; verification of the description, necessary attachments, opinions and grades before submitting the portfolio for acceptance   | Yes |
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes                         | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | eneral information about the module  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Interpersonal communication  |  |  |
| Module code   | B19  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | W trakcie zajęć z komunikacji interpersonalnej realizowane będą zagadnienia z zakresu efektywnej komunikacji werbalnej i niewerbalnej.W trakcie zajęć studenci będą mogli poznać zagadnienia teoretyczne z zakresu teorii komunikacji oraz zdobyć praktyczne umiejętności dotyczące asertywności, rozwiązywania konfliktów i negocjacji. Ponadto studenci mają możliwość poznania wzorców komunikacyjnych zróżnicowanych kulturowo oraz kontekstowo. Omówione zostaną ponadto zasady poprawnej komunikacji z dzieckiem, rodzicem i nauczycielem. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learnin | g outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| B19        | Student zna i rozumie teorię spostrzegania społecznego i komunikacji: zachowania społeczne i ich uwarunkowania, sytuację interpersonalną, zagadnienia empatii, zachowań asertywnych, agresywnych i uległych, postaw, stereotypów, uprzedzeń, stresu i radzenia sobie z nim, porozumiewania się ludzi w instytucjach; reguły współdziałania; procesy komunikowania się; style komunikowania się uczniów i nauczyciela; zasady porozumiewania się emocjonalnego w klasie i w sytuacjach konfliktowych; bariery w komunikowaniu się, w szczególności w klasie; różne formy komunikowania się – autoprezentację, aktywne słuchanie, efektywne nadawanie, komunikację niewerbalną; wpływ mediów na zmiany współczesnej komunikacji oraz na proces wychowawczy | KN3_W14                            | 1                              |  |  |  |
| B20        | Student potrafi skutecznie i świadomie komunikować się;  | KN3_U09                            | 1                              |  |  |  |
| B21        | Student potrafi porozumieć się w sytuacji konfliktowej;  | KN3_U15                            | 1                              |  |  |  |
| B22        | Student potrafi rozpoznawać bariery i trudności uczniów w procesie uczenia się, komunikowania się oraz w funkcjonowaniu społecznym, w tym uwarunkowane czynnikami środowiskowymi;  | KN3_U09                            | 1                              |  |  |  |
| B23        | Student potrafi radzić sobie ze stresem i stosować strategie radzenia sobie z trudnościami;  | KN3_U17                            | 1                              |  |  |  |

a01

Preparation for classes

| Code           | Category                                 |                              |  |   | Name (description)   |   |  |
|----------------|--|------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|
| b01            | Problem-solving methods                  | an                           | n analys   | n-based lecture<br>sis of a selected scientific or practical<br>ues presented in the lecture as well a  | problem accompanied by its assessi<br>as the indication of the consequences  | ment and an attempt t<br>s of the proposed solu   | o provide a solution<br>tion                                     |
| b04            | Problem-solving methods                  | an<br>ide<br>tui<br>or<br>co | n excha<br>lentificat<br>ırn-takin<br>r presen<br>onferenc | ng method – discussion / debate<br>inge of views supported by substantiv<br>tion of common positions; it proceeds<br>ing as well as the principles of civil disc<br>nting different points of view; its variet<br>ce discussion; a debate is an orderly<br>and or pre-selected representatives of a | s according to previously agreed-upor<br>course; a discussion is not a competi<br>ties include brainstorming, Oxford-sty<br>dispute between supporters and opp | n rules regarding the t<br>tion but aims at finding<br>le debate, panel discu<br>onents of a viewpoint, | ime, manner and<br>g the best solutions<br>Ission, decision tree |
| b06            | Problem-solving methods                  | ex<br>an<br>the              | xperient<br>n individ<br>ne stimu                          | ng method – staged drama/drama<br>tial learning; solving a problem by act<br>dual way; the identification with the ro<br>lation of gesture and movement, etc.,<br>le; staged drama is a role-playing me   | ing out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing m<br>le is achieved through the activation<br>; the aim of drama is to experience si                                     | of the senses, imagina<br>ituations, problems an  | ation and speech,<br>d events mediated                           |
| b09            | Problem-solving methods                  | an<br>pro<br>pa              | nticipato<br>reparatio<br>articipat                        | ng method – flipped classroom<br>ory learning; work in class is based or<br>ion outside the classroom serves the<br>ting in the in-class discussion and the<br>under the guidance of the person tea   | purpose of getting familiar with the is<br>training in the related practical skills,   | sues whose knowledg   | e is necessary for   |
| c07            | Demonstration methods                    | a p<br>ac<br>ch              | present<br>ccompa<br>harts, im                             | presentation<br>tation of synthetic image content usin<br>unied by a commentary; typical compo<br>nages and animations, sometimes so<br>of a projected image  | onents of a screen presentation inclu  | de text organized into  | bulleted points,   |
| f02            | Methods of self-learning                 | se<br>se                     | earching   | al work with a text<br>g for and acquiring new information us<br>g for texts, selecting fragments for and   |  |   |  |
| f03            | Methods of self-learning                 |                              |  |   |  |   | of a concept, idea or<br>d sketch of the                         |
| 10. Forms of t | eaching                                  |                              |  |   |  |   |  |
| Code           | Name                                     | Numbe<br>hours               |  | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module   | Learning outcomes of the module  | Methods of co   | nducting classes   |
| *23            | practical classes                        | 10                           |  | course work   | B19, B20, B21, B22, B23  | b01, b04, b06,  | b09, c07, f02, f03   |
| 11. The stude  | nt's work, apart from participation in c | lasses, include              | es in p  | particular:   |  |   |  |
| Code           | Category                                 |                              |  | Nam   | e (description)  |   | Is it part of the BUNA?  |

Yes

Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation

|     |   | reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes  |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| a03 | Preparation for classes                                   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | Yes |
| a04 | Preparation for classes                                   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes |
| b01 | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes |
| b02 | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Verification / adjustment / discussion of syllabus provisions consulting the content of the syllabus, possibly in the presence of the year tutor or members of the class group, and, if necessary, reassessing the provisions concerning special conditions for class participation, e.g., space and time requirements, technical and other requirements, including conditions for participation in classes outside the walls of the university, classes organized in blocks, organized online, etc. | Yes |
| c01 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes |
| c02 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | Yes |
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Introduction to pedagogy  |  |  |
| Module code   | B9  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module aims to introduce the student to crucial issues related to education, or the so-called first issues of pedagogy.  The content includes issues related to the study of pedagogy, the scientific status of the discipline, key concepts related to education, the goals of education, the specificity of a pedagogue's work, and classics of pedagogical literature. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Lea | rning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |
|--------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Со     | le Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| K.1.   | The student is ready to expand his pedagogical knowledge independently.   | KN3_U16                            | 2                              |
| U.1.   | The student is able to identify various approaches to education in educational practice and in care and educational activities.   | KN3_U01<br>KN3_U02                 | 1<br>1                         |
| W.1.   | The student knows pedagogy as a scientific discipline - placing pedagogy among the fields of social sciences and humanities; scope of pedagogy; basic pedagogical concepts; structure, logic, and dynamics of education; issues of coercion and freedom in upbringing; issues of adaptive and emancipatory education; issues of subjectivity in education; contemporary contexts of upbringing, including the issue of the education crisis; educational goals in terms of care, socialization, and learning. | KN3_W01<br>KN3_W02                 | 4 3                            |

| 9. Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code             | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |  |
| a01              | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |  |  |
| a03              | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object |  |  |  |

|     |                          | or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison   |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| b01 | Problem-solving methods  | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution   |
| b04 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b08 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| b09 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |

| 10. | Forms of teach | ing  |           |                            |                          |
|-----|----------------|------|-----------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
|     | Codo           | Namo | Number of | Assessment of the learning | Learning outcomes of the |
|     | Code           | Name | houre     | outcomes of the module     | modulo                   |

CodeNameNumber of hoursAssessment of the fearing outcomes of the moduleLearning outcomes of the moduleMethods of conducting classes01lecture10examK.1., W.1.a01, b01, f01, f0202.practical classes10course workK.1., U.1., W.1.a03, b04, b08, b09, f01, f02, f03

| 11 | . The student's v                | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |    |  |  |
|----|----------------------------------|--|--|----|--|--|
|    | Code Category Name (description) |  |  |    |  |  |
| a0 | 1                                |  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the | No |  |  |

|     |   | range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes  |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| a02 | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No  |
| a03 | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | No  |
| a04 | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes |
| a05 | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | No  |
| c01 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | No  |
| c02 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No  |
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes |
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes |
| d02 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade                                   | No  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | e module   |
|---|--|
| Module name   | Introduction to penitentiary pedagogy  |
| Module code   | ER9  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 5  |
| Language of instruction   |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The classes aim to provide students with a deep understanding of the foundations and tasks of penitentiary pedagogy and prepare them for practical work in the prison environment. By discussing key concepts, challenges, and strategies used in working with incarcerated individuals, participants will gain theoretical foundations and practical skills necessary for effectively supporting the rehabilitation process. The classes aim to prepare future specialists with theoretical and practical knowledge in the field of penitentiary pedagogy, enabling them to conduct educational activities effectively in correctional facilities and other rehabilitation institutions. Through selected educational content, participants acquire comprehensive knowledge and skills essential for practical work in the field of penitentiary pedagogy, aiming to support the rehabilitation process of inmates and contribute to their successful social reintegration. |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| E.1R.U1.    | The student can analyze phenomena occurring within penitentiary pedagogy, use basic theoretical terms for analysis,  | KN3_U01                            | 4                              |
|             | and design, implement, and evaluate pedagogical strategies in prison units. Students can anticipate the consequences of these actions. The student is capable of identifying dilemmas in penitentiary pedagogy, subjects and objects of  | KN3_U06                            | 4                              |
|             | influence, axiological, teleological, theoretical, methodological, and normative foundations, theories of punishment, theoretical foundations of penitentiary rehabilitation in psychological theories, basic principles of executive criminal law, and present the concept of creative rehabilitation as an example of destigmatizing interventions, can apply the theoretical foundations of rehabilitation methodology.                                   | KN3_U11                            | 4                              |
| E.1R.W1.    | The student is familiar with and understands the basics of penitentiary pedagogy: definitions, etymology of the concept,   | KN3_W03                            | 5                              |
|             | scope, historical outline, contemporary social rehabilitation concepts and theories, dilemmas of penitentiary pedagogy,  | KN3_W05                            | 5                              |
|             | subjects and objects of influence, axiological, teleological, theoretical, methodological, and normative foundations, theories of punishment, theoretical foundations of penitentiary rehabilitation in psychological theories, basic principles of executive criminal law, resocialization of senior inmates, concepts of creative social rehabilitation as examples of destigmatizing interventions, and theoretical foundations of social rehabilitation. | KN3_W08                            | 4                              |

|      | f conducting classes        | Nowe (decoration)  |
|------|-----------------------------|--|
| Code | Category                    | Name (description)   |
| b02  | Problem-solving methods     | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |
| b03  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method — educational games  learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games — involving a simulation of real situations; decision games — based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games — increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes |
| b08  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| c07  | Demonstration methods       | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d03  | Programmed learning methods | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |
| e04  | Practical methods           | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project  |
| f01  | Methods of self-learning    | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02  | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03  | Methods of self-learning    | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |

| 10. Forms of teach | ning              |    |             |                                 |                                    |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Code               | Name              |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes      |
| E.1R.U1.           | practical classes | 20 | course work | E.1R.U1.                        | b03, b08, c07, d03, e04, f01, f02, |



|          |         |    |      |          | f03                |
|----------|---------|----|------|----------|--------------------|
| E.1R.W1. | lecture | 10 | exam | E.1R.W1. | b02, c07, f01, f02 |

| 11. The student's | work, apart from participation in classes, inclu | udes in particular:   |                         |
|-------------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| Code              | Category   | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a05               |  | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes           | Yes                     |
| c03               |  | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | e module   |
|---|--|
| Module name   | Introduction to the humanities   |
| Module code   | B12  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module is methodologically oriented and aims to introduce the student to the essentials of the humanities. The content covers the subject of research in the humanities, the anti-positivist turn in science, the hermeneutic tradition, the condition of contemporary humanities, and the humanistic dimension of pedagogy. |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module  |  |                                |
|-------------|---|--|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme       | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| K.1.        | The student is ready to take into account the idea of humanity in his thinking and actions and to show empathy to children and students in need of support and help.      | KN3_K01                                  | 3                              |
| W.1.        | The student knows the specificity of the humanities, as well as the humanistic orientation of pedagogy and the hermeneutical basis of education and pedagogical activity. | KN3_W01<br>KN3_W03<br>KN3_W06<br>KN3_W08 | 1<br>4<br>5<br>1               |

| 9. Methods of | conducting classes                   |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |
| b01           | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution |
| f02           | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text  |



| l IISSUE |
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|----------|

| 10. Fo | Forms of teaching |         |    |             |                                 |                               |
|--------|-------------------|---------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|        | Code              | Name    |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01     |                   | lecture | 10 | course work | K.1., W.1.                      | a01, b01, f02                 |

| 11. The student | L. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |
|-----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code            | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02             | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| c02             | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |
| d01             | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes                     | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Issues of contemporary culture   |  |  |
| Module code   | B18  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the module is to familiarize students with theoretical and practical issues related to culture in its broadest sense and to indicate the self-creative values of reflexive participation in it (according to the concept of satisfying needs in contact with art) with the adoption of a broad humanistic perspective, in which pedagogical optics was considered crucial. It has also become important to identify the mediated experience of contact with an art/cultural work as a way of learning about social phenomena and building one's own world of values.  The educational content has been presented in such a way as to focus on problem fields introducing various cultural media. Among them, the following contents will appear: the understanding of culture, its intersubjective potential; film pedagogy/film in pedagogy; embodiment in visual art; Phenomena in Contemporary Theatre/Post-Dramatic Theatre; participation in musical culture. The content formulated in this way and exemplified by works of art/culture will become the basis for analyses undertaken with students in the interpretative paradigm, with an emphasis on discovering meaning for oneself (Ricoeur) and intelligent parasitism (Witkowski). |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K01         | The student is ready to independently search for cultural messages that become an intentionally constructed field of self-reflection and pedagogical reflection in the implementation of educational tasks  | KN3_K04                            | 1                              |  |  |
| U01         | The student is able to extract content from the selected cultural message that allows to identify styles of upbringing in care, educational and therapeutic activities, as well as analyse and interpret them from the perspective of educational practice. | KN3_U01<br>KN3_U10                 | 1 2                            |  |  |
| W01         | The student knows and understands the meaning of mediated cultural experiences as a field of cognition and interpretation of educational conditions, including descriptors of established relationships characteristic of the main educational environments | KN3_W01                            | 1                              |  |  |
| W02         | The student is familiar with the latest trends in contemporary culture and understands the sense of conscious   | KN3_W14                            | 3                              |  |  |



participation in it in order to perceive the role of social contacts, sub-cultural bonds and threats in the upbringing of young people

| 9. Methods o | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Code         | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |
| a01          | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |
| b01          | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution   |  |
| b02          | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |  |
| c02          | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.                                 |  |
| c07          | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image |  |
| c08          | Demonstration methods                | Value-based methods – affective methods methods of participating in exhibited moral, social, aesthetic and scientific values; activities evoking genuine emotional reactions to works/objects/actions; a method which activates an emotional response to the presented content, intensifies attention, depth of experience and a reflection on values  |  |
| c09          | Demonstration methods                | Value-based methods — expressive methods methods of accessing value-related knowledge, experiencing values in emotion-laden activities; creating situations enabling the creation or reproduction of values as a way of self-expression combined with experiencing values (individually or in a group); actions, most often creative, involving an expressive and suggestive way of expressing emotions                          |  |
| e03          | Practical methods                    | Creation/production – creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production   |  |



| 10. Forms of | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |
|--------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code         | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| ZKW_1        | lecture           | 10 | course work                                       | W01, W02                        | a01, b01, b02, c02, c07, c08  |
| ZKW_2        | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | K01, U01                        | c02, c07, c09, e03            |

| 11. The studen | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |  |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |  |  |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |  |  |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |  |  |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | Yes                     |  |  |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes                     |  |  |
| e01            | Activities complementary to the classes   | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | No                      |  |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Language culture  |  |  |
| Module code   | F40   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Language culture classes include issues related to: understanding the concepts of language and language culture, changes taking place in the Polish language over the centuries, correctness of spoken and written texts, ethics and aesthetics of words. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. | Learning o | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|----|------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
|    | Code       | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| w1 |            | and specialized languages, taking into account the ethics and aesthetics of words in speaking and writing | KN3_K01<br>KN3_U12<br>KN3_W14      | 4<br>4<br>4                    |  |  |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |
| b04           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method — discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |
| b09           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – flipped classroom  |  |

|     |                             | anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course   |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|
| c03 | Demonstration methods       | Audio playback / audio drama preparation and reproduction of sound material (audio recording) in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as a method of sound perception, including the appreciation of a musical piece, an artistic audio drama, an oral presentation of an artistic or scientific text as well as a media text; analysis of the sound material recorded on a carrier with a view to studying a sound-related phenomenon |
| d03 | Programmed learning methods | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |

| 10. Fo | Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                 |                               |  |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
|        | Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| 1      |                   | practical classes | 20 | course work                                       | w1                              | a01, b04, b09, c03, d03, f02  |  |

| 11. The student's | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code              | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02               |   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class | No                      |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Legal aspects of care-educational work and pedagogical therapy  |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET16  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module Legal Aspects of Care-educational Work and Pedagogical Therapy focuses on the content covering knowledge and skills in the legal aspects of the functioning of a student with specific learning difficulties and conducting support and assistance activities towards him/her. The purpose of the module is to learn the legal basis for the functioning of a student with specific learning difficulties, conduct a diagnosis of specific learning difficulties and supportive proceedings in this regard at school and psychological-pedagogical clinic, as well as organizing psychological-pedagogical assistance. |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |  |
| T_P_1       | The student is able to analyse and interpret legal aspects of functioning of a student with specific learning difficulties   | KN3_W09<br>KN3_W10                 | 5<br>5                         |  |  |  |  |
| T_P_2       | The student is able to analyse and interpret legal aspects connected with diagnosing specific learning difficulties and organising psychological-pedagogical aid in this respect   | KN3_W05<br>KN3_W11                 | 1 4                            |  |  |  |  |
| T_P_3       | The student is able to analyse legal aspects of functioning of the student with specific learning difficulties, conducting support and assistance proceedings towards him at school and in the psychological-pedagogical counselling centre. | KN3_U01<br>KN3_U07                 | 3                              |  |  |  |  |
| T_P_4       | The student is able to analyse legal aspects of organising psychological-pedagogical assistance.   | KN3_U02<br>KN3_U09                 | 3<br>1                         |  |  |  |  |
| T_P_5       | The student is able to analyse and interpret legal aspects connected with diagnosing specific learning difficulties  | KN3_U01<br>KN3_U04                 | 3                              |  |  |  |  |

| 9. Methods of c | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code            | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a01             | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |  |
| b02             | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |  |  |
| c07             | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image |  |  |

| 10. l | 0. Forms of teaching |         |    |   |                                      |                               |  |
|-------|----------------------|---------|----|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
|       | Code Name            |         |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module      | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| 01    |                      | lecture | 10 | course work                                       | T_P_1, T_P_2, T_P_3, T_P_4,<br>T_P_5 | a01, b02, c07                 |  |

| 11. The student's | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |
|-------------------|---|--|-------------------------|--|
| Code              | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |
| a02               | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |  |
| a04               | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |  |
| b01               | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                           | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |  |
| c03               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course        | No                      |  |
| d01               | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes                     | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes | Yes                     |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Methods of care-educational work   |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET17   |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Methods of care-educational work is a module introducing detailed knowledge about the problems and resulting needs of students with special educational needs. The classes aim to familiarize students with the theoretical and practical foundations of integrated and inclusive education. During classes, students acquire basic knowledge on diagnosing students' special needs, designing and conducting classes, and evaluating them. Students develop attitudes based on sensitivity and empathy towards the diverse needs and expectations of students with special educational needs.  All learning outcomes assumed in the module are planned to be achieved during exercises and the student's work, including studying the subject literature, required issues, and preparing project tasks.  All learning outcomes assumed in the module are planned to be achieved during classes in direct contact with academic teachers, as well as during the student's work, including preparation for forms of verification of learning outcomes and requirements specified in the module. |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | earning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| U01         | Absolwent potrafi analizować pedagogiczne postępowanie diagnostyczne wobec dziecka z grupy ryzyka specyficznych    | KN3_U01                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             | trudności w uczeniu się i ucznia ze specyficznymi trudnościami w uczeniu się.                                      | KN3_U02                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U10                            | 4                              |  |  |
| U02         | Absolwent potrafi analizować i tworzyć dokumentację diagnostyczną dziecka z grupy ryzyka specyficznych trudności w | KN3_U10                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             | uczeniu się i ucznia ze specyficznymi trudnościami w uczeniu się.  | KN3_U11                            | 5                              |  |  |
| W01         | Absolwent zna i rozumie pedagogiczne postępowanie diagnostyczne wobec dziecka z grupy specyficznych trudności w    | KN3_W05                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             | uczeniu się ucznia ze specyficznymi trudnościami w uczeniu się.  | KN3_W09                            | 4                              |  |  |
| W02         | Absolwent zna i rozumie zasady prowadzenia dokumentacji diagnostycznej dziecka z grupy ryzyka specyficznych        | KN3_W09                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             | trudności w uczeniu się ucznia ze specyficznymi trudnościami w uczeniu się.  | KN3_W12                            | 3                              |  |  |

| W03 | Absolwent zna i rozumie metodyczne aspekty współpracy z rodzicami, opiekunami, nauczycielami i specjalistami. | KN3_W08 | 2 |
|-----|---|---------|---|
|     |   | KN3_W10 | 5 |
|     |   | KN3_W11 | 5 |
| W04 |   | KN3_W08 | 2 |
|     | i w szkole.   | KN3_W10 | 4 |
|     |   | KN3_W11 | 4 |
| W05 | Absolwent zna i rozumie zasady udzielania wsparcia uczniowi, rodzicom, opiekunów i nauczycielom pracującym z  | KN3_W11 | 5 |
|     | dzieckiem z grupy ryzyka specyficznych trudności w uczeniu się.   | KN3_W14 | 5 |

|               |                                      | , KN2_W14 5  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| 9. Methods of | f conducting classes                 |  |
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |
| a03           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |
| a05           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
| b04           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b06           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme  |
| b07           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| c07           | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d03           | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |

| e04 | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project |
|-----|---|
| f03 | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |

| 10. Forms of teac | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                   |   |
|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|-----------------------------------|---|
| Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module   | Methods of conducting classes               |
| 01                | practical classes | 20 |   | U01, U02, W01, W02, W03, W04, W05 | a03, a05, b04, b06, b07, c07, d03, e04, f03 |

| 11. The studen | 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |  |
|----------------|--|---|-------------------------|--|
| Code           | Category   | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |
| a01            | Preparation for classes  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | No                      |  |
| a02            | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |  |
| a03            | Preparation for classes  | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | Yes                     |  |
| a05            | Preparation for classes  | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes       | Yes                     |  |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                            | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | No                      |  |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                    | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course       | Yes                     |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Methods of corrective and compensatory classes  |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET19  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 5   |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The purpose of the module is to equip students with the knowledge and methodological skills necessary to organize and conduct corrective-compensatory classes with a child/student manifesting developmental disorders and deviations, including special educational needs. |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learnin | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                      |  |
|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Code       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of<br>competent<br>(scale 1-5) |  |
| E.2K.K1    | ready to show empathy to children and students in need of support and assistance;  | KN3_K01                            | 2                                    |  |
|            |  | KN3_K02                            | 2                                    |  |
| E.2K.U2    | Can analyze the methodology of corrective-compensatory classes, methodical aspects of cooperation with parents,  | KN3_U05                            | 2                                    |  |
|            | guardians, teachers and specialists; analyze and apply methods of therapy in learning reading, writing and mathematics   | KN3_U07                            | 2                                    |  |
|            | education; use selected diagnostic tools for pedagogical diagnosis conducted in a kindergarten, school or psychological-pedagogical clinic; apply therapeutic methods in working with a child at risk of specific learning difficulties and with a student with specific learning difficulties; design the process of supporting the child or student, parents or guardians and teachers working with a child at risk of specific learning difficulties and a student with specific learning difficulties; | KN3_U10                            | 2                                    |  |
| E.2K.U3    | Is able to plan and implement preventive measures to prevent learning difficulties; use the workshop of a pedagogical  | KN3_U07                            | 2                                    |  |
|            | therapist; construct and evaluate individual and group corrective-compensatory plans;  | KN3_U11                            | 2                                    |  |
| E.2K.W2    | knows and understands the methodology of corrective-compensatory classes; methodological aspects of cooperation  | KN3_W05                            | 2                                    |  |
|            | with parents, guardians, teachers and specialists; methods of therapy in learning to read, write and mathematics   | KN3_W09                            | 2                                    |  |
|            | education; selected diagnostic tools for pedagogical diagnosis carried out in a kindergarten, school or psychological and pedagogical clinic; therapeutic methods used in working with a child at risk of specific learning difficulties and a student with specific learning difficulties; principles of providing support to the student, parents, guardians and teachers working with a child at risk of specific learning difficulties and a student with specific learning difficulties;              | KN3_W11                            | 2                                    |  |



E.2K.W3 Knows and understands preventive measures to prevent learning difficulties; the workshop of a pedagogical therapist; how to construct and evaluate individual and group corrective-compensation plans; KN3\_W12 2

| 9. Methods of | . Methods of conducting classes      |  |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a03           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |  |  |
| b04           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |
| b07           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |  |  |
| b08           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |  |  |
| b09           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |  |  |
| c08           | Demonstration methods                | Value-based methods – affective methods methods of participating in exhibited moral, social, aesthetic and scientific values; activities evoking genuine emotional reactions to works/objects/actions; a method which activates an emotional response to the presented content, intensifies attention, depth of experience and a reflection on values  |  |  |
| d03           | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |  |  |
| e04           | Practical methods                    | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project  |  |  |
| f01           | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting   |  |  |

|     |   | qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
|-----|---|---|
| f02 | 3 | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|--|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                    |
| 01                 | practical classes | 20 |   |                                 | a03, b04, b07, b08, b09, c08, d03, e04, f01, f02 |

| Code | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
|------|---|--|-------------------------|
| a03  | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | Yes                     |
| a04  | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |
| a05  | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | Yes                     |
| b01  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes                     |
| b02  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Verification / adjustment / discussion of syllabus provisions consulting the content of the syllabus, possibly in the presence of the year tutor or members of the class group, and, if necessary, reassessing the provisions concerning special conditions for class participation, e.g., space and time requirements, technical and other requirements, including conditions for participation in classes outside the walls of the university, classes organized in blocks, organized online, etc. | Yes                     |
| c02  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | Yes                     |
| c03  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | Yes                     |
| d01  | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |



| d02 | Consulting the results of the verification of | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks  | Yes |
|-----|---|--|-----|
|     | i can mig cate com co                         | reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade |     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Methods of social rehabilitation  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER14  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module aims to equip the student with knowledge and skills related to social rehabilitation methods; models of social rehabilitation; rules; and strategies used in social rehabilitation. The classes are intended to familiarize students with methodological solutions for social rehabilitation work with socially maladjusted people; social engineering, psychotechnics, anthropotechnics, and cultural engineering; and methods of creative social rehabilitation in social rehabilitation institutions. The process of building and implementing educational activities, from diagnosis through implementation and evaluation of resocializing education, will be discussed. The process of preparing social rehabilitation programs (IPETs, IPRs) will be practiced. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| ER14-1      | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie metodykę oddziaływań w placówkach resocjalizacyjnych; teoretyczne podstawy instytucjonalnych oddziaływań metodycznych; założenia, metody i formy realizacji socjotechniki, psychotechniki, antropotechniki i kulturotechniki; metody twórczej resocjalizacji w placówkach; młodzieżowych ośrodkach wychowawczych, schroniskach dla nieletnich i zakładach poprawczych; podstawy metodyczne pracy wychowawcy w aresztach śledczych i zakładach karnych.  | KN3_W08<br>KN3_W12                 | 1 2                            |
| ER14-2      | W zakresie umiejętności absolwent potrafi analizować metodykę oddziaływań w placówkach resocjalizacyjnych; analizować i stosować teoretyczne podstawy instytucjonalnych oddziaływań metodycznych; analizować i stosować socjotechniki, psychotechniki, antropotechniki i kulturotechniki; analizować i stosować metody twórczej resocjalizacji w placówkach; stosować metodykę pracy wychowawcy w młodzieżowych ośrodkach wychowawczych, okręgowych ośrodkach wychowawczych, schroniskach dla nieletnich i zakładach poprawczych; analizować i stosować podstawy metodyczne pracy wychowawcy w aresztach śledczych i zakładach karnych. | KN3_U01<br>KN3_U05<br>KN3_U11      | 1<br>1<br>1                    |
| ER14-3      | W zakresie kompetencji społecznych absolwent jest gotów do samodzielnego pogłębiania wiedzy pedagogicznej.  | KN3_K08                            | 1                              |

| Code | Category                             | Name (description)   |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|
| a01  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |
| b02  | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |
| b04  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b07  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| d01  | Programmed learning methods          | Working with a computer e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices, computer programs and Internet applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out step by step according to the plan laid own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds towards producing the indicated results within the set deadline   |
| e04  | Practical methods                    | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project  |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| ER14-1             | lecture           | 20 | exam  | ER14-1                          | a01, b02                      |
| ER14-2             | practical classes | 20 | course work                                       | ER14-2, ER14-3                  | b04, b07, d01, e04            |

| 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |                         |  |                         |
|--|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Code   | Category                | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01  | Preparation for classes | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | Yes                     |
| a04  | Preparation for classes | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus  | Yes                     |

|     |   | agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
|     | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No  |
| c02 |   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes |
| c03 |   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Module in the "Civil Society and Entrepreneurship" area   |  |  |
| Module code   | MO-2023-NS-SOP  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | "Civil society and entrepreneurship" is the area which like no other contributed to opening university education "to the world", the area which directly connects science and knowledge acquisition to social use (the system of institutions, laws, customs, social norms). Underlying the area are the conviction that education within each academic discipline should be correlated with the awareness of the changing relation between a person and a citizen, between private and collective life, between a political and a non-political subject, etc. The area of "Civil Society and Entrepreneurship" can be pursued by a student within modules dominated by an academic teacher as well as those where the responsibility for achieving the learning outcomes lies mainly with the student, e.g. civil society in action (projects combining social and natural sciences, combining social sciences and humanities, or combining social sciences, mathematics, physics and chemistry) or social participation in practice. The choice from the range of the above-mentioned modules allows for a high individualization of the education process. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | comes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| KS_01       | Is ready to meet social obligations, co-organize activities for the benefit of the community and is open to scientific solutions to cognitive and practical problems.   | MOB.2023_K01                       | 3                              |  |  |  |
| U_01        | Asks questions, analyzes research problems, and finds solutions to them, making use of knowledge, skills and experience pertaining to civil society and entrepreneurship, in conjunction with the leading discipline of the degree programme. | MOB.2023_U01                       | 3                              |  |  |  |
| U_02        | Communicates the results of his/her work on civil society and entrepreneurship in a way which is clear and understandable not only to specialists.  | MOB.2023_U01                       | 3                              |  |  |  |
| W_01        | Has advanced knowledge of selected scientific theories and methods, and is familiar with issues connected with civil society and entrepreneurship.  | MOB.2023_W01                       | 3                              |  |  |  |
| W_02        | Understands the connection between the issues pertaining to civil society and entrepreneurship, and the leading discipline of the degree programme.   | MOB.2023_W01                       | 3                              |  |  |  |

| Code | Category                             | Name (description)  |
|------|--------------------------------------|---|
| a03  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison   |
| a05  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course  |
| b04  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| c07  | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |
| d03  | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools   |
| f01  | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |
| f02  | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |

| LO. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching       |    |   |                                 |                                   |
|--------------------|-------------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Code               | Name                    |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes     |
| )1                 | depending on the choice | 18 |   | KS_01, U_01, U_02, W_01, W_02   | a03, a05, b04, c07, d03, f01, f02 |

| 11. The stude | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |
|---------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|
| Code          | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |
| a01           | Preparation for classes  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No                      |  |

| a02 | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No  |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| a04 | Preparation for classes                                   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes |
| b01 | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes |
| c01 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes |
| c02 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | No  |
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes                   | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | e module   |
|---|--|
| Module name   | Module in the "Health and Personal Development" area   |
| Module code   | MO-2023-NS-ZRO   |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |
| Language of instruction   |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The area of "Health and Personal Development" opens university education to the perspective of the well-being of an individual (i.e., a student, who is a person entering adulthood). The area focuses on such categories as maintaining physical, mental and social health, the level of satisfaction with various spheres of one's life and the development of "soft" skills (dealing with stress, communicating with others or the conscious shaping and managing one's life). The modules offered within the "Health" sub-area are meant to equip students with the ability to recognize and assess their own health (including their mental health) and to find appropriate means of promoting it. The point of departure of the module is the presentation of modern knowledge that distinguishes evidence-based medicine from common beliefs. The modules in the "Personal Development" sub-area direct students towards methods of the practical maintenance of one's well-being (including mental well-being). They supply competences for building one's personal potential in the modern world in a way which is active and effective as well as conscious and prudent. The main concern is realizing and recognizing one's own preferences, possibilities and limits, as well as the awareness of agency and responsibility for the balance between health, happiness and development. Having attended the module, the individual will be in a position to combine his/her own development with taking care of his/her mental and physical condition and general well-being in a balanced way. |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |

| 8. Learning | ning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| KS_01       | Is ready to meet social obligations, co-organize activities for the benefit of the community and is open to scientific solutions to cognitive and practical problems.   | MOB.2023_K01                       | 3                              |  |  |  |
| U_01        | Asks questions, analyzes research problems, and finds solutions to them, making use of knowledge, skills and experience pertaining to the concept of an individual's well-being, including their health and personal development, in conjunction with the leading discipline of the degree programme. | MOB.2023_U01                       | 3                              |  |  |  |
| U_02        | Communicates the results of his/her work regarding the concept of an individual's well-being, including their health and personal development, in a way which is clear and understandable not only to specialists.  | MOB.2023_U01                       | 3                              |  |  |  |
| W_01        | Has advanced knowledge of selected scientific theories and methods, and is familiar with issues connected with the concept of an individual's well-being, including their health and personal development.  | MOB.2023_W01                       | 3                              |  |  |  |



W\_02 Understands the connection between the issues pertaining to the concept of an individual's well-being, including their health and personal development, and the leading discipline of the degree programme.

MOB.2023\_W01 3

| Code | Category                             | Name (description)   |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|
| a03  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |
| a05  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
| b04  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| c07  | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d03  | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |
| f01  | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02  | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |



| 10. | Forms of teach | Forms of teaching       |    |  |                                  |                                   |
|-----|----------------|-------------------------|----|--|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|     | Code           | Name                    |    |  | Learning outcomes of the module  | Methods of conducting classes     |
| 01  |                | depending on the choice | 18 |  | KS_01, U_01, U_02, W_01,<br>W_02 | a03, a05, b04, c07, d03, f01, f02 |

| 11. The student | t's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu      | udes in particular:  |                         |
|-----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code            | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01             | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |
| a02             | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a04             | Preparation for classes                                   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |
| b01             | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes                     |
| c01             | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02             | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | No                      |
| e01             | Activities complementary to the classes                   | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Open University Module   |  |  |
| Module code   | OMU-2023-NS-01-OG  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the module is to extend the students' knowledge to include specialist content that goes beyond their degree programme and to inspire them to search for information on their own. The issues addressed are on the one hand meant to arouse curiosity, and, on the other hand, to indicate the usefulness of interdisciplinary knowledge in professional life as well as in social relations and interactions. They will be connected with current research results or with specialist professional experience. The module offers diverse forms of classes, involving in both innovative and professional ways of conveying knowledge, as well as interactive methods, inspiring students to actively participate in classes. The interdisciplinary assumptions of the module allow for the classes being taught by teachers representing various scientific disciplines, resulting in a multi-faceted presentation of the issues. In addition, the module can be taught in foreign languages. The student selects the subject matter of the classes from the submitted proposals. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| 01          | The student understands the relationship between humanities, social sciences, natural sciences, exact mathematical sciences, technical sciences and performing, visual and other arts. | OMU.2023_U01<br>OMU.2023_W01       | 3                              |
| 02          | The student is able to combine information from various fields of knowledge, creating a coherent vision of an interdisciplinary issue.   | OMU.2023_U01<br>OMU.2023_W01       | 3                              |
| 03          | The student is able to search for necessary information in various types of sources and is able to critically select them.   | OMU.2023_U01<br>OMU.2023_W01       | 3                              |
| 04          | The student is able to move freely in the area of concepts pertaining to the issues discussed within the module, presented in detail in the relevant syllabuses.                       | OMU.2023_U01<br>OMU.2023_W01       | 3                              |
| 05          | The student develops the need and the habit of accessing source information which goes beyond the content typical to the studied degree programme.                                     | OMU.2023_K01<br>OMU.2023_U01       | 2 2                            |



01

depending on the choice

|  |  | OMU.2023_W01 | 2 |
|--|--|--------------|---|
|--|--|--------------|---|

| 9. Methods of | 9. Methods of conducting classes     |  |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a03           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |  |  |
| a05           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |  |  |
| b04           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method — discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |
| c07           | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |  |  |
| d03           | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |  |  |
| f01           | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |  |  |
| f02           | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |  |  |

| Ŀ | 0. Forms of teaching |      |                 |   |                                 |                               |
|---|----------------------|------|-----------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|   | Code                 | Name | Number of hours | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |

course work

01, 02, 03, 04, 05

a03, a05, b04, c07, d03, f01, f02

14

| 11. The student' | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |
|------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Code             | Code Category Name (description)   |  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01              | Preparation for classes  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the | No                      |

|     |   | range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes  |                  |  |
|-----|---|--|------------------|--|
| a02 | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No               |  |
| a04 | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | plementation Yes |  |
| b01 | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes  Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  Yes   |  | Yes              |  |
| c01 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes  Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  |  | Yes              |  |
| c02 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes  Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class |  | No               |  |
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes   | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes              |  |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Pedagogical diagnosis   |  |  |
| Module code   | ET10  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits 3  |   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim is for students to apply knowledge and skills in a specific pedagogical area. As part of the module, students received information about pedagogical diagnosis and its place in supporting a child's development and education. Issues discussed included: definition of diagnosis - meaning ranges and model approaches; getting to know students - according to the removal of diagnosis typologies. Presented basic treatment methods and therapeutic diagnoses, as well as diagnostic methods - their application and ethical considerations. The principles of diagnosing students with educational needs and the conditions for diagnosing the natural environment were also presented. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Le | earning o | outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |
|-------|-----------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Co    | ode       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| K01   |           | The student is able to use the acquired knowledge to analyze cases.  | KN3_K01                            | 2                              |
| U01   |           | The student is able to analyze and interpret legal aspects of diagnosis, including the diagnosis of specific learning difficulties.                          | KN3_U04                            | 4                              |
| U02   |           | The student is able to analyze and create diagnostic documentation of a student, including a student with specific learning difficulties.                    |                                    | 4                              |
| W01   |           | the student knows and understands aspects of the diagnosis of students, including students with specific learning  | KN3_W02                            | 1                              |
|       |           | difficulties   | KN3_W03                            | 1                              |
| W02   |           | The student knows and understands the principles of maintaining diagnostic documentation for a child, including a child with specific learning difficulties. | KN3_W05                            | 2                              |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |
|-----|-------------------------------|--|--|
|     | Code Category                 |  | Name (description)   |
| a01 |                               |  | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a |

|     |                          | passive reception of the information provided  |  |
|-----|--------------------------|--|--|
| b04 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |
| b07 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |  |
| b08 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |  |
| b09 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |  |



| 1 | . Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                 |                                   |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|   | Code                | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes     |
| 1 | -                   | lecture           | 10 | exam  | W01, W02                        | a01, c07                          |
| 2 | 1                   | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | K01, U01, U02                   | b04, b07, b08, b09, f01, f02, f03 |

| 11. The studer | nt's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu           | udes in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | Yes                     |
| a03            | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | Yes                     |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes                     |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes                     |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |
| d02            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade                                   | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | e module   |
|---|--|
| Module name   | Pedagogical research methodology   |
| Module code   | G24  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Metodologia badań pedagogicznych jest nauką traktującą o sposobach działań służących rozwiązywaniu problemów naukowych. Do podstawowych treści zalicza się opis postępowania badawczego jego składniki przedmiot badań, cele badań, problemy badawcze/hipotezy badawcze, metody badawcze. Założenia poznawcze oraz rola badawcza wyznacza wybór tok postępowania badawczego ilościowego lub jakościowego. Wszystkie efekty uczenia się zakładane w module planuje się osiągnąć w trakcie zajęć w kontakcie bezpośrednim z nauczycielami akademickimi, a także podczas pracy własnej studenta, obejmującej przygotowanie do form weryfikacji efektów uczenia się, wymagań określonych w module. |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |

| 8. Learnin | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |
|------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code       | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| MBP_U03    | Student potrafi stosować technikę pracy naukowej; (G.U4)  | KN3_K08                            | 4                              |
| MBP_U1     | Student potrafi zastosować wiedzę i umiejętności metodologiczne w projekcie badawczym; wybrać strategię badawczą, sformułować cel i przedmiot badań, opracować metody i techniki badań, sformułować problematykę badań, przygotować narzędzia badawczę, dobrać próbę badawczą, teren i wyznaczyć przebieg badań; (G. U3.)                 | KN3_U03                            | 4                              |
| MBP_U2     | Student potrafi dokonać analizy i interpretacji wyników badań oraz sformułować wnioski pedagogiczne z przeprowadzonych badań; (G.U2)  | KN3_U03                            | 4                              |
| MBP_W1     | Student zna i rozumie filozoficzne, metodologiczne i kulturowe podstawy badań społecznych i edukacyjnych, w tym   | KN3_W03                            | 4                              |
|            | koncepcje wiedzy, pojęcia nauki i statusu wiedzy naukowej; społeczno-kulturowe uwarunkowania badań naukowych; nurty filozoficzne, paradygmaty badawcze i strategie badań naukowych oraz znaczenie i sposoby budowania teorii w badaniach naukowych; (G.W1)  | KN3_W06                            | 3                              |
| MBP_W2     | Student zna i rozumie strukturę procesu badawczego w kontekście przyjętej strategii badań naukowych (strategie ilościowe, jakościowe i mieszane), zasady opracowania projektu badawczego, etapy badań naukowych, kryteria wyboru strategii badawczej, w tym cele badań, problemy i hipotezy badawcze, zmienne i związki między zmiennymi, | KN3_W06                            | 3                              |

|        | konceptualizację, operacjonalizację zmiennych; strategie i techniki doboru próby badawczej, definiowanie przypadku badawczego; rodzaje i typy podstawowych badań naukowych. (G.W2.)  |                    |        |
|--------|--|--------------------|--------|
| MBP_W3 | Student zna i rozumie specyfikę badań naukowych nad dziećmi i młodzieżą oraz osobami dorosłymi z niepełnosprawnościami; (G.W3)   | KN3_W06<br>KN3_W07 | 3<br>3 |
| MBP_W4 | Student zna i rozumie cele badawcze i typy badań w kontekście możliwości ich praktycznego zastosowania; sposoby praktycznego wykorzystania badań naukowych, w tym analizę i diagnozę sytuacji, analizę problemów społecznych i pedagogicznych, określanie potrzeb i planowanie działań interwencyjnych, ewaluację osiągnięć; krytyczno-emancypacyjny i transformacyjny potencjał badań naukowych; (G.W6) | KN3_W06            | 4      |
| MBP_W5 | Student zna i rozumie podstawowe zasady przeprowadzania badań naukowych, dylematy i wybory etyczne na różnych etapach procesu badawczego, problematykę zaangażowania uczestników badań; aspekty prezentacji wyników badań; zagadnienie uczciwości i rzetelności w pracy badawczej oraz pojęcie plagiatu w pracy badawczej; (G.W7)  | KN3_W07            | 4      |

| 9. Methods of | of conducting classes                |   |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)  |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided  |
| a03           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison   |
| b02           | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up  |
| c07           | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |
| d03           | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools   |
| e04           | Practical methods                    | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project |
| f02           | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |
| f03           | Methods of self-learning             | Conceptual work   |

| a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, ide<br>project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the<br>variant versions of a procedure/product/work |
|--|
|--|

| 1 | 0. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |   |                               |  |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---|-------------------------------|--|
|   | Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module                   | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| G | 25                | lecture           | 10 | course work                                       | MBP_U1, MBP_W1, MBP_W2,<br>MBP_W3, MBP_W4, MBP_W5 | a01, b02, c07, d03            |  |
| G | 26                | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | MBP_U03, MBP_U1, MBP_U2, MBP_W3, MBP_W4, MBP_W5   | a03, c07, d03, e04, f02, f03  |  |

| 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |  |                         |
|--|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code   | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01  | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |
| a02  | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a05  | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | No                      |
| b01  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| b03  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Consulting the schedule getting acquainted with the class schedule, possibly in the presence of the year tutor, in order to optimize participation in classes, including those supplementary to the core subjects listed in the pursued study programme  | Yes                     |
| c01  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes                     |
| c03  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | Yes                     |
| d01  | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes   | Yes                     |



| reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
|---|--|--|--|



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7.          | General information about the module   |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Module name |  | Pedagogy of play and play therapy  |  |  |
| Mod         | ule code   | ET25   |  |  |
| Nun         | ber of the ECTS credits  | 4  |  |  |
| Lan         | guage of instruction   |  |  |  |
|             | oose and description of the ent of education                                 | The module aims to familiarize students with the specificity of play as a very important form of human activity throughout life. As part of the course, students learn about the origins of play pedagogy, the possibilities of using play therapeutically to support human development and functioning at individual stages of life, as well as the activities of the Polish Association of Play Educators "Klanza". Play as a phenomenon will be considered in the context of educational processes from a lifelong perspective, which respects the regularities of development at its various stages. |  |  |
| com         | of modules that must be<br>pleted before starting this<br>ule (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| K01         | The graduate is ready to show empathy, support, and help to all participants of the educational process: the student/   | KN3_K02                            | 3                              |
|             | ward/participant, as well as guardians and other organizers of the educational process.   | KN3_K03                            | 3                              |
|             |   | KN3_K07                            | 3                              |
| U01         | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to use various types and forms of play to support the development and learning process of the child/ward, as well as his/her parents and teachers. He is also able to design a support process using various types and forms of play in working with people at particular stages of their development (childhood, adulthood, old age), with the aim of supporting their development and functioning. | KN3_U02                            | 2                              |
|             |   | KN3_U06                            | 1                              |
|             |   | KN3_U09                            | 2                              |
|             | and ago), with the aim of supporting their development and functioning.   | KN3_U10                            | 2                              |
| W01         | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands the importance of play to support the development and social functioning of children, adolescents and adults. Knows the types of games and can match them to the  | KN3_W02                            | 2                              |
|             |   | KN3_W08                            | 1                              |
|             | developmental needs of the student, as well as select the appropriate type and type of play to provide therapeutic support.   | KN3_W14                            | 3                              |



| Code | Category                    | Name (description)   |
|------|-----------------------------|--|
| b04  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b08  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| c05  | Demonstration methods       | Poster presentation a visual presentation of a problem and its proposed solutions, created by the person teaching the course or by a student on a poster board showing one major element or a collection of several elements in a coherent graphic form  |
| d03  | Programmed learning methods | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |
| e06  | Practical methods           | Observation also conducted as fieldwork; a method of watching phenomena, objects or people in a systematic/planned way in order to gain knowledge about them; perceptual separation of elements of a model action as an element of learning through imitation; a complex system of cognition based on sensory experiences  |
| f01  | Methods of self-learning    | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02  | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03  | Methods of self-learning    | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |



| 1 | ). Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |  |  |  |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
|   | Code              | Name              |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes          |  |  |
| 1 |                   | practical classes | 20 | course work | l ' '                           | b04, b08, c05, d03, e06, f01, f02, f03 |  |  |

| 11. The student' | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |  |
|------------------|---|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code             | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| a01              | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |  |  |
| a02              | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |  |  |
| a05              | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | Yes                     |  |  |
| b01              | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                           | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |  |  |
| c02              | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |  |  |
| c03              | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | Yes                     |  |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Pedagogy of social rehabilitation   |  |  |
| Module code   | ER1   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The student becomes acquainted with the theoretical foundations of social rehabilitation pedagogy - the basic terminology used in its context, historical outline (history of its creation in Poland), creators and continuators (representatives) of the discipline and their works and achievements in the field of rehabilitation pedagogy, issues of social maladjustment, systems (models) of social rehabilitation, preventive and educational institutions, correctional institutions, penitentiary institutions, and assistance institutions acting for individuals at risk of social maladjustment, minors and adult perpetrators of crimes. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |  |
| K01         | Student jest gotów do wykorzystania zdobytej wiedzy podczas zajęć do analizy napotykanych zdarzeń pedagogicznych tj. problemów społecznych z zakresu nieprzystosowania społecznego i przestępczości.  | KN3_K05                            | 2                              |  |  |  |  |
| U01         | Student potrafi przedstawić rys historyczny pedagogiki resocjalizacyjnej w Polsce w tym zwłaszcza wymienić jej twórców i ich dzieła, opisać ośrodki akademickie zajmujące się pedagogiką resocjalizacyjną (szkoły pedagogiki resocjalizacyjnej), wymienić i analizować podstawową aparaturę pojęciową (definicje), teorie, koncepcje oraz dylematy resocjalizacyjne. Student potrafi scharakteryzować (opisać/zdefiniować) proces nieprzystosowania społecznego oraz podać cechy (symptomy) ujawniające przez takie jednostki. Student potrafi przedstawić instytucje zajmujące się profilaktyką i resocjalizacją jednostek ujawniających symptomy demoralizacji i popełniających czyny karalne (przestępstwa). | KN3_K08<br>KN3_U01<br>KN3_U17      | 2<br>2<br>3                    |  |  |  |  |
| W01         | Student zna i rozumie teoretyczne podstawy pedagogiki resocjalizacyjnej – podstawową terminologię używaną na gruncie pedagogiki resocjalizacyjnej, zakres, rys historyczny (historię jej powstania w Polsce) – twórców dyscypliny i ich dzieła oraz kontynuatorów (reprezentantów) z wiodących (głównych) ośrodków akademickich (szkół pedagogiki resocjalizacyjnej) oraz ich dorobku (twórczości), współczesne koncepcje i teorie resocjalizacyjne, proces resocjalizacji w teorii i praktyce, dylematy resocjalizacyjne.  | KN3_W03<br>KN3_W04                 | 3<br>5                         |  |  |  |  |
| W02         | Student zna i rozumie kwestie dotyczące nieprzystosowania społecznego – w tym zwłaszcza jego rodzaje (typy) definiowania, symptomy (cechy, wskaźniki) oraz uwarunkowania.   | KN3_W02<br>KN3_W05                 | 3<br>4                         |  |  |  |  |



| W03 | Student zna i rozumie systemy (modele) resocjalizacji w Polsce, instytucje profilaktyczno-wychowawcze,   | KN3_W01 | 3 |
|-----|--|---------|---|
|     | resocjalizacyjno-poprawcze, penitencjarne i pomocowe działające na rzecz jednostek zagrożonych niedostosowaniem społecznym, nieletnich i dorosłych sprawców przestępstw. | KN3_W10 | 5 |

| Code | Category                             | Name (description)   |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|
| a01  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |
| b01  | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution   |
| b04  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b07  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| b08  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| c02  | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |
| c05  | Demonstration methods                | Poster presentation a visual presentation of a problem and its proposed solutions, created by the person teaching the course or by a student on a poster board showing one major element or a collection of several elements in a coherent graphic form  |
| c07  | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |



| 10. | Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |  |
|-----|----------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
|     | Code           | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| 01  |                | practical classes | 20 | course work                                       | K01, U01, W02, W03              | b04, b07, b08, c02, c05, c07  |  |
| 02  |                | lecture           | 20 | exam  | W01, W02, W03                   | a01, b01, c07                 |  |

| 11. The student's | work, apart from participation in classes, inclu          | udes in particular:   |                         |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code              | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01               | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                        | No                      |
| a02               | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |
| a05               | Preparation for classes                                   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes | No                      |
| b01               | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | No                      |
| c03               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course | No                      |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module   |  |
|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Pedagogy of the limitations of human existence   |  |
| Module code   | ET2  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module aims to introduce students to the issues of the limitations of the human condition and the field of contact between teaching and therapeutic work.  The content includes issues of the limitation of existence, the presence of a therapeutic element in education, and difficult experiences that constitute the basis for pedagogical work. |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K.1.        | The student is ready to self-reflect on professional development in terms of the existential conditions of teaching work   | KN3_K04                            | 2                              |  |  |
|             | and to use the acquired knowledge about the human condition in the analysis of pedagogical events.   | KN3_U16                            | 3                              |  |  |
| U.1         | The student can interpret correction and compensation as therapeutic interactions in the context of the complexity and limitations of human existence and determine teachers' attitudes toward existential deficits and limitations. | KN3_U02                            | 2                              |  |  |
| W.1.        | The student knows the basics of corrective pedagogy in the field of the relationship between education and therapy and   | KN3_W05                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             | the existential conditions of these activities.  | KN3_W08                            | 2                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_W10                            | 2                              |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes |          |  |  |
|-----|-------------------------------|----------|--|--|
|     | Code                          | Category | Name (description)   |  |
| a01 |                               |          | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |
| b01 |                               |          | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution   |  |

|   |                          | to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution  |  |
|---|--------------------------|--|--|
| an exchange of identification of turn-taking as or presenting of conference dis |                          | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |
| b09   | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |  |
| c07   | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |  |
| f01   | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |  |
| f02   | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |  |
| f03   | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |  |

| 10. Forms of tead   | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |                               |
|---|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code Name Number of hours Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module Learning outcomes of the module |                   |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01  | lecture           | 10 | exam        | W.1.                            | a01, b01, f01, f02            |
| 02.   | practical classes | 10 | course work | K.1., U.1, W.1.                 | b04, b09, c07, f01, f02, f03  |

| 11. The student's | e student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |    |
|-------------------|--|---|----|
| Code              | Category   | Category Name (description)   |    |
| a02               | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class | No |
| a03               | Preparation for classes  | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those  | No |

|     |   | developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)   |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| a05 | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | No  |
| c02 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No  |
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes |
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7.          | General information about the module                                    |   |
|-------------|---|---|
| Module name |   | Penitentiary diagnosis  |
| Mod         | lule code   | ER5   |
| Nun         | nber of the ECTS credits  | 4   |
| Lan         | guage of instruction  |   |
|             | pose and description of the cent of education                           | The conducted classes aim to provide knowledge about the stages and conditions of the diagnostic process, equip with knowledge regarding basic diagnostic methods and the scope of their application, sensitize to possible errors made in the diagnostic reasoning process, draw attention to ethical issues and limitations in diagnosing in a prison environment; develop skills in planning and conducting the diagnostic process in the penitentiary rehabilitation process. |
| com         | of modules that must be pleted before starting this lule (if necessary) | not applicable  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| E.1R.K2     | The student can use the acquired knowledge to analyze pedagogical events.   | KN3_K03                            | 5                              |  |  |
| E.1R.U2.    | The student can analyze and apply diagnosis in social rehabilitation; analyze the diagnosis of deficits and potentials; present and analyze diagnostic models; use the diagnosis of sources of social maladjustment; analyze and apply the diagnosis of individuals at risk and socially maladjusted; analyze and interpret criminological diagnosis. | KN3_U04                            | 5                              |  |  |
| E.1R.W2.    | The student is familiar with and understands the role of diagnosis in social rehabilitation, the diagnosis of deficits, the diagnosis of potentials, diagnostic models in social rehabilitation, the diagnosis of sources of social maladjustment, the diagnosis of individuals at risk and socially maladjusted, and criminological diagnosis.       | KN3_W05                            | 5                              |  |  |

| 9. Methods of conducting classes |                         |  |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Code                             | Category                | Name (description)   |
| b02                              | Problem-solving methods | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |
| b08                              | Problem-solving methods | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning |

|  |  | situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another   |
|--|--|--|
| c02  | Demonstration methods  | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.                                   |
| c07  | Demonstration methods  | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d01 Programmed learning methods  Working with a computer e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out st own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds tow |  | Working with a computer e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices, computer programs and Internet applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out step by step according to the plan laid own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds towards producing the indicated results within the set deadline |
| d03  | Programmed learning methods  | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |
| e04  | Practical methods  Project scheduling  proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., iden  project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), est  schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reasses  assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project |  |
| f01  | Methods of self-learning   | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02  | Methods of self-learning   | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03  | Methods of self-learning   | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |



| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |   |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Code               | Name              |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes               |
| E.1R.K2.           | practical classes | 10 | course work | I '                             | b08, c02, c07, d01, d03, e04, f01, f02, f03 |
| E.1R.W2.           | lecture           | 10 | exam        | E.1R.W2.                        | b02, f02                                    |

| 11. The student's | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code              | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a05               | ·   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes           | Yes                     |
| c03               |   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course | Yes                     |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7.  | General information about the module                                    |   |
|-----|---|---|
| Мо  | dule name   | Philosophy and ethics   |
| Mod | lule code   | A1  |
| Nur | nber of the ECTS credits  | 2   |
| Lan | guage of instruction  | Polish  |
|     | oose and description of the tent of education                           | The "Philosophy and Ethics" module has three goals. The first goal is to explain what philosophy and ethics are. The second goal is to present students with the most important anthropological and ethical concepts present in philosophical thinking in subsequent eras (ancient, medieval, modern, and contemporary philosophy). The third goal is to discuss selected ontological and epistemological problems that understanding is necessary for competent participation in the contemporary discourse of social sciences (e.g. dispute about universals, psychophysical problem, dispute about the sources of knowledge, truth, absolutism and relativism, skepticism, scientific knowledge, etc.). All learning outcomes will be completed during lectures. |
| con | of modules that must be pleted before starting this lule (if necessary) | not applicable  |

| 8. Learning | rning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |
| A1_1        | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie główne kategorie i pojęcia filozofii oraz etyki, uwzględniając wiedzę na<br>temat różnych subdyscyplin, obejmującą terminologię i teorie              | KN3_W01                            | 3                              |  |
| A1_2        | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie zasady i normy etycznego postępowania oraz etyki zawodu pedagoga specjalnego  | KN3_W07                            | 5                              |  |
| A1_3        | W zakresie umiejętności absolwent potrafi wykorzystywać i integrować wiedzę teoretyczną z zakresu filozofii i etyki w celu analizy złożonych problemów edukacyjnych, wychowawczych, kulturowych | KN3_U01                            | 4                              |  |
| A1_4        | W zakresie kompetencji społecznych absolwent jest gotów do przestrzegania zasad etyki zawodowej pedagoga specjalnego  | KN3_K01                            | 3                              |  |
| A1_5        | W zakresie kompetencji społecznych absolwent jest gotów do przestrzegania zasad etyki zawodowej pedagoga specjalnego  | KN3_K01                            | 3                              |  |

| 10 11 | Methods of conducting classes |                         |                       |
|-------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|
|       | Code Category                 |                         | Name (description)    |
| b01   |                               | Problem-solving methods | Problem-based lecture |

|     |                             | an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution   |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|
| b02 | Problem-solving methods     | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |
| c07 | Demonstration methods       | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image |
| d02 | Programmed learning methods | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |

|     | 10. Forms of teacl | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |
|-----|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| - [ | 41_f1              | lecture           | 20 | exam  | A1_1, A1_2, A1_3, A1_4, A1_5    | b01, b02, c07, d02, f02       |

| 11. | The student's v | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |
|-----|-----------------|--|--|-------------------------|
|     | Code            | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02 |                 | ·  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | Yes                     |
| c02 |                 | -  | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Practical module of assistance  |  |  |
| Module code   | F38   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Zamierzone efekty planuje się osiągnąć dzięki uczestnictwu studentów (w niewielkich grupach typu laboratoryjnego) wraz ze swoim opiekunem (nauczycielem akademickim) w codziennej działalności placówek opiekuńczo-wychowawczych i resocjalizacyjnych. Zakładana forma zajęć stwarza optymalne warunki do zapoznania się studentów ze specyfiką funkcjonowania różnorodnych typów placówek podejmujących działalność pedagogiczną (takich jak dom dziecka, czy zakład karny), dzięki czemu łatwiej będzie im podjąć decyzję o wyborze specjalności. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |  |
| U01         | Student potrafi opisać i ocenić funkcje placówek pedagogicznych (np. dom dziecka, zakład karny, świetlica  | KN3_K03                            | 3                              |  |  |  |  |
|             | socjoterapeutyczna), do których trafiają osoby, które doświadczyły różnorodnych zakłóceń socjalizacyjnych.   | KN3_U02                            | 2                              |  |  |  |  |
| W01         | Student wskazuje i charakteryzuje różne środowiska społeczne, w tym instytucje realizujące cele opiekuńczowychowawcze i resocjalizacyjne oraz prezentuje uporządkowaną wiedzę dotyczącą specyfiki tych środowisk i procesów w nich zachodzących. Student ma podstawową wiedzę o uczestnikach działalności opiekuńczo-wychowawczej i resocjalizacyjnej. | KN3_W01                            | 2                              |  |  |  |  |
| W02         | Student zna zasady działania placówek opiekuńczo-wychowawczych oraz resocjalizacyjnych.  | KN3_W08                            | 2                              |  |  |  |  |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code          | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |  |
| b07           | Problem-solving methods       | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon |  |  |
| c01           | Demonstration methods         | Exhibition   |  |  |



|     | preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue  |
|-----|--|
| c02 | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc. |

| LO. Forms of tead | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |                               |
|-------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code              | Name              |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| )1                | internship        | 30 | course work | U01, W01, W02                   | b07, c01, c02                 |

| 11. The studer | t's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu            | ıdes in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a05            | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | Yes                     |
| b03            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Consulting the schedule getting acquainted with the class schedule, possibly in the presence of the year tutor, in order to optimize participation in classes, including those supplementary to the core subjects listed in the pursued study programme  | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| d03            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Review of internship documentation an analysis of the portfolio of documentation obtained during internship, including professional internship, and other practical classes and studio sessions, as well as the documentation developed in order to obtain credit for such classes; verification of the description, necessary attachments, opinions and grades before submitting the portfolio for acceptance   | Yes                     |
| e01            | Activities complementary to the classes                         | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Promotion of a healthy lifestyle  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER11  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  |   |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | During lectures and exercises, students learn basic issues related to health, health education, health promotion, and prevention of diseases and bio-psycho-social disorders. The classes aim to draw attention to the importance of the family environment in modeling health behaviors of children and adolescents, body care, and psychosocial health. Selected social and civilization diseases are analyzed. The classes cover issues related to physical activity, safety in everyday life, mental health, and nutrition. |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learn | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|----------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code     | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| E.1R.W4  | pedagogy, the role of the school as a social and educational environment and promoting health behaviors, the role, and tasks of teachers, educators, school pedagogues, and social rehabilitation pedagogues in shaping health behaviors. | KN3_K08<br>KN3_U02<br>KN3_U04      | 3<br>5<br>4                    |  |  |

| 9. Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Code             | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |
| b04              | Problem-solving methods       | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |
| c07              | Demonstration methods         | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points,   |  |



|     |   | charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
|-----|---|---|
| f02 | 3 | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue |

| 10. | Forms of teaching |                   |    |             |                                 |                               |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code              | Name              |    | J           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| Ć   |                   | practical classes | 10 | course work | E.1R.W4                         | b04, c07, f02                 |

| 11. The studen | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |  |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                               | No                      |  |  |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |  |  |
| a04            | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |  |  |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course        | Yes                     |  |  |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes                     | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes | Yes                     |  |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about t  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Psycho- and sociotherapy methods  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER16  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 5   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The course aims to provide information on the principles of organizing therapeutic activities and the possibilities of using selected therapeutic techniques in planning and conducting preventive and intervention measures. During the course, students will learn techniques from various therapeutic modalities and acquire the ability to diagnose processes occurring in the group. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |
| U1          | The student can analyze and apply selected techniques of sociotherapy and psychotherapy.              | KN3_K01                            | 4                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_K02                            | 4                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_K03                            | 3                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_K04                            | 3                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U01                            | 3                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U04                            | 4                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U06                            | 4                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U07                            | 5                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U10                            | 3                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U11                            | 5                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U16                            | 3                              |  |
| U2          | The student can analyze and apply the work methods of an educator carrying out resocialization tasks. | KN3_K01                            | 4                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_K03                            | 3                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_K04                            | 4                              |  |

|    |  | KN3_U01 | 4 |
|----|--|---------|---|
|    |  | KN3_U04 | 4 |
|    |  | KN3_U06 | 4 |
|    |  | KN3_U07 | 5 |
|    |  | KN3_U09 | 3 |
|    |  | KN3_U10 | 3 |
|    |  | KN3_U11 | 5 |
|    |  | KN3_U16 | 3 |
| W1 | The student knows and understands the assumptions, methods, and forms of implementing sociotherapy and | KN3_K03 | 5 |
|    | psychotherapy.   | KN3_K04 | 5 |
|    |  | KN3_U01 | 5 |
|    |  | KN3_W05 | 3 |
|    |  | KN3_W08 | 4 |
|    |  | KN3_W12 | 4 |
|    |  | KN3_W14 | 3 |
| W2 | The student knows and understands the educator's working methods for resocialization tasks.            | KN3_K04 | 4 |
|    |  | KN3_K05 | 3 |
|    |  | KN3_K07 | 3 |
|    |  | KN3_W05 | 4 |
|    |  | KN3_W08 | 4 |
|    |  | KN3_W12 | 5 |
|    |  | KN3_W14 | 4 |

| 9. Methods of c | Methods of conducting classes        |   |  |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Code            | Category                             | Name (description)  |  |
| a01             | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided  |  |
| b01             | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution  |  |
| b02             | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up  |  |
| b04             | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, |  |

|     |                          | conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem   |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| b07 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| b09 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |
| b10 | Problem-solving methods  | SWOT analysis a method of analyzing a phenomenon/action/work of an institution, employed to organize information and solve problems; applied in strategic planning, project implementation or solving a business or organizational problem; a universal tool to be used in the initial stage of a strategic analysis which involves sorting information about a problem into four categories: strengths and weaknesses, opportunities and threats; SWOT analysis makes it possible to determine the factors in favour of a project and its chances for success, as well as eliminating or reducing negative factors and threats to the project at the stage of early diagnosis |
| c02 | Demonstration methods    | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| e01 | Practical methods        | Laboratory exercise / experiment [also conducted as fieldwork] a method of practical application of knowledge; implemented in three stages: the recognition of a problem induced by the task content, the formulation of the problem and the attempt to solve it accompanied by the assessment of the effects; the goal is to acquire skills, abilities and habits, and to consolidate the acquired knowledge so that it becomes operational; the laboratory method assumes greater independence of learners than carrying out an experiment   |
| e03 | Practical methods        | Creation/production – creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production   |
| e04 | Practical methods        | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |

| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue                                |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| f03 |                          | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work |

| 10 | Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |   |
|----|----------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|---|
|    | Code           | Code Name         |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                       |
| Ćv | /1             | practical classes | 20 | course work                                       | 1 '                             | b04, b07, b10, c07, e01, e03,<br>e04, f01, f02, f03 |
| W2 | _              | lecture           | 10 | exam  | W1, W2                          | a01, b01, b02, b09, c02, c07                        |

| 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |   |                         |
|--|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code   | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01  | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | Yes                     |
| a02  | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | Yes                     |
| a04  | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation  | Yes                     |
| a05  | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes       | Yes                     |
| b01  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | Yes                     |
| c01  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc. | Yes                     |
| c03  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course      | Yes                     |
| d01  | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation  | Yes                     |



|     | of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes  |     |
|-----|--|-----|
| e01 | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | 7. General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Psychological and pedagogical support at school  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER2  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Familiarizing students with the subject of providing psychological and pedagogical assistance at school (planning, organization, conducting), thanks to which they will be ready to use the acquired knowledge to analyze pedagogical events related to the need to provide psychological and pedagogical assistance at school. The following content will be discussed during the course:  1. Basic concepts related to psychological and pedagogical assistance at school. Legal provisions and planning, organization and provision of psychological and pedagogical assistance for children and adolescents.  2. Types of psychological and pedagogical assistance provided at school and assessment of their effectiveness.  3. Opinion vs. judgment of a psychological and pedagogical counseling center and the principles of providing psychological and pedagogical assistance. The powers of the psychological and pedagogical counseling center to issue opinions and decisions.  4. The role of a school pedagogue/psychologist in providing psychological and pedagogical assistance at school.  5. The role of the principal, tutor, teacher, speech therapist, career counselor, and pedagogical therapist in providing psychological and pedagogical assistance at school.  6. Conducting educational, informational and preventive activities in order to prevent the occurrence of risky behaviors.  7. Additional solutions in the field of psychological and pedagogical assistance. Psychological and pedagogical assistance during an epidemic threat. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | . Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K01         | The student is able to use the acquired knowledge to plan, organize and provide psychological and pedagogical | KN3_K02                            | 1                              |  |  |
|             | assistance at school.   | KN3_K03                            | 2                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_K04                            | 2                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_K07                            | 3                              |  |  |
| U01         | The student is able to design activities in the field of psychological and pedagogical assistance at school.  | KN3_U04                            | 2                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_U05                            | 2                              |  |  |

|     |  | KN3_U06            | 2      |
|-----|--|--------------------|--------|
| U02 | The student is able to analyze the role and tasks of teachers, tutors and school/special educators in solving educational problems at school.  | KN3_U04            | 3      |
| W01 | The student knows and understands the role of the school, including the role and tasks of teachers, tutors and school/special educators in providing psychological and pedagogical assistance. | KN3_W05<br>KN3_W11 | 3<br>3 |

| 9. Methods o | . Methods of conducting classes      |  |  |  |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code         | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a01          | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |  |
| b04          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |
| b07          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |  |  |
| b08          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |  |  |
| b09          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |  |  |
| c07          | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |  |  |
| f01          | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |  |  |
| f02          | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied  |  |  |

|     | issue  |
|-----|--|
| f03 | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work |

| 10. | Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |  |
|-----|----------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
|     | Code           | Name              |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes          |
| 1   |                | lecture           | 10 | course work | W01                             | a01, c07                               |
| 2   |                | practical classes | 20 | course work | ·                               | b04, b07, b08, b09, c07, f01, f02, f03 |

| 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |  |                         |
|--|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code   | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02  | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a05  | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes                | Yes                     |
| b01  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes   | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| c01  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes   | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.          | Yes                     |
| c02  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes  Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class |  | No                      |
| c03  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  |  | Yes                     |
| d01  | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes  Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes                             |  | Yes                     |
| d02  | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes   | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade | Yes                     |





| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the module   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Psychological assistance in corrective and care-educational work   |  |  |
| Module code   | ET8  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The course aims to provide students with information on recognizing and meeting pupils' individual development and educational needs. During the classes, students will learn to identify the pupils' psychophysical capabilities and environmental factors influencing their functioning. Students will also learn about practical possibilities of supporting the pupils' development potential and creating conditions for their active and full participation in the educational and social environment. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | B. Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K1          | The student is ready to resolve conflicts professionally in the school classroom and educational group.        | KN3_K01                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_K02                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_K04                            | 5                              |  |  |
| U1          | The student can present the clinical and psychological picture of a pupil with specific learning difficulties. | KN3_U01                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U05                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U17                            | 5                              |  |  |
| U2          | The student can analyze the psychological aspects of corrective pedagogy and apply appropriate interventions.  | KN3_U04                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U07                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U08                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U10                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U11                            | 5                              |  |  |
| W1          | The student knows the clinical and psychological picture of a pupil with specific learning difficulties.       | KN3_W02                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_W04                            | 2                              |  |  |

|    |  | KN3_W09 | 4 |
|----|--|---------|---|
| W2 | The student knows the psychological aspects of corrective pedagogy and therapeutic interactions. | KN3_W08 | 4 |
|    |  | KN3_W09 | 3 |
|    |  | KN3_W11 | 4 |
|    |  | KN3_W12 | 5 |

|               |                                      | KINS_WIZ 3   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 9. Methods of | 9. Methods of conducting classes     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |  |  |  |  |
| b02           | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |  |  |  |  |  |
| b04           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solution or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision to conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialis in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |  |  |  |
| b08           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |  |  |  |  |  |
| c02           | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| c07           | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |  |  |  |  |  |
| e01           | Practical methods                    | Laboratory exercise / experiment [also conducted as fieldwork] a method of practical application of knowledge; implemented in three stages: the recogn a problem induced by the task content, the formulation of the problem and the attempt to solve it accompanied by the assessment of the effects; the goal is to acquire skills, abilities and habits, and to consolidate the acquired knowledge it becomes operational; the laboratory method assumes greater independence of learners than carrying out an experiment.  |  |  |  |  |  |
| e03           | Practical methods                    | Creation/production – creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production   |  |  |  |  |  |
| e04           | Practical methods                    | Project scheduling   |  |  |  |  |  |
|               |                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |

|     |                          | proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |

| 10. Fo | Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                 |  |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|--|
|        | Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes          |
| Ćw1    |                   | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | 1 ' '                           | b04, c07, e01, e03, e04, f01, f02, f03 |
| W1     |                   | lecture           | 10 | exam  | W1, W2                          | a01, b02, b08, c02, c07, f02           |

| 11. The studen | nt's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu     | udes in particular:   |                         |
|----------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                        | Yes                     |
| a02            | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | Yes                     |
| a04            | Preparation for classes                                   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation  | Yes                     |
| a05            | Preparation for classes                                   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes | Yes                     |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities,   | Yes                     |

|     |   | implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course                | Yes |
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes         | Yes |
| d02 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Psychology  |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | B6  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 5   |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module aims to familiarize students with the basics of general psychology. The content includes the following topics: the subject, goals, and tasks of general psychology, research methods used in general psychology, personality and its determinants, cognitive, emotional, and motivational processes, and individual differences. The main branches of psychology and the main schools of psychology will also be presented. During the module, the main theories within general psychology will be discussed, along with the methods used to testing them. |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | g outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                      |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of<br>competent<br>(scale 1-5) |
| K01         | In terms of social competences, the graduate is ready to look for new resources that enrich the teaching content.   | KN3_K03                            | 3                                    |
| U01         | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to observe students' development processes.  | KN3_U02                            | 3                                    |
| U02         | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to observe social behaviors and its determinants.  | KN3_U02                            | 3                                    |
| U03         | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to communicate in a conflict situation.  | KN3_U09                            | 3                                    |
| U04         | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to recognize students' barriers and difficulties in the learning process, communication, and social functioning, including those caused by environmental factors.  | KN3_U06<br>KN3_U07                 | 4 3                                  |
| U05         | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to recognize the student's needs for psychosocial support.   | KN3_U06                            | 3                                    |
| U06         | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to identify the student's needs in developing talents and interests.   | KN3_U06                            | 3                                    |
| U07         | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to effectively cope with stress and use strategies to cope with difficulties.  | KN3_U10                            | 3                                    |
| W01         | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands the basic concepts of psychology: cognitive processes, perception, reception and processing of information, speech process, thinking and reasoning, learning and memory, the role of attention, emotions, and motivations in the processes of behavior regulation, abilities, and talents; psychology of individual differences - differences in intelligence, temperament, personality, and cognitive style. | KN3_W02                            | 3                                    |

| W02 | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands the theory of social perception and communication: social behavior and its determinants, interpersonal situations, empathy, assertive, aggressive, and submissive behavior, attitudes, stereotypes, prejudices, stress and coping with it, communication between people in institutions; rules of cooperation; communication processes; communication styles of students and teacher; principles of emotional communication in the classroom and in conflict situations; barriers to communication, especially in the classroom; various forms of communication – self-presentation, active listening, effective transmission, non-verbal communication; the influence of the media on changes in contemporary communication and the educational process. | KN3_W02<br>KN3_W14 | 4 3 |
|-----|---|--------------------|-----|
| W03 | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands the learning process: learning models - classical concepts and contemporary approaches, learning methods and techniques, learning difficulties, their causes and strategies for overcoming them, methods and techniques for identifying and supporting the development of talents and interests, techniques and methods for improving communication with and between students.  | KN3_W02<br>KN3_W14 | 3   |

| 9. Methods | of conducting classes                |  |
|------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Code       | Category                             | Name (description)   |
| a01        | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |
| a05        | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
| b01        | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution   |
| b04        | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b08        | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| b09        | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |
| c02        | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |
| c07        | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation  |

|     |                             | a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|
| d02 | Programmed learning methods | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |
| d03 | Programmed learning methods | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning    | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |

| 10. | Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |  |  |
|-----|----------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
|     | Code           | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                    |  |
| 01  |                | practical classes | 10 | 1   |                                 | a05, b04, b08, b09, c02, c07, d02, d03, f01, f02 |  |
| 02  |                | lecture           | 20 | exam  | K01, U01, U02, W01, W02, W03    | a01, a05, b01, c02, c07, d03, f01                |  |

| 11. The studen | t's work, apart from participation in class | ses, includes in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category                                    | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes                     | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | No                      |
| a02            | Preparation for classes                     | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |
| a03            | Preparation for classes                     | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | No                      |
| a04            | Preparation for classes                     | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation  | Yes                     |
| a05            | Preparation for classes                     | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes       | Yes                     |

| b01 | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No  |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| c01 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | No  |
| c02 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | Yes |
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes                   | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | No  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Psycho-pedagogical diagnosis  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER4   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the module is to introduce the student to the basic concepts of psycho-pedagogical diagnosis, models of diagnosis, principles and rules of the diagnostic process. At the end of the module the student will be able to understand the determinants of the diagnostic process, to conceptualise and operationalise basic diagnostic problems, to construct an individual diagnostic model, to construct basic diagnostic tools, to use a basic catalogue of techniques and tools used in educational diagnosis (with special emphasis on their use in rehabilitation). |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| E.1R.K2.    | The graduate will be able to use the knowledge gained in the analysis of pedagogical events.                            | KN3_K01                            | 3                              |
|             |   | KN3_K07                            | 3                              |
| E.1R.U2.    | Graduates will be able to analyse and apply psycho-pedagogical diagnosis, analyse diagnosis of deficits and potentials, | KN3_U04                            | 3                              |
|             | present and analyse diagnostic models.  | KN3_U06                            | 3                              |
| E.1R.W2.    | The graduate knows and understands psycho-pedagogical diagnosis, including diagnosis in the field of rehabilitation,    | KN3_W02                            | 3                              |
|             | diagnosis of deficits, diagnosis of potentials, diagnostic models.  | KN3_W05                            | 3                              |

| 9.  | Methods of cor | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |
|-----|----------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
|     | Code           | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |
| a01 |                |                               | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |
| b02 |                | Problem-solving methods       | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up                         |  |

| b04 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| b07 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| b10 | Problem-solving methods  | SWOT analysis a method of analyzing a phenomenon/action/work of an institution, employed to organize information and solve problems; applied in strategic planning, project implementation or solving a business or organizational problem; a universal tool to be used in the initial stage of a strategic analysis which involves sorting information about a problem into four categories: strengths and weaknesses, opportunities and threats; SWOT analysis makes it possible to determine the factors in favour of a project and its chances for success, as well as eliminating or reducing negative factors and threats to the project at the stage of early diagnosis   |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |

| 10. | Forms of teaching |      |                 |   |                                 |                               |
|-----|-------------------|------|-----------------|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code              | Name | Number of hours | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
|     |                   |      |                 |   |                                 |                               |

 ER4C
 practical classes
 20
 course work
 E.1R.K2., E.1R.U2., E.1R.W2.
 b04, b07, b10, c07, f02, f03

 ER4W
 lecture
 20
 exam
 E.1R.K2., E.1R.W2.
 a01, b02, c07

| 11. The student's | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |  |
|-------------------|--|---|-------------------------|--|
| Code              | Category   | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |
| a02               | ·  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class | No                      |  |

|     |  | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No  |
|-----|--|--|-----|
| c02 |  | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No  |
| c03 |  |  | Yes |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |
|---|---|--|
| Module name   | Safety in a social rehabilitation facility  |  |
| Module code   | ER8   |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  |   |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Ensuring safety in penitentiary and rehabilitation institutions is a guarantee of society's sense of security. The Prison Service and social rehabilitation facilities for minors carry out their tasks in the field of ensuring public order and conducting social rehabilitation activities. Probation staff, while performing their duties, must comply with orders and instructions regulating the level of personal safety of employees and officers. The application of solutions and rules at the place of performance of official duties has a direct impact on the safety of the social rehabilitation unit and its residents. Appropriate preparation of workplaces or services effectively minimizes the risk of extraordinary events that may result in loss of health or life. |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |

| 8.  | Learning o | arning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                      |  |
|-----|------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|     | Code       | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of<br>competenc<br>(scale 1-5) |  |
| K01 |            | Absolwent jest gotów do wykorzystania w praktyce posiadanej wiedzy i umiejętności oraz ich stosowania na różnych  | KN3_K01                            | 1                                    |  |
|     |            | poziomach oddziaływań, począwszy od poziomu oddziaływań profilaktyczno-prewencyjnych do poziomu oddziaływań interwencyjnych z zastosowaniem środków przymusu bezpośredniego oraz samoobrony i działania w stanie wyższej konieczności.                                  | KN3_K05                            | 5                                    |  |
| U01 |            | Absolwent potrafi w praktyce wykorzystywać zdobytą wiedzę teoretyczną, wie jak stosować przepisy, instrukcje i  | KN3_U01                            | 2                                    |  |
|     |            | zarządzenia, które regulują politykę bezpieczeństwa w placówkach resocjalizacyjnych. Student ma świadomość<br>odpowiedzialności dyscyplinarnej w przypadku uchybień lub nie stosowaniu przepisów regulujących zasady<br>bezpieczeństwa w placówkach resocjalizacyjnych. | KN3_U02                            | 2                                    |  |
| W01 |            | Absolwent zna i rozumie jaki jest cel i znaczenie zapewnienia bezpieczeństwa osobistego uczestników procesu   | KN3_W01                            | 2                                    |  |
|     |            | resocjalizacji dla prawidłowej i skutecznej realizacji zadań placówki i oddziaływań indywidualnych wobec podopiecznych  | KN3_W05                            | 2                                    |  |

| 9.  | Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes |   |  |
|-----|---------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
|     | Code Category |                               | Name (description)                      |  |
| b04 |               | Problem-solving methods       | Activating method – discussion / debate |  |

|     |                          | an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| b06 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method — staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme  |
| b07 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| c01 | Demonstration methods    | Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue   |
| c06 | Demonstration methods    | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours   |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| e06 | Practical methods        | Observation also conducted as fieldwork; a method of watching phenomena, objects or people in a systematic/planned way in order to gain knowledge about them; perceptual separation of elements of a model action as an element of learning through imitation; a complex system of cognition based on sensory experiences  |
| e07 | Practical methods        | Simulation an indirect method; imitating reality in order to gain experience approximating a real one; recreating a real-world situation so that its participant can acquire an experience close to the authentic one; work on "replacement" material  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01                 | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | K01, U01, W01                   | b04, b06, b07, c01, c06, c07, |



|                |   | e06, e07, f02  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| 11. The studen | it's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu     | udes in particular:  |                         |
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | Yes                     |
| a02            | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a04            | Preparation for classes                                   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes                     |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Seminar module 1  |  |  |
| Module code   | G26   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
|   | Student ustala wraz z promotorem temat pracy dyplomowej z uwzględnieniem możliwości jego realizacji w terenie (dostępność próby badawczej). Analiza dostępnej literatury przedmiotu w zakresie uzgodnionej z promotorem tematyki. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| K01         | Student stosuje etyczne normy w pracy badawczej   | KN3_K01                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
| U01         | Student przygotowuje projekt badawczy z zastosowaniem wybranej przez siebie strategii badań (ilościowej, jakościowej lub mieszanej).  | KN3_U03                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
| U02         | Student potrafi w sposób klarowny i spójny wypowiadać się pisemnie i dyskutować o badanym zjawisku społecznym,  | KN3_U03                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
|             | kulturowym czy edukacyjnym, korzystając z dobrze rozumianych pojęć teoretycznych i teorii, korzystając z dorobku różnych subdyscyplin pedagogicznych oraz innych dyscyplin naukowych. | KN3_U05                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_U06                            | 3                              |  |  |  |

| 9. Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Code             | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |
| a05              |                               | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |  |
| b04              |                               | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists |  |

|     |                          | in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem  |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
|     |                          | in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem  |
| c06 | Demonstration methods    | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours |
| e08 | Practical methods        | Practice-as-research also conducted as fieldwork; an activity aimed at confronting the acquired theory with practice through its practical application; students situate themselves in the reality they observe, study and transform through the prism of the theory; the method of practical classes is dominated by the application of knowledge to solving practical tasks  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |                 |             |                                 |                                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Code               | Name              | Number of hours | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes     |
| 01                 | seminar           | 10              | course work | K01, U01, U02                   | a05, b04, c06, e08, f01, f02, f03 |

| 11. The student | 's work, apart from participation in classes, incl        | udes in particular:  |                         |
|-----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code            | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01             | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | Yes                     |
| a02             | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a04             | Preparation for classes                                   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation                                 | Yes                     |
| b01             | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| c01             | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes  | Yes                     |

|     |   | devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| c02 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | Yes |
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | Yes |
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes |
| d02 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade   | Yes |
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes                         | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | No  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Seminar module 2  |  |  |
| Module code   | G27   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Student przedstawia promotorowi do sprawdzenia kolejne partie części teoretycznej zgodnie z koncepcją pracy dyplomowej. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | _earning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| U01         | Student posiada przekonanie o celowości podejmowania badań nie tylko na potrzeby pracy dyplomowej, ale także na                  | KN3_K03                            | 2                              |  |  |
|             | potrzeby późniejszej pracy zawodowej; jest aktywny, rozwija swe zainteresowania, z determinacją realizuje swój projekt badawczy. | KN3_K05                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             | bauawczy.  | KN3_K06                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_K08                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U01                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U03                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U05                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U06                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U10                            | 2                              |  |  |

| 9. Methods of d | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code            | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a05             | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course |  |  |
| b04             | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate  |  |  |

|     |                          | an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| e08 | Practical methods        | Practice-as-research also conducted as fieldwork; an activity aimed at confronting the acquired theory with practice through its practical application; students situate themselves in the reality they observe, study and transform through the prism of the theory; the method of practical classes is dominated by the application of knowledge to solving practical tasks  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |

| 1 | .0. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |                               |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|   | Code               | Name              |    | J           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| ( | )1                 | seminar           | 10 | course work | U01                             | a05, b04, e08, f01, f02, f03  |

| 11. The student | L. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |  |  |
|-----------------|---|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code            | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| a01             | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | Yes                     |  |  |
| a02             | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |  |  |
| a04             | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation  | Yes                     |  |  |
| c01             | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc. | Yes                     |  |  |
| c02             | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class   | Yes                     |  |  |

|     |   | exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   |     |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes |
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes |
| d02 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade   | Yes |
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes                         | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | seneral information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Seminar module 3   |  |  |
| Module code   | G28  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Student konsultuje z promotorem treści pracy dyplomowej związane z rozdziałem metodologicznym oraz prowadzeniem badań. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| K01         | Student jest świadomy istnienia etycznego wymiaru w prowadzonych przez siebie badaniach  | KN3_K01                            | 5                              |
|             |  | KN3_K08                            | 5                              |
| W01         | Student zna i rozumie, jakie są etapy i strategie badawcze, potrafi stawiać cele badawcze, formułować problemy i                         | KN3_U03                            | 5                              |
|             | rozróżnić najczęściej wykorzystywane metody i techniki empirycznych badań pedagogicznych, zna zasady konstrukcji<br>narzędzi badawczych. | KN3_W06                            | 5                              |
|             | marzędzi badawczych.   | KN3_W07                            | 5                              |

| 9. Methods of o | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code            | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a05             | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |  |  |
| b04             | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |

| e08 | Practical methods        | Practice-as-research also conducted as fieldwork; an activity aimed at confronting the acquired theory with practice through its practical application; students situate themselves in the reality they observe, study and transform through the prism of the theory; the method of practical classes is dominated by the application of knowledge to solving practical tasks |
|-----|--------------------------|---|
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |                               |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code               | Name              |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01                 | seminar           | 20 | course work | K01, W01                        | a05, b04, e08, f01, f02, f03  |

| 11. The studer | nt's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu   | udes in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes  Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                           |  | Yes                     |
| a02            |   |  | No                      |
| a04            | Preparation for classes  Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   |  | Yes                     |
| a05            | Preparation for classes  Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation of developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes |  | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes   | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes                     |

| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes |
| d02 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade   | Yes |
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes                         | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Seminar module 4  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | G29   |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3   |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Modułu Seminarium realizowany w 4 semestrze studiów zakończony jest zaliczeniem z oceną uzyskiwanym na podstawie złożonej promotorowi pracy dyplomowej. Praca dyplomowa przygotowana samodzielnie przez studenta powinna być potwierdzeniem jego kompetencji w zakresie projektowania, planowania, redagowania wypowiedzi pisemnej, poprawnego realizowania procesu badawczego. Praca ta powinna również wskazywać na potencjał studenta w konstruktywnym posługiwaniu się wiedzą i umiejętnościami nabytymi podczas studiów, zaprezentowany w formie propozycji rozwiązań praktycznych oraz teoretycznego wnioskowania. Student oddaje promotorowi gotową pracę dyplomową. Ocena wynika z oszacowania wartości czterech jej części: 1. Rozdziału teoretycznego (jakość merytoryczna), 2. Rozdziału metodologicznego (poprawność), 3. Rozdziału empirycznego (poprawność organizacji badań, właściwe wnioskowanie oraz formułowanie autorskich interpretacji pozyskanych danych), 4. Formalny kształt pracy (przypisy, dyskurs naukowy, poprawność spisu treści, bibliografii, aneksu). |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | utcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |
| K01         | Student stosuje etyczne norm w pracy badawczej  | KN3_K01                            | 5                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_K06                            | 5                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_K08                            | 5                              |  |
| U01         | Student potrafi formułować wnioski, opracowuje i prezentuje wyniki (z wykorzystaniem ICT) oraz wskazuje kierunki  | KN3_K03                            | 2                              |  |
|             | dalszych badań; demonstruje umiejętności prezentowania nie tylko własnych pomysłów i koncepcji, ale także wątpliwości; zna podstawy retoryki i argumentacji w obszarze wykorzystywanych teorii i interpretacji różnych autorów; | KN3_U03                            | 5                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U06                            | 3                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_U16                            | 5                              |  |
|             |   | KN3_W06                            | 5                              |  |
| U02         | Student potrafi posługiwać się podstawowymi teoriami w celu analizowania, projektowania oraz interpretowania wyników  | KN3_U03                            | 5                              |  |
|             | badań pedagogicznych, potrafi rozwiązywać podstawowe problemy badawcze, prognozować przebieg zjawiska lub<br>procesu oraz przewidywać ich następstwa  | KN3_U05                            | 5                              |  |

| KN3_U06 | 4 |
|---------|---|
| KN3_U10 | 5 |
| KN3_U11 | 1 |
| KN3_U12 | 2 |
| KN3_U15 | 5 |
| KN3_U17 | 5 |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a05           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |  |  |
| b04           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |
| e08           | Practical methods                    | Practice-as-research also conducted as fieldwork; an activity aimed at confronting the acquired theory with practice through its practical application; students situate themselves in the reality they observe, study and transform through the prism of the theory; the method of practical classes is dominated by the application of knowledge to solving practical tasks  |  |  |
| f01           | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |  |  |
| f02           | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |  |  |
| f03           | Methods of self-learning             | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |  |  |



| 10. | Forms of teaching |         |    |   |                                 |                               |
|-----|-------------------|---------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code              | Name    |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01  |                   | seminar | 20 | course work                                       | K01, U01, U02                   | a05, b04, e08, f01, f02, f03  |

| 11. The studen | it's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu           | udes in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | Yes                     |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a03            | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | Yes                     |
| a04            | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |
| a05            | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes                     |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes                     |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |
| d02            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade                                   | Yes                     |

| e01 | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes |
|-----|--|-----|
| e02 | Publication of a work/presentation of an activity, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities carried out to disseminate (out of class) the effects of scholarly research, artistic, creative, project, construction, experimental work, etc., in the form of a classic presentation, exhibition, concert, projection, poster presentation, media mediated publication, in the digital form and as part of other activities; dissemination using various forms and tools  | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Social pathology   |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER13   |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 5  |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The student becomes acquainted with the research subject of social pathology and its conceptual apparatus. In addition, he or she becomes acquainted with selected pathological phenomena of a self-destructive nature (addiction), and criminal nature, as well as their manifestations and causes contemporary crisis of social bonds. |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module   | utcomes of the module              |                                |  |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |  |
| K01         | Student jest gotów do wykorzystania zdobytej wiedzy podczas zajęć do analizy napotykanych problemów społecznych,   | KN3_K04                            | 2                              |  |  |  |  |
|             | pojawiających się lub występujących zjawisk dewiacyjnych.  | KN3_K06                            | 2                              |  |  |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_K08                            | 3                              |  |  |  |  |
| U01         | Student potrafi wykorzystywać wiedzę z zakresu patologii społecznej – scharakteryzować (opisać) zjawiska dewiacyjne,   | KN3_U01                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |
|             | określać współczesne ich tendencje (skalę), analizować przyczyny ich powstawania, wyszczególnić skutki jakie wywołują oraz wskazać określone działania profilaktyczne (zaradcze).  | KN3_U02                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |
|             | wywołują oraz wskazac okresione uziałania promaktyczne (zaradcze).   | KN3_U06                            | 3                              |  |  |  |  |
| W01         | Student zna i rozumie teoretyczne założenia zjawisk dewiacyjnych, patologicznych, marginalnych dotykających  | KN3_W02                            | 2                              |  |  |  |  |
|             | pojedyncze jednostki, grupy oraz instytucje. Student zna i rozumie etiologię oraz współczesne tendencje rozwoju wybranych patologii społecznych, problemów społecznych. Student zna i rozumie skutki dewiacji społecznych oraz kwestie dotyczące profilaktyki (zapobiegania i przeciwdziałania) występowania dewiacji społecznych (patologiom i problemom społecznym). | KN3_W03                            | 4                              |  |  |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes    |                                      |  |  |
|-----|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
|     | Code Category Name (description) |                                      |  |  |
| a01 |                                  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a |  |

|     |                                      | passive reception of the information provided  |
|-----|--------------------------------------|--|
| a05 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
| b04 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b07 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| c01 | Demonstration methods                | Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue   |
| c02 | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |
| c05 | Demonstration methods                | Poster presentation a visual presentation of a problem and its proposed solutions, created by the person teaching the course or by a student on a poster board showing one major element or a collection of several elements in a coherent graphic form  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |

| 10. | Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                 |                               |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01  |                   | practical classes | 20 | course work                                       | K01, U01, W01                   | b07, c01, c02, c05, c07       |
| 02  |                   | lecture           | 10 | exam  | K01, W01                        | a01, a05, b04, b07, c07       |

| 11. | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular:  |                         |   |     |
|-----|---|-------------------------|---|-----|
|     | Code Category Name (description)  |                         |   |     |
| a01 | Preparation for classes  Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and t range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes |                         |   | Yes |
| a02 |   | Preparation for classes | Literature reading / analysis of source materials | No  |

|     |   | reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   |     |
|-----|---|---|-----|
|     | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | No  |
| c01 |   | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc. | Yes |
| c03 | , ,   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course       | No  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | he module  |
|---|--|
| Module name   | Social pathology   |
| Module code   | ET5  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The student becomes acquainted with the research subject of social pathology and its conceptual apparatus. In addition, he or she becomes acquainted with selected pathological phenomena of a self-destructive nature (addiction), and criminal nature, as well as their manifestations and causes, contemporary crisis of social bonds |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |

| 8.  | Learning o | ing outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |
|-----|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
|     | Code       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |
| K01 |            | Student jest gotów do wykorzystania zdobytej wiedzy podczas zajęć do analizy napotykanych problemów społecznych,   | KN3_K04                            | 2                              |  |
|     |            | pojawiających się lub występujących zjawisk dewiacyjnych.  | KN3_K06                            | 2                              |  |
|     |            |  | KN3_K08                            | 3                              |  |
| U01 |            | Student potrafi wykorzystywać wiedzę z zakresu patologii społecznej – scharakteryzować (opisać) zjawiska dewiacyjne,   | KN3_U01                            | 4                              |  |
|     |            | określać współczesne ich tendencje (skalę), analizować przyczyny ich powstawania, wyszczególnić skutki jakie   | KN3_U02                            | 4                              |  |
|     |            | wywołują oraz wskazać określone działania profilaktyczne (zaradcze).   | KN3_U06                            | 4                              |  |
| W01 |            | Student zna i rozumie teoretyczne założenia zjawisk dewiacyjnych, patologicznych, marginalnych dotykających  | KN3_W02                            | 2                              |  |
|     |            | pojedyncze jednostki, grupy oraz instytucje. Student zna i rozumie etiologię oraz współczesne tendencje rozwoju wybranych patologii społecznych, problemów społecznych. Student zna i rozumie skutki dewiacji społecznych oraz kwestie dotyczące profilaktyki (zapobiegania i przeciwdziałania) występowania dewiacji społecznych (patologiom i problemom społecznym). | KN3_W03                            | 4                              |  |

| 9.  | Methods of cor | nducting classes                     |  |
|-----|----------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|     | Code           | Category                             | Name (description)   |
| a01 |                | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a |

|     |                                      | passive reception of the information provided  |
|-----|--------------------------------------|--|
| a05 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
| b04 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b07 | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| c07 | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |

| 10. Forms of teach | ning    |    |             |                                 |                               |
|--------------------|---------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code               | Name    |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01                 | lecture | 10 | course work | K01, U01, W01                   | a01, a05, b04, b07, c07       |

| 11. The studen | t's work, apart from participation in classes, incl             | udes in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Code Category Name (description)                                |  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | Yes                     |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes                     |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation   | Yes                     |



| of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes     |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| or the tack almost at encounty the foreign at the action of the action of the | of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | e module   |
|---|--|
| Module name   | Social pedagogy  |
| Module code   | B21  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The expected effects of the course are planned to be achieved through lectures and tutorials. The educational content allows the student to be introduced to the basic tasks of social pedagogy, to present the theoretical foundations of this discipline, scientific directions and trends, and to present selected social problems. They introduce the student to activities in various social and educational environments for excluded people, those at risk of exclusion, and prepare them to provide them with professional pedagogical assistance. |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| B2.K1.      | In terms of social competences, the graduate is ready to: show empathy to children and students who need support and | KN3_K01                            | 4                              |
|             | help;  | KN3_K02                            | 4                              |
|             |  | KN3_K03                            | 4                              |
|             |  | KN3_K04                            | 4                              |
| B2.K3.      | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to: independently deepen pedagogical knowledge;                             | KN3_K01                            | 5                              |
|             |  | KN3_K08                            | 4                              |
| B2.U1.      | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to: recognize hazardous situations in a kindergarten, school or educational | KN3_U01                            | 4                              |
|             | institution;   | KN3_U02                            | 5                              |
|             |  | KN3_U05                            | 2                              |
|             |  | KN3_U06                            | 2                              |
| B2.U7.      | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to: establish cooperation with teachers and the non-school environment.     | KN3_U01                            | 5                              |
|             |  | KN3_U02                            | 5                              |
|             |  | KN3_U06                            | 3                              |

|  | KN3_U11                       | 2           |
|--|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Ichanging authorities, the crisis of the authority of the teacher, parent and guardian, the rebellion of adolescence and its | KN3_W05<br>KN3_W08<br>KN3_W09 | 3<br>3<br>3 |

| 9. Methods o | f conducting classes                 |  |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Code         | Category                             | Name (description)   |
| a01          | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |
| b04          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b08          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| b09          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |
| c07          | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d02          | Programmed learning methods          | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |
| f01          | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02          | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03          | Methods of self-learning             | Conceptual work  |



|  | a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or |
|--|---|
|  | project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the         |
|  | variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |

| 10. Forms of teacl | Forms of teaching |    |   |  |  |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|--|--|--|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module          | Methods of conducting classes          |  |
| В                  | lecture           | 10 | exam  | B2.K3., B2.U1., B2.W11.                  | a01, c07, f01, f02, f03                |  |
| B16.               | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | B2.K1. , B2.K3., B2.U1., B2.U7., B2.W11. | b04, b08, b09, c07, d02, f01, f02, f03 |  |

| 11. The studer | it's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu     | ince in particular.  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |
| a02            | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| a05            | Preparation for classes                                   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes  | No                      |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |
| c03            |   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7.          | General information about the module                                    |  |  |  |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| Module name |   | Social policy  |  |  |
| Mod         | lule code   | ET4  |  |  |
| Nun         | nber of the ECTS credits  | 2  |  |  |
| Lan         | guage of instruction  |  |  |  |
|             | pose and description of the<br>ent of education                         | The aim of the module is to discuss the theoretical foundations of social policy and to familiarize oneself with the origins, evolution and basic concepts of social policy, as well as to apply the acquired knowledge to the sphere of practical social policy and its specific policies. Students will be equipped with the skills and competences to use the acquired knowledge in the field of social policy to construct strategies of practical activities in relation to pedagogical activity. |  |  |
| com         | of modules that must be pleted before starting this lule (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning outcomes of the module |  |                                    |                                      |  |  |
|------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Code                               | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of<br>competend<br>(scale 1-5) |  |  |
| OW_PS_KS1.                         | The student is available to use knowledge in the field of social policy to construct activities undertaken as part of  | KN3_K01                            | 5                                    |  |  |
|                                    | pedagogical activity.  | KN3_K05                            | 4                                    |  |  |
|                                    |  | KN3_K07                            | 1                                    |  |  |
| OW_PS_U1.                          | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to use knowledge in the field of social policy to analyze and interpret phenomena   | KN3_U01                            | 3                                    |  |  |
|                                    | related to social problems and issues that social work and resocialization counteract.   | KN3_U02                            | 4                                    |  |  |
|                                    |  | KN3_U06                            | 3                                    |  |  |
| OW_PS_W1.                          | The student has elementary knowledge of the subject of social policy, knows its location in the system of sciences and knows its connections with pedagogy.  | KN3_W03                            | 2                                    |  |  |
|                                    |  | KN3_W05                            | 4                                    |  |  |
|                                    |  | KN3_W08                            | 4                                    |  |  |
|                                    |  | KN3_W09                            | 2                                    |  |  |
|                                    |  | KN3_W10                            | 2                                    |  |  |
| OW_PS_W2.                          | The student has elementary knowledge of the origins and history of social policy. The student has elementary   | KN3_W01                            | 3                                    |  |  |
|                                    | knowledge of various types of social structures and social institutions that are responsible for the implementation of social policy (social policy entities). Knows the principles and rules of their functioning and the relationships between | KN3_W03                            | 2                                    |  |  |



| them. The student has knowledge about the main models of social policy. | KN3_W05 | 3 |
|---|---------|---|
|   | KN3_W09 | 3 |

| 9. Methods o | f conducting classes                 |  |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Code         | Category                             | Name (description)   |
| a01          | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |
| b02          | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |
| b04          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b07          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| b08          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| c01          | Demonstration methods                | Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue   |
| c02          | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |
| c07          | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d02          | Programmed learning methods          | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |
| f01          | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education Self-education  |



|     | a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study           |
|-----|---|
| f02 | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue |

| 10. Forms of teacl | Forms of teaching |    |   |  |   |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|--|---|--|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module                | Methods of conducting classes               |  |
| ET4 - ćwiczenia    | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       |  | b04, b07, b08, c01, c02, c07, d02, f01, f02 |  |
| ET4 wykład         | lecture           | 10 | exam  | OW_PS_KS1., OW_PS_U1.,<br>OW_PS_W1., OW_PS_W2. | a01, b02, b04, b08, f01, f02                |  |

| 11. The student's | 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular:  |   |                         |  |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------------------|--|
| Code              | Code Category Name (description)  |   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |
| a01               | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                        | No                      |  |
| a02               | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |  |
| a05               | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes | Yes                     |  |
| b01               | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes   | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | No                      |  |
| c02               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes  Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class |   | No                      |  |
| c03               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course | Yes                     |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Social prevention  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER12   |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |  |
|   | The aim of the classes will be to familiarize the student with issues related to social prevention, in particular the following topics:  1. Introduction to the issues of social prevention  2. Types and levels of prevention  3. A preventive teacher and his methodological workshop  4. Types of preventive programs and their effectiveness  5. Stages of constructing a preventive program  6. Preventive strategies for preventing selected problem behaviors  • addiction prevention  • aggression prevention  • prevention of risky sexual behavior  • preventing mental health disorders |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | 8. Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| K01         | The student is ready to use the acquired knowledge to create preventive programs to prevent selected problem behaviors.                | KN3_K03<br>KN3_K06                 | 2 2                            |  |  |  |
| U01         | The student is able to use preventive measures and prevent social deviance.  | KN3_U01<br>KN3_U02                 | 2 2                            |  |  |  |
| W01         | The student knows and understands the role and tasks of teachers, tutors and school counselors in taking preventive actions at school. | KN3_W03<br>KN3_W05<br>KN3_W12      | 1<br>1<br>1                    |  |  |  |

| Code | Category                             | Name (description)   |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|
| a01  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |
| b03  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games – involving a simulation of real situations; decision games – based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games – increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes  |
| b04  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b06  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme  |
| b08  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| b09  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |
| b10  | Problem-solving methods              | SWOT analysis a method of analyzing a phenomenon/action/work of an institution, employed to organize information and solve problems; applied in strategic planning, project implementation or solving a business or organizational problem; a universal tool to be used in the initial stage of a strategic analysis which involves sorting information about a problem into four categories: strengths and weaknesses, opportunities and threats; SWOT analysis makes it possible to determine the factors in favour of a project and its chances for success, as well as eliminating or reducing negative factors and threats to the project at the stage of early diagnosis   |
| c07  | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| f01  | Methods of self-learning             | Self-education Self-education  |

|     |                          | a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| f02 | g                        | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue                                |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work |

| 10. Forms of teach  | . Forms of teaching |    |             |     |   |
|---|---------------------|----|-------------|-----|---|
| Code Name Number of hours Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module Learning outcomes of the module Methods of cond |                     |    |             |     | Methods of conducting classes               |
| 1   | lecture             | 10 | exam        | W01 | a01, c07                                    |
| 2   | practical classes   | 20 | course work | ,   | b03, b04, b06, b08, b09, b10, f01, f02, f03 |

| 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |  |                         |
|--|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code   | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01  | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |
| b01  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| c01  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |
| c02  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |
| c03  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course   | No                      |
| d01  | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |
| d02  | Consulting the results of the verification of                   | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks  | Yes                     |



| t land the second secon | reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade |  |
|--|--|--|
|--|--|--|



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Social readaptation programs  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER10  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 5   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the classes is to develop skills and competencies necessary for the effective reintegration of socially marginalized individuals or those facing adaptive difficulties. Through the classes, students will gain a deeper understanding of various readaptation strategies, social intervention techniques, and psychosocial aspects of the social rehabilitation process. The objective of the classes is to prepare participants for effective planning, implementation, and evaluation of readaptation programs, with an emphasis on developing communication skills, empathy, and understanding the individual needs of those undergoing social readaptation. Additionally, students familiarize themselves with various contexts of post-penitentiary interventions, organizational and legal aspects of post-penitentiary assistance, and principles and methods of designing and implementing social readaptation programs for incarcerated individuals. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| E.1R.U1.    | The student is capable of analyzing social rehabilitation pedagogy; characterizing the concepts of rehabilitation-  | KN3_K01                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             | readaptation-reintegration, applying definitions, concepts, and scopes; analyzing and applying contemporary rehabilitation concepts and theories; designing actions from isolation to an open environment; presenting the concept of                        | KN3_K02                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             | creative rehabilitation as an example of destigmatizing interventions; applying theoretical foundations of rehabilitation   | KN3_K03                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             | methodology; the student is ready to collaborate in a team preparing social readaptation programs.  | KN3_K07                            | 4                              |  |  |
| E.1R.U4.    | rehabilitation pedagogue, interpret educational issues in contemporary rehabilitation and educational institutions, analyze and utilize modern rehabilitation concepts and theories, and design readaptation actions in social rehabilitation institutions. | KN3_U04                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_U05                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_U06                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_U07                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_U08                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_U09                            | 4                              |  |  |
| E.1R.W4.    | The student is familiar with and understands education from the perspective of rehabilitation pedagogy, the role and  | KN3_W02                            | 3                              |  |  |



tasks of a rehabilitation pedagogue, the educational functions of the school, educational issues in contemporary schools and school environments, the specifics of the teaching process, and work in rehabilitation and educational institutions. The student is knowledgeable about working with socially maladjusted individuals in isolation models, examples of readaptation, and integration actions towards socially maladjusted individuals.

| KN3_W05 | 3 |
|---------|---|
| KN3_W09 | 3 |
| KN3_W14 | 3 |

| Code | Category                    | Name (description)   |
|------|-----------------------------|--|
| b02  | Problem-solving methods     | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |
| b03  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – educational games  learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games – involving a simulation of real situations; decision games – based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games – increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes |
| b08  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| b09  | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |
| c07  | Demonstration methods       | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d01  | Programmed learning methods | Working with a computer e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices, computer programs and Internet applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out step by step according to the plan laid own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds towards producing the indicated results within the set deadline   |
| d02  | Programmed learning methods | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |
| e04  | Practical methods           | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project  |
| f01  | Methods of self-learning    | Self-education Self-education  |

|     |                          | a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study  |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| f02 | g                        | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue                                |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |   |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|---|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes               |
| E.1R.U1/E.1R.U4    | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | E.1R.U1., E.1R.U4.              | b03, b08, b09, d01, d02, e04, f01, f02, f03 |
| E.1R.W4.           | lecture           | 10 | course work                                       | E.1R.W4.                        | b02, c07, d01, f01, f02                     |

| 11. The student's v | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |  |  |
|---------------------|--|---|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code                | Category   | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| a03                 | Preparation for classes  | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | Yes                     |  |  |
| a05                 | Preparation for classes  | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes       | Yes                     |  |  |
| c03                 |  | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course       | Yes                     |  |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Social rehabilitation programs in correctional institutions   |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER18  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3   |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Education aims to acquire knowledge and skills in the practical application of resocialization methods in correctional institutions and learn about resocialization, readaptation, and social reintegration programs. The educational content refers to the theoretical aspects of social rehabilitation methodology, the analysis of social rehabilitation programs in institutions and centers for juvenile delinquents, and penitentiaries for adults. The content also refers to the role of the educator in the process of their implementation. |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| E.2R.U1.    | The student is able to apply the theoretical foundations of social rehabilitation and social rehabilitation methodology in   | KN3_K01                            | 1                              |
|             | practice. Knows how to implement, prepare and adapt social rehabilitation programs dedicated to institutions and centers for   | KN3_K03                            | 1                              |
|             | juvenile delinguents and penitentiaries for adults.  | KN3_U01                            | 1                              |
|             | Knows how to psychotechnics, anthropotechnics and cultural techniques at work in a diverse environment of institutional  | KN3_U06                            | 1                              |
|             | resocialization of juvenile delinquents and adults.  | KN3_U11                            | 1                              |
| E.2R.W1     | The student knows the theoretical foundations of social rehabilitation and social rehabilitation methodology. Knows the  | KN3_K01                            | 1                              |
|             | theoretical assumptions of anthropotechnical and cultural technical work and the possibilities of using them in the process of social rehabilitation in correctional institutions. The student knows and understands the role of the educator in | KN3_K03                            | 1 1                            |
|             | the social rehabilitation process, and also has knowledge about the structure and principles of implementing social  | KN3_W05                            | 3                              |
|             | rehabilitation programs in institutions and centers for juvenile delinquents and in penitentiaries for adults.   | KN3_W08                            | 1                              |
|             |  | KN3_W12                            | 1                              |

| 9.  | Methods of co | nducting classes                     |                           |
|-----|---------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
|     | Code          | Category                             | Name (description)        |
| a05 |               | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification |

|     |                          | explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| b04 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b08 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| e07 | Practical methods        | Simulation an indirect method; imitating reality in order to gain experience approximating a real one; recreating a real-world situation so that its participant can acquire an experience close to the authentic one; work on "replacement" material  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |

| Ī | 10. Forms of teach | ). Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |                                   |
|---|--------------------|----------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
|   | Code Name          |                      |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes     |
|   | E.2R.W1 / E.2R.U1. | practical classes    | 10 | course work | E.2R.U1. , E.2R.W1              | a05, b04, b08, c07, e07, f02, f03 |

| 11. The studen | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |     |
|----------------|---|--|-----|
| Code           | Category  | Category Name (description)  |     |
| a01            | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No  |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No  |
| a04            | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus  | Yes |



|     | agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation  |     |
|-----|---|-----|
| a05 | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes | Yes |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about t  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Social skills training  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER21  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the classes will be to understand the essence and conditions of the communication process, create an atmosphere conducive to good communication and effective teaching/learning, and develop other social skills useful in the work of an educator/teacher. The following topics will be covered during the classes:  • The importance of communication in relationships between people.  • Theories of communication.  • Types of communication.  • Active listening – principles and techniques.  • Obstacles to communication and overcoming them.  • Analysis of interpersonal behavior (including assertiveness).  • Coping with stressful situations.  • Creative problem solving.  • Developing presentation skills.  • Developing negotiation skills.  • Performing self-assessment.  • Action planning.  • Developing team management skills. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |         |   |  |  |
|-------------|---|---------|---|--|--|
| Code        | Code Description Learning outcomprogra  |         |   |  |  |
| U01         | The student is able to analyze and apply methods supporting the educational process.                    | KN3_U07 | 2 |  |  |
| U02         | The student is able to analyze and apply the work methods of teachers, educators and school counselors. | KN3_U07 | 2 |  |  |
| W01         | The student knows and understands the methodology for developing social skills.                         | KN3_W14 | 4 |  |  |
| W02         | The student knows and understands the methodology of work of a teacher, tutor and school counselor.     | KN3_W12 | 3 |  |  |

| KN3_W | W 1 4 5 1 |
|-------|-----------|
|-------|-----------|

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |
|---------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Code          | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |
| b03           | Problem-solving methods       | Activating method — educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games — involving a simulation of real situations; decision games — based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games — increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes  |  |
| b04           | Problem-solving methods       | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |
| b06           | Problem-solving methods       | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme  |  |
| f03           | Methods of self-learning      | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |  |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |                               |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code Name          |                   |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 1                  | practical classes | 20 | course work | U01, U02, W01, W02              | b03, b04, b06, f03            |

| 11. The student's | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |     |  |
|-------------------|--|--|-----|--|
| Code              | Code Category Name (description)   |  |     |  |
| b01               | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                        | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No  |  |
| c01               |  | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes |  |
| c02               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | Yes |  |

| c03 |                   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course | Yes |
|-----|-------------------|---|-----|
| d01 | learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes    | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7.          | General information about the module                                    |   |
|-------------|---|---|
| Module name |   | Sociology   |
| Mod         | lule code   | A3  |
| Nun         | nber of the ECTS credits  | 2   |
| Lan         | guage of instruction  | Polish  |
|             | pose and description of the<br>cent of education                        | The aim of the module is to familiarize students with basic issues in the field of general sociology. Students' knowledge of basic sociological concepts and theories and the ability to use them to analyze facts taking place in social space. All learning outcomes assumed in the module are planned to be achieved during lectures, exercises and the student's own work, including studying the subject literature and preparing the required issues. |
| com         | of modules that must be pleted before starting this lule (if necessary) | not applicable  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
|             | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands sociological issues allowing him to understand the processes of development, socialization, integration, inclusion, upbringing, teaching and learning   | KN3_W01                            | 2                              |
| PS_A1_SO_2  | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to recognize and interpret social phenomena, showing their connection with various areas of special education and other social sciences as well as humanities and medicine.  | KN3_U02                            | 3                              |
|             | In terms of social competences, the graduate is sensitive to problems in the area of social environment and ready to communicating and cooperating with the it's agents and institutions, as well as competent in activ participation in the groups and organizations realizing educational, rehabilitation, therapeutic and resocialization activities | KN3_K03                            | 3                              |

| 9. Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes |   |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Code             | Category                      | Name (description)  |  |  |
| a01              |                               | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided  |  |  |
| b04              | Problem-solving methods       | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and |  |  |

|     |                          | turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |

| 10. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |      |                                    |                               |  |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Code               | Name              |    | _    | Learning outcomes of the module    | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| 01                 | lecture           | 10 | exam | PS_A1_SO_1, PS_A1_SO_2             | a01, c07                      |  |
| 02                 | practical classes | 10 |      | PS_A1_SO_1, PS_A1_SO_2, PS_A1_SO_3 | b04, c07, f02                 |  |

| 11. The | 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |
|---------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Co      | ode Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01     | Preparation for classes  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |
| a02     | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| b01     | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                            | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |
| b02     | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                            | Verification / adjustment / discussion of syllabus provisions consulting the content of the syllabus, possibly in the presence of the year tutor or members of the class group, and, if necessary, reassessing the provisions concerning special conditions for class participation, e.g., space and time requirements, technical and other requirements, including conditions for participation in classes outside the walls of the university, classes organized in blocks, organized online, etc. | No                      |
| c01     | Preparation for verification of learning outcome                                     | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | No                      |
| c02     | Preparation for verification of learning outcome                                     | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as   | No                      |



|     | well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   |    |
|-----|---|----|
| c03 | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course | No |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Sociology of education   |  |  |
| Module code   | A4   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the module is knowledge of basic issues in the field of sociology sociology of education. Students will learn basic concepts and sociological theories regarding the processes of socialization and education. The aim of the module is also the ability to use sociological notions and theories in analyzes of the facts taking place in the social space. All learning outcomes assumed in the module are planned to be achieved during lectures, exercises and the student's own work, including studying the subject literature and preparing the required issues. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                      |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of<br>competent<br>(scale 1-5) |
|             | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands the sociological paradigm used in studies on the processes of socialization, upbringing and education, allowing for understanding the processes of development, socialization, integration, inclusion, upbringing, teaching and learning | KN3_W01<br>KN3_W02                 | 2<br>2                               |
|             | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to analyze and interpret educational facts by using sociological concepts and theories  | KN3_U02                            | 3                                    |
|             | In terms of social competences, the graduate has the competence to recognize the needs of the population within particular local environments  | KN3_K03                            | 2                                    |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |
| b01           | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution |  |

| b04 | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
|-----|--|
| c07 | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |

| 10 | ). Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                    |                               |
|----|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|    | Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module    | Methods of conducting classes |
| 0: |                   | lecture           | 10 | exam  | PS_A1_SW_1, PS_A1_SW_2             | a01, b01, c07                 |
| 02 | )                 | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | PS_A1_SW_1, PS_A1_SW_2, PS_A1_SW_3 | b04                           |

| 11. | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |  |                         |
|-----|--|---|--|-------------------------|
|     | Code   | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01 |  | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No                      |
| a02 |  | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| b01 |  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Special Education   |  |  |  |
| Module code   | B11   |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4   |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Pedagogika specjalna to moduł zawierający szczegółową wiedzę na temat niepełnosprawności, jej uwarunkowań, społecznych mechanizmów inkluzji i ekskluzji osób z niepełnosprawnościami i z zaburzonym zachowaniem. Ważnym celem zajęć jest zapoznanie studentów z teoretycznymi zagadnieniami podstawowymi z pedagogiki specjalnej – jej celami, subdyscyplinami, paradygmatami, terminologią. Prócz tego do ważnych założeń należy realizacja treści dotyczących szeroko pojętego wsparcia społecznego, procesów rehabilitacji społecznej, resocjalizacji, wychowania i edukacji osób z zaburzeniami w rozwoju i zachowaniu. Ważne jest również nabycie prawidłowych postaw wobec osób z niepełnosprawnościami oraz wdrożenie do ciągłego aktualizowania swojej wiedzy i systematycznego działania na rzecz tych osób w środowiskach lokalnych. Moduł realizowany jest zgodnie z zasadami UDL. |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| B11_1       | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie podstawowe problemy pedagogiki specjalnej jako nauki interdyscyplinarnej: pojęcia, cele, zadania, zasady i zakres, historyczny kontekst opieki i rehabilitacji osób z niepełnosprawnością i niedostosowanych społecznie w ujęciu historycznym; współczesne tendencje w pedagogice specjalnej; wspólne i swoiste problemy osób z różnymi niepełnosprawnościami (od mikrodeficytów centralnego układu nerwowego po całościowe zaburzenia w rozwoju), niedostosowanych społecznie lub uzdolnionych; skalę i dynamikę zjawiska niepełnosprawności w Polsce i na świecie; systemy kształcenia dzieci i uczniów ze specjalnymi potrzebami edukacyjnymi w Polsce i innych państwach; zasady wyrównywania szans edukacyjnych; system kształcenia pedagogów specjalnych | KN3_W01<br>KN3_W03                 | 3                              |  |  |
| B11_2       | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie zakresy pedagogiki specjalnej: surdopedagogikę, tyflopedagogikę, edukację i rehabilitację osób z niepełnosprawnością intelektualną, pedagogikę resocjalizacyjną, pedagogikę korekcyjną (terapię pedagogiczną), pedagogikę leczniczo-terapeutyczną  | KN3_W04                            | 5                              |  |  |
| B11_3       | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie regulacje prawne w zakresie kształcenia dzieci i uczniów ze specjalnymi potrzebami edukacyjnymi i zasady orzekania w tym zakresie; zasady organizacji pomocy psychologicznopedagogicznej; aspekty klasyfikowania i oceniania uczniów   | KN3_W05<br>KN3_W10                 | 4<br>5                         |  |  |

| B11_4 | W zakresie umiejętności absolwent potrafi identyfikować i interpretować złożone zjawiska i systemy wsparcia dzieci i uczniów ze specjalnymi potrzebami edukacyjnymi, ukazując ich powiązania z różnymi zakresami pedagogiki specjalnej i dziedzinami nauk społecznych, humanistycznych, medycznych i nauk o zdrowiu | KN3_U05            | 2      |
|-------|---|--------------------|--------|
| B11_5 | W zakresie umiejętności absolwent potrafi dokonać krytycznej analizy systemów wsparcia dzieci i uczniów ze specjalnymi potrzebami edukacyjnymi, wykorzystując wybrane aktualne ujęcia koncepcyjne   | KN3_U01            | 2      |
| B11_6 | W zakresie kompetencji absolwent jest gotów do organizowania kształcenia dzieci i uczniów ze specjalnymi potrzebami edukacyjnymi zgodnie z przepisami prawa   | KN3_K01<br>KN3_K05 | 3<br>3 |
| B11_7 | W zakresie kompetencji student jest gotów do przestrzegania zasad etyki w pracy z dziećmi i uczniami ze specjalnymi potrzebami edukacyjnymi   | KN3_K01            | 5      |

| 9. Methods o | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code         | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a01          | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |  |
| b01          | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution   |  |  |
| b04          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |
| b07          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |  |  |
| c07          | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |  |  |
| c09          | Demonstration methods                | Value-based methods — expressive methods methods of accessing value-related knowledge, experiencing values in emotion-laden activities; creating situations enabling the creation or reproduction of values as a way of self-expression combined with experiencing values (individually or in a group); actions, most often creative, involving an expressive and suggestive way of expressing emotions  |  |  |
| d03          | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |  |  |
| e04          | Practical methods                    | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a   |  |  |

|     |   | schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project  |
|-----|---|---|
| f02 | 3 | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue |

| 10. Forms of teacl | Forms of teaching |    |   |   |                               |
|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---|-------------------------------|
| Code               | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module                 | Methods of conducting classes |
| B11_fs1            | lecture           | 20 |   | B11_1, B11_2, B11_3, B11_4, B11_5               | a01, b01, b04, c07            |
| B1_fs2             | practical classes | 10 |   | B11_1, B11_2, B11_3, B11_4, B11_5, B11_6, B11_7 | b04, b07, c09, d03, e04, f02  |

| 11. The studer | nt's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu           | udes in particular:   |                         |
|----------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02            | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |
| a03            | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)     | Yes                     |
| a05            | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes           | Yes                     |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | No                      |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.     | Yes                     |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course | Yes                     |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes    | Yes                     |

| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Statistics   |  |  |  |
| Module code   | G25  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the module is to familiarize the student with basic statistical concepts and equip them with skills related to planning, organizing, implementing and developing research results. In addition, developing the ability to freely use basic statistical terms, selecting appropriate methods in the field of descriptive statistics in order to apply them to the statistical analysis of data and the ability to use basic methods of statistical inference |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |

| 8.  | Learning outcomes of the module |  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
|     | Code                            | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K01 |                                 | W zakresie kompetencji społecznych absolwent jest gotów do stosowania etycznych norm pracy badawczej   | KN3_K01                            | 2                              |  |  |
| U01 |                                 | W zakresie umiejętności student potrafi opracować narzędzia do badań ilościowych, dobrać metody, techniki i narzędzia<br>do celu badań ilościowych   | KN3_U03                            | 3                              |  |  |
| U02 |                                 | W zakresie umiejętności absolwent potrafi dokonać analizy i interpretacji wyników badań oraz sformułować wnioski z<br>przeprowadzonych badań   | KN3_U03                            | 4                              |  |  |
| W01 |                                 | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie strukturę procesu badawczego w kontekście strategii ilościowej badań<br>naukowych, zmienne i związki między zmiennymi, konceptualizację, operacjonalizację zmiennych, strategie i techniki<br>doboru próby badawczej, pomiar i rodzaje skal pomiarowych, zagadnienia związane z konstruowaniem testów. | KN3_W06                            | 4                              |  |  |
| W02 | !                               | W zakresie wiedzy student zna i rozumie różne kryteria jakości badań naukowych, a także zagadnienia: reprezentatywności, trafności, rzetelności, wiarygodności, transparentności, autentyczności, możliwości uogólniania rezultatów badawczych   | KN3_W07                            | 3                              |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes |                                      |  |
|-----|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
|     | Code                          | Category                             | Name (description)                     |
| a01 |                               | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture |

|     |                                      | a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided  |
|-----|--------------------------------------|--|
| a05 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
| c06 | Demonstration methods                | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours   |
| e01 | Practical methods                    | Laboratory exercise / experiment [also conducted as fieldwork] a method of practical application of knowledge; implemented in three stages: the recognition of a problem induced by the task content, the formulation of the problem and the attempt to solve it accompanied by the assessment of the effects; the goal is to acquire skills, abilities and habits, and to consolidate the acquired knowledge so that it becomes operational; the laboratory method assumes greater independence of learners than carrying out an experiment |

| 10. | Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |
|-----|----------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code           | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01  |                | lecture           | 10 | course work                                       | U02, W01, W02                   | a01                           |
| 02  |                | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | K01, U01, U02, W01, W02         | a05, c06, e01                 |

| 11. The studen | 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |
|----------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category   | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01            | Preparation for classes  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | No                      |
| a03            | Preparation for classes  | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | Yes                     |
| a05            | Preparation for classes  | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes       | Yes                     |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                            | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | Yes                     |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                    | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc. | No                      |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                    | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as                        | No                      |

|     |                   | well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class  |     |
|-----|-------------------|--|-----|
| c03 |                   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course        | Yes |
| d01 | learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Supporting cognitive development  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET21  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The classes aim to prepare students for the practical application of knowledge about the development of cognitive processes and ways to support them. It combines knowledge in the field of developmental psychology and developing practical skills educational activities aimed at the development of selected cognitive processes. |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| E.1K.W3     | The graduate student knows and understands the psychological and pedagogical aspects of corrective pedagogy and therapeutic interactions, the basics of neuropsychology, psychological conditions of cognitive processes, and speech therapy aspects of specific learning difficulties.  | KN3_W05                            | 5                              |  |  |
| E.2K.U3     | The student can plan and implement preventive actions to prevent learning difficulties, use the workshop of a  | KN3_U04                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             | pedagogical therapist, and construct and evaluate individual and group correction and compensation plans   | KN3_U05                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U08                            | 5                              |  |  |
| E.2K.W2     | The student knows and understands the methodology of corrective and compensatory classes; methodological aspects   | KN3_W11                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             | of cooperation with parents, guardians, teachers, and specialists; therapy methods in learning to read, write, and mathematics education; selected diagnostic tools for diagnosis pedagogical training carried out in a kindergarten, school or psychological and counseling center -pedagogical; therapeutic methods used when working with a child from the risk group with specific learning difficulties; principles of providing support to students, parents, guardians and teachers working with a child at risk of specific learning difficulties and a student with specific learning difficulties. | KN3_W12                            | 5                              |  |  |
| E.2K.W3     | The student knows and understands preventive measures to prevent learning difficulties, pedagogical therapist  | KN3_W11                            | 5                              |  |  |
|             | workshops, and methods of constructing and evaluating individual and group correction and compensation plans.  | KN3_W12                            | 5                              |  |  |

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Methods of conducting classes        |   |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Code                                  | Category                             | Name (description)  |  |  |
| a01                                   | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided  |  |  |
| b03                                   | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games – involving a simulation of real situations; decision games – based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games – increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes |  |  |
| b07                                   | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon  |  |  |
| b08                                   | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another   |  |  |
| d03                                   | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools   |  |  |
| e03                                   | Practical methods                    | Creation/production – creative workshop<br>an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative<br>workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/<br>peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production  |  |  |
| e04                                   | Practical methods                    | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project   |  |  |
| e07                                   | Practical methods                    | Simulation an indirect method; imitating reality in order to gain experience approximating a real one; recreating a real-world situation so that its participant can acquire an experience close to the authentic one; work on "replacement" material   |  |  |
| f03                                   | Methods of self-learning             | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |  |  |



| 10. | Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                 |   |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|---|
|     | Code              | Name              |    |   | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes               |
| Ć   |                   | practical classes | 20 | 1 | I                               | a01, b03, b07, b08, d03, e03, e04, e07, f03 |

| 11. The student's | 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |
|-------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|
| Code              | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |
| a01               | Preparation for classes  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | No                      |  |
| a02               | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |  |
| a03               | Preparation for classes  | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | No                      |  |
| c01               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                    | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |  |
| c02               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                    | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |  |
| c03               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                    | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | No                      |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | . General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Supporting emotional and social development   |  |  |
| Module code   | ET23  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The course aims to create conditions for reflection on the meaning of emotions as a discursive category and to show the ways of pedagogical work with the emotions of children, adolescents, and adults. Considering emotional and social competence as a critical area of support, including pedagogical support, the subject is of a practical nature with elements of interdisciplinary knowledge about emotions. Thanks to the workshops, the student will gain: a) Knowledge about emotions and emotional competence. Knowledge about the importance of emotions for human functioning in social and personal situations. b) Knowledge of the ways and principles of supporting the social-emotional development of people of different ages. c) Ability to understand emotions, the rules of emotions, and work with emotions, especially recognizing, controlling, and expressing emotions. d) Ability to identify needs and support the social-emotional development of the mentees (emotion-focused therapy, cognitive and expressive methods). (e) Social-emotional competencies in communicating emotions and in situations characterized by emotions. f) Competence to work on one's own personal and professional development. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. L | Learning outcomes of the module |   |                                    |                                |  |
|------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| C    | Code                            | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |
| K01  |                                 | Is ready to build positive relationships and a supportive educational atmosphere. Demonstrates empathy, and understanding of pupils, co-workers, parents/caregivers' needs and emotions, to establish and maintain cooperation and trust in educational and, more broadly, interpersonal relationships. Is ready to communicate non-violently, with respect for students/children's emotions, and help them to understand emotionally charged situations. | KN3_K02                            | 4                              |  |
| U01  |                                 |   | KN3_U02                            | 4                              |  |
| W01  |                                 | Knows and understands contemporary theories of human emotional and social development and the conditions conducive to development in this area. Knows and understands the environmental, cultural, and educational  | KN3_W02                            | 5                              |  |

| determinants of development, as well as names and characterizes the factors that interfere with the development of emotional and social skills.  Knows various methods of educational work conducive to the development of emotional and social skills. |         |   |
|---|---------|---|
| Knows and understands the basic concepts, theories, and concepts of psychology as well as selected sociological aspects of emotional and social development at various stages of life, especially during childhood and adolescence.                     | KN3_W03 | 3 |

| 9. Methods o | f conducting classes                 |   |
|--------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Code         | Category                             | Name (description)  |
| a05          | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course  |
| b03          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method — educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games — involving a simulation of real situations; decision games — based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games — increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes   |
| b04          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b06          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme   |
| b07          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon  |
| b09          | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course   |
| b10          | Problem-solving methods              | SWOT analysis a method of analyzing a phenomenon/action/work of an institution, employed to organize information and solve problems; applied in strategic planning, project implementation or solving a business or organizational problem; a universal tool to be used in the initial stage of a strategic analysis which involves sorting information about a problem into four categories: strengths and weaknesses, opportunities and threats; SWOT analysis makes it possible to determine the factors in favour or a project and its chances for success, as well as eliminating or reducing negative factors and threats to the project at the stage of early diagnosis  |

| c01 | Demonstration methods | Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue  |
|-----|-----------------------|---|
| c05 | Demonstration methods | Poster presentation a visual presentation of a problem and its proposed solutions, created by the person teaching the course or by a student on a poster board showing one major element or a collection of several elements in a coherent graphic form   |
| c09 |                       | Value-based methods – expressive methods methods of accessing value-related knowledge, experiencing values in emotion-laden activities; creating situations enabling the creation or reproduction of values as a way of self-expression combined with experiencing values (individually or in a group); actions, most often creative, involving an expressive and suggestive way of expressing emotions |
| f03 |                       | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |

| 10.  | 0. Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                 |   |
|------|----------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|---|
|      | Code                 | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                         |
| ET23 | 3                    | practical classes | 20 | course work                                       |                                 | a05, b03, b04, b06, b07, b09, b10, c01, c05, c09, f03 |

| 11. The student's | 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |
|-------------------|--|---|-------------------------|
| Code              | Category   | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02               | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |
| a03               | Preparation for classes  | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation) | Yes                     |
| a05               | Preparation for classes  | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes       | Yes                     |
| b01               | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                            | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | No                      |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Supporting psychomotor development  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET22  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module introduces the issues of supporting and stimulating the psychomotor development of the child. The course will discuss methods of pedagogical diagnosis, methods, forms and principles of supporting the child's development, as well as methodical aspects of cooperation of educational environments. All learning outcomes of the module are linked to the exercise form of education. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |   |                                       |  |  |
|-------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme                  | Level of<br>competence<br>(scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K01         | Understands the need to cooperate with all subjects of the process of supporting the psychomotor development of the child/student.   | KN3_K02<br>KN3_K03                                  | 5<br>5                                |  |  |
| U01         | The student is able to plan the process of pedagogical diagnosis, recognize the initial conditions for supporting the psychomotor development of the child/student and evaluate the therapeutic process. | KN3_U01<br>KN3_U04<br>KN3_U09<br>KN3_U10<br>KN3_U12 | 4<br>5<br>5<br>4<br>4                 |  |  |
| U02         | He/she is able to select appropriate methods, forms, didactic means and plan the process of supporting the psychomotor development of the child/student.   | KN3_U05<br>KN3_U06<br>KN3_U07                       | 5<br>5<br>5                           |  |  |
| W01         | The student knows the methods of pedagogical diagnosis of psychomotor development of the child/student.  | KN3_W05<br>KN3_W08<br>KN3_W09<br>KN3_W12            | 4<br>4<br>5<br>4                      |  |  |

| W02 | The student knows the methods, forms and principles of supporting the psychomotor development of children/students. | KN3_W02 | 4 |
|-----|---|---------|---|
|     |   | KN3_W05 | 5 |
|     |   | KN3_W08 | 5 |
|     |   | KN3_W09 | 4 |
|     |   | KN3_W10 | 5 |
|     |   | KN3_W11 | 5 |
|     |   | KN3_W12 | 5 |
| W03 | The student knows the methodological aspects of cooperation of educational environments.                            | KN3_W01 | 4 |
|     |   | KN3_W11 | 5 |

| Code | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |  |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| a05  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |  |  |  |
| b03  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games – involving a simulation of real situations; decision games – based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games – increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes  |  |  |  |
| b04  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |  |
| b07  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |  |  |  |
| b08  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |  |  |  |
| b09  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |  |  |  |
| c07  | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation  |  |  |  |

|     |                             | a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image                       |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|
| d01 | Programmed learning methods | Working with a computer e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices, computer programs and Internet applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out step by step according to the plan laid own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds towards producing the indicated results within the set deadline |
| d02 | Programmed learning methods | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |
| e07 | Practical methods           | Simulation an indirect method; imitating reality in order to gain experience approximating a real one; recreating a real-world situation so that its participant can acquire an experience close to the authentic one; work on "replacement" material  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning    | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |

| 1 | LO. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |  |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
|   | Code               | Name              |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                              |
| E | ET22               | practical classes | 20 | course work |                                 | a05, b03, b04, b07, b08, b09, c07, d01, d02, e07, f01, f02 |

| 11. The student's | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code              | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01               | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | No                      |
| a02               | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |
| b01               | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                           | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content   | No                      |
| c01               |   | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc. | Yes                     |

| c02 |   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No  |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| c03 | , ·   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | No  |
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes |
| d02 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade                                   | No  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about t  | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Supporting the potential of pupils   |  |  |
| Module code   | ER15   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 1  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Familiarizing students with the basic techniques and tools used in the process of diagnosing human potential and active methods used during creativity training combined with the ability to conduct research and develop training for children and adolescents. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| K01         | The student is ready to show empathy to students or pupils who need support and help.  | KN3_K01                            | 2                              |  |  |
| K02         | The student is ready to independently expand his knowledge in the field of skills to support the potential of students.                              | KN3_K06                            | 1                              |  |  |
| K03         | The student is ready to professionally resolve conflicts in a school class or educational group, taking into account the use of students' potential. | KN3_K04                            | 2                              |  |  |
| U01         | The student is able to analyze and apply creative methods of work of teachers, educators and school counselors.                                      | KN3_U07                            | 2                              |  |  |
| W01         | The student knows and understands the creative working methods of teachers, educators and school counselors.   | KN3_W12                            | 2                              |  |  |

| 9. Methods | Methods of conducting classes |   |  |  |
|------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Code       | Category                      | Name (description)  |  |  |
| b03        | Problem-solving methods       | Activating method – educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games – involving a simulation of real situations; decision games – based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games – increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes |  |  |
| b04        | Problem-solving methods       | Activating method – discussion / debate   |  |  |

|     |                          | an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| b06 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme  |
| b08 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |

| 10. | D. Forms of teaching |                   |    |             |                                 |                               |
|-----|----------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code                 | Name              |    | ,           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 1   | _                    | practical classes | 10 | course work | K01, K02, K03, U01, W01         | b03, b04, b06, b08, c07, f03  |

| 11. The student's | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code              | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| b01               | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                        | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |  |  |
| c01               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  | Yes                     |  |  |
| c02               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |  |  |
| c03               | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion  | Yes                     |  |  |



|                   | a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  |     |
|-------------------|--|-----|
| learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Taking care of a small child  |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET26  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3   |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The subject covers content related to the care of a child up to 5 years of age. Issues related to upbringing focused on bonds and needs, the child's psychophysical and social development, the importance of play and the role of literature will be discussed. The issue of institutional adaptation and working with children in the space of the facility will also be discussed. |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learnir | ng outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |
|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| K1         | In terms of social competences, the graduate is ready to show empathy to children and students who need support and help.  | KN3_K01                            | 2                              |
| U1         | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to analyze the methodology of corrective and compensatory classes in working with a child up to 5 years of age, methodological aspects of cooperation with parents, guardians, teachers and specialists; analyze and apply pedagogical therapy methods; use selected diagnostic tools for pedagogical diagnosis carried out in a nursery, kindergarten, or psychological and pedagogical counseling center; use therapeutic methods when working with a child (especially with specific difficulties); design a support process for the child, parents or guardians and teachers working with the child, including those from the risk group specific learning difficulties and a student with specific learning difficulties myself.                                 | KN3_U01<br>KN3_U04                 | 2 3                            |
| W1         | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands content related to the child's psychophysical and social development; methodology of corrective and compensatory classes in working with children up to 5 years of age; methodological aspects of cooperation with parents of small children, as well as guardians, teachers and specialists; selected diagnostic tools for pedagogical diagnosis carried out in a nursery, kindergarten, or psychological and pedagogical clinic; therapeutic methods used in working with children (especially those with specific difficulties); principles of providing support to the child, parents, guardians and teachers working with children, including those at risk of specific learning difficulties and students with specific learning difficulties. | KN3_W05<br>KN3_W12                 | 3<br>2                         |

| 9.  | Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |  |
|-----|---------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
|     | Code          | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |  |
| b04 |               | Problem-solving methods       | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |
| c06 |               | Demonstration methods         | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours   |  |  |
| c07 |               | Demonstration methods         | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |  |  |
| f02 |               | Methods of self-learning      | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |  |  |

| 10. | Forms of teaching |                   |    |             |                                 |                               |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code              | Name              |    | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 01  |                   | practical classes | 20 | course work | K1, U1, W1                      | b04, c06, c07, f02            |

| 11. The studen | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |  |
|----------------|--|---|-------------------------|--|
| Code           | Category   | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |
| a01            | Preparation for classes  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                              | No                      |  |
| a02            | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | No                      |  |
| c01            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc. | Yes                     |  |
| c02            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as                        | No                      |  |

|     |                   | well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class  |     |
|-----|-------------------|--|-----|
| c03 |                   | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course        | Yes |
| d01 | learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Teacher's communication competencies  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET20  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  |   |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |  |
|   | Cele i treści modułu obejmują kształtowanie wiedzy i umiejętności osób studiujących w zakresie komunikowania się interpersonalnego bezpośredniego, rozwiązywania konfliktów i eliminowania sytuacji trudnych. |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learnin | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| E.2K.K2.   | Absolwent jest gotów do profesjonalnego rozwiązywania konfliktów w klasie szkolnej i grupie wychowawczej.                            | KN3_K01                            | 3                              |  |  |
|            |  | KN3_K04                            | 3                              |  |  |
|            |  | KN3_U12                            | 3                              |  |  |
|            |  | KN3_W14                            | 3                              |  |  |
| E.2K.K4.   | Absolwent jest gotów do współpracy z nauczycielami w celu doskonalenia swojego warsztatu pracy.                                      | KN3_K01                            | 3                              |  |  |
|            |  | KN3_K04                            | 3                              |  |  |
|            |  | KN3_U12                            | 3                              |  |  |
|            |  | KN3_W14                            | 3                              |  |  |
| E.2K.W2    | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie: metodyczne aspekty komunikacji interpersonalnej pedagoga z rodzicami,                     | KN3_K04                            | 3                              |  |  |
|            | opiekunami, nauczycielami i specjalistami; zasady udzielania wsparcia uczniowi, rodzicom, opiekunom i nauczycielom                   | KN3_U12                            | 3                              |  |  |
|            | pracującym z dzieckiem z grupy ryzyka specyficznych trudności w uczeniu się i uczniem ze specyficznymi trudnościami w komunikowaniu. | KN3_W14                            | 3                              |  |  |
| E.2K.W3.   | Absolwent zna i rozumie: działania profilaktyczne w zakresie komunikacji, zakłóceń komunikacji interpersonalnej.                     | KN3_K04                            | 3                              |  |  |
|            |  | KN3_U12                            | 3                              |  |  |
|            |  | KN3_W14                            | 3                              |  |  |



| 9. Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Code             | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |
| b04              | Problem-solving methods       | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |
| f02              | Methods of self-learning      | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |  |

| 10. | Forms of teaching |                   |    |  |  |                               |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|----|--|--|-------------------------------|
|     | Code              | Name              |    |  | Learning outcomes of the module          | Methods of conducting classes |
| E2. |                   | practical classes | 10 |  | E.2K.K2., E.2K.K4., E.2K.W2,<br>E.2K.W3. | b04, f02                      |

| 11. | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |          |   |                         |
|-----|--|----------|---|-------------------------|
|     | Code   | Category | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a02 |  | ·        | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | Yes                     |
| c03 |  |          | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | The law in social rehabilitation  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER3   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module Law in Social Rehabilitation focuses on knowledge, skills, and social competencies necessary for an educator to navigate the legal and social conditions of the re-socialisation process. The module aims to learn the legal basis for the functioning of re-socialization systems, institutions, and non-governmental organizations in the context of their significance in the process of social rehabilitation, as well as to use the acquired knowledge for the analysis of social rehabilitation problems, the realization of family support and upbringing and counseling. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| R_P_1       | The student knows and understands legal and social conditions of the re-socialisation process.                            | KN3_W03                            | 4                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_W05                            | 4                              |  |  |
| R_P_2       | The student knows legal basis of functioning of re-socialisation systems.   | KN3_W10                            | 5                              |  |  |
| R_P_3       | The student knows institutions of preventive and re-socialising influences in open and closed environments                | KN3_W01                            | 3                              |  |  |
|             |   | KN3_W12                            | 3                              |  |  |
| R_P_4       | The student is able to use the knowledge base in penal law, criminology, victimology to analyse re-socialisation problems | KN3_U01                            | 5                              |  |  |
| R_P_5       | The student is able to use acquired knowledge to analyse re-socialisation problems  | KN3_K03                            | 1                              |  |  |

| 9. Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code             | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a01              | ' '                           | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |  |
| b02              | Problem-solving methods       | Lecture-discussion   |  |  |



|     | transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up  |
|-----|--|
| c07 | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image |

| 1   | ). Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |      |                                      |                               |  |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|----|------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Code Name Number of hours Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module |                   |                   |    |      | Learning outcomes of the module      | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| 0   | L                 | lecture           | 20 | exam | R_P_1, R_P_2, R_P_3, R_P_4,<br>R_P_5 | a01, b02, c07                 |  |

| 11. The studen | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |
|----------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|
| Code           | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |
| a02            | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |  |
| a04            | Preparation for classes  | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |  |
| b01            | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                        | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |  |
| c02            |  | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |  |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes                  | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes   | Yes                     |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Theater in education and pedagogical therapy   |  |  |
| Module code   | ET24   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The aim of the course is to familiarize students with the functions of theater and its educational and therapeutic values. Participants will learn a wide range of methods of activating the body, voice and emotions through various forms of theater work. The topics of the classes focus on understanding the specificity of theater work and the process of preparing a performance with children, adolescents, adults, including people with disabilities and various developmental and social problems. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| K1          | In terms of social competences, the graduate is ready to show empathy to children and students who need support and help.  | KN3_K01                            | 2                              |  |  |  |
| U1          | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to analyze the pedagogical diagnostic procedure for a child (participant of classes using theater techniques) at risk of specific learning difficulties and a student with specific learning difficulties. Additionally, in terms of skills, the graduate is able to analyze the methodology of corrective and compensatory classes (in order to apply its elements in the implementation of theater classes), methodological aspects of cooperation with parents, guardians, teachers and specialists; use therapeutic methods when working with a child at risk of specific difficulties; design a support process for a child or student, parents or guardians and teachers working with a child at risk of specific learning difficulties and a student with specific learning difficulties In terms of skills, the graduate is also able to plan and implement preventive activities (using theater work methods) to prevent learning difficulties; use the workshop of a pedagogical therapist in the field of work using theater techniques. | KN3_U07<br>KN3_U08                 | 2 3                            |  |  |  |
| W1          | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands the functions of theater, its educational and therapeutic values; pedagogical diagnostic procedures for children (while working with the use of theater methods), also those at risk of specific difficulties; principles of keeping diagnostic documentation of a child during creative work using theater techniques.  Additionally, in terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands the methodology of corrective and compensatory classes in the field of work using theater methods; methodological aspects of cooperation with parents,  | KN3_W08<br>KN3_W09                 | 3 3                            |  |  |  |

guardians, teachers and specialists; selected diagnostic tools for diagnosing an individual case; therapeutic methods used in working with a child participant in theater activities; principles of providing support to students, parents, guardians and teachers working with children at risk of specific learning difficulties and students with specific learning difficulties.

| Code | Category                 | Name (description)  |
|------|--------------------------|---|
| b04  | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b06  | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme   |
| c02  | Demonstration methods    | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.  |
| c04  | Demonstration methods    | Drama performance an art workshop: preparation and performance of a dramatic piece or other work of theatrical art involving the participation of people acting out assigned roles; performing a play in front of an audience   |
| c08  | Demonstration methods    | Value-based methods – affective methods methods of participating in exhibited moral, social, aesthetic and scientific values; activities evoking genuine emotional reactions to works/objects/actions; a method which activates an emotional response to the presented content, intensifies attention, depth of experience and a reflection on values   |
| c09  | Demonstration methods    | Value-based methods – expressive methods methods of accessing value-related knowledge, experiencing values in emotion-laden activities; creating situations enabling the creation or reproduction of values as a way of self-expression combined with experiencing values (individually or in a group); actions, most often creative, involving an expressive and suggestive way of expressing emotions   |
| e03  | Practical methods        | Creation/production – creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production  |
| e04  | Practical methods        | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project   |
| f03  | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work   |



|  | a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work |
|--|--|
|--|--|

| 10. | Forms of teaching |                   |    |             |                                 |  |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
|     | Code              | Name              |    |             | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                  |
| 01  |                   | practical classes | 20 | course work | 1 ' '                           | b04, b06, c02, c04, c08, c09,<br>e03, e04, f03 |

| 11. The studen | t's work, apart from participation in classes, inclu            | ides in particular:  |                         |
|----------------|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code           | Category Name (description)                                     |  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a03            | Preparation for classes   | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)          | Yes                     |
| a05            | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes                | Yes                     |
| c03            | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/<br>examination completion<br>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory<br>phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course      | No                      |
| d01            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes         | No                      |
| d02            | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade | No                      |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Theory and methods of social work   |  |  |
| Module code   | ER17  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Przekazanie wiedzy na temat metod i technik stosowanych w pracy socjalnej, z uwzględnieniem ich historycznych przemian. Teoretyczne zrozumienie metod pracy socjalnej, ale także rozwijanie praktycznych umiejętności niezbędnych w codziennej pracy z klientami. Szczególny nacisk kładziony jest na nabycie umiejętności rozpoznawania problemów klientów, diagnozowania ich sytuacji, oraz zdolności dostosowania pomocy do indywidualnych potrzeb w tym tych znajdujących się w sytuacjach kryzysowych. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |
| E.2R.U1.    | Absolwent potrafi analizować i stosować teoretyczne podstawy instytucjonalnych oddziaływań metodycznych. Samodzielnie konstruować i prezentować metody pracy, metody aktywizujące z klientem, potrafi realizować pracę socjalną z jednostką, rodziną, grupą i społecznością lokalną.   | KN3_K07<br>KN3_W14                 | 3                              |  |  |
| E.2R.U2     | Absolwent potrafi dokonać diagnozy potrzeb klienta. Rozumie i postępuje zgodnie z zasadami etycznymi, planując oraz realizując działania pomocowe.   | KN3_W14                            | 3                              |  |  |
| E.2R.W1     | Ma uporządkowaną elementarną wiedzę na temat procesów społecznych, psychologicznych i pedagogicznych; zna wybrane koncepcje człowieka: filozoficzne, pedagogiczne, psychologiczne, społeczne stanowiące teoretyczne podstawy pracy socjalnej. Ma wiedzę z zakresu podstaw interwencji kryzysowej oraz metodyki oddziaływań w pracy socjalnej. Posiada elementarną wiedzę o prawach i obowiązkach pracownika socjalnego zatrudnionego w instytucjach rządowych i pozarządowych. | KN3_W02<br>KN3_W14                 | 2 3                            |  |  |
| E.2R.W2     | Zna istotę klasycznych oraz nowych podejść w pracy socjalnej; ma uporządkowaną wiedzę dotyczącą założeń pomocy społecznej w oparciu o aktualne ustawodawstwo Polskie i Europejskie. Zna podstawowe metody i modele pracy socjalnej z jednostką, grupą i społecznością; Posiada wiedzę dotyczącą struktury prowadzenia diagnozy jednostek i grup.   | KN3_U16                            | 2                              |  |  |

| 0-4- | . Methods of conducting classes      |  |  |  |  |
|------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |  |
| a01  | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |  |  |
| b02  | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |  |  |  |
| b04  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |  |
| b08  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another  |  |  |  |
| b09  | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the cours preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessal participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course   |  |  |  |
| c02  | Demonstration methods                | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submate to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |  |  |  |
| c07  | Demonstration methods                | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usuall accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |  |  |  |
| d02  | Programmed learning methods          | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |  |  |  |
| e03  | Practical methods                    | Creation/production – creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creati workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production   |  |  |  |
| f02  | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |  |  |  |
| f03  | Methods of self-learning             | Conceptual work  |  |  |  |



|  |  | a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work |
|--|--|--|
|--|--|--|

| 1 | 0. Forms of teac | Forms of teaching |    |   |   |  |
|---|------------------|-------------------|----|---|---|--|
|   | Code             | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module         | Methods of conducting classes          |
| С | W                | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | 1 ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' | b04, b08, b09, c02, d02, e03, f02, f03 |
| ٧ | ſΥ               | lecture           | 10 | course work                                       | E.2R.U1., E.2R.U2, E.2R.W1,<br>E.2R.W2  | a01, b02, c07, d02, f02                |

| 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |  |                         |
|--|---|--|-------------------------|
| Code   | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01  | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | Yes                     |
| a02  | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| b01  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes                     |
| c02  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | No                      |
| c03  | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes         | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  | Yes                     |
| e01  | Activities complementary to the classes                   | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | Yes                     |



| 1.                                    | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. Faculty Faculty of Social Sciences |                                | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3.                                    | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4.                                    | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5.                                    | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6.                                    | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | 7. General information about the module  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Theory of upbringing   |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | B14  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2  |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Objectives: - to familiarise with the specifics of such a pedagogical sub-discipline as the theory of upbringing (knowledge of its representatives and their achievements, conceptual apparatus, methodological status of the theory of upbringing and research in this area); - knowledge of basic pedagogical theories, concepts, currents/currents and theoretical trends; - knowledge of the main axiological categories, value classes and their role in the process of upbringing; - understanding of the links between pedagogical theory and practice and the importance of their connectivity in the professional activity of a teacher, educator and pedagogue; - The ability to think creatively within the sub-discipline's typical subject matter.  Description: in the course of the subject of the theory of upbringing, the following issues will be addressed: 1. the theory of upbringing as a sub-discipline of pedagogy. Relationships of the theory with pedagogical practice. 2. The sense and value of upbringing. Axiological and noetic substrate of upbringing. 3. The substantive analysis of the ideal of upbringing. 4. teleology of upbringing as a department of the philosophy of upbringing. 5. Principles, methods and forms of upbringing - a comparative analysis. 6. The authority of the teacher - its acquisition and the consequences of loss. 7. Respect for human dignity in the process of education - the "key" of pedagogical authority. 8. The concept of truth and truthfulness as basic axiological modalities. 9. Shaping the reflexivity of youth - educational goal and task. 10. Basic assumptions and representatives of personalistic pedagogy. The main ideas of philosophical and anthropological pedagogy. 11. upbringing, educator, pupil in the view of Janusz Korczak. 12. the importance of upbringing for freedom on the example of the school of Rudolf Steiner and Alexander S. Neill. 13. intercultural dialogue as seen by Rabindranath Tagore. 14. Love of the human person - Karol Wojtyka'ks concept of personalistic upbringing. 15. Affirmation of life |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learnin | g outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                |
|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Code       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| K02        | In terms of competences, the graduate is able to:  | KN3_K02                            | 4                              |
|            | Pesolve conflicts professionally in the school classroom and educational group. Build a positive atmosphere in the school classroom and tutoring group conducive to learning.  |                                    |                                |
| U01        | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to:   | KN3_U01                            | 4                              |
|            | recognise risk situations in a kindergarten, school or other institution of the educational system.  |                                    |                                |
| U03        | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to: Design basic care and education activities.   | KN3_U03                            | 4                              |
| U04        | In terms of skills, the graduate is able to: design preventive activities in a kindergarten, school or institution of the educational system.  | KN3_U04                            | 4                              |
| W04        | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands:   | KN3_W04                            | 4                              |
|            | functions of upbringing, the process of upbringing, its structure, properties and dynamics; the issue of compulsion and freedom in upbringing, upbringing as supporting development, emancipatory upbringing, subjectivity in upbringing; basic upbringing environments; upbringing styles and upbringing attitudes; contexts of upbringing; sources and manifestations of the crisis of contemporary upbringing.  |                                    |                                |
| W07        | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands:   | KN3_W07                            | 4                              |
|            | issues related to the school as an educational institution: the social environment of the class and school, autocratism and democracy at school, the hidden agenda of the school, the attitudes of teachers and students, work with a peer group, the creation of an educational climate in the class and school, educational methods and their effectiveness, the problems of educational skills and difficulties, conflicts in the class and in the family, educational errors, the limits and measures of educational influence, the principles of cooperation between the family and the school and the school with the extracurricular environment. |                                    |                                |
| W09        | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands:   | KN3_W09                            | 4                              |
|            | preventive actions at school: construction of class and school educational-preventive programmes, promotion and protection of health and psychosocial well-being of students; teacher diagnosis in the context of preventive actions; the issue of pedagogical assistance - forms and principles of providing support.   |                                    |                                |
| W10        | In terms of knowledge, the graduate knows and understands:   | KN3_W10                            | 4                              |
|            | the process of adaptation of the child in kindergarten and the student in school - the role of kindergarten, school and family; issues of school maturity, preparation of the child for school and implementation of compulsory education.   |                                    |                                |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes |                                      |                     |
|-----|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
|     | Code                          | Category                             | Name (description)  |
| a02 |                               | Lecture methods / expository methods | Monographic lecture |

| methods Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |
|--|
| Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |
| Activating method — educational games learning content in the guise of a rule- and/or principle-based game; conducted in a deliberately arranged situation based on the description of relevant facts and processes; learners compete with one another within the framework of rules laid down by the academic teacher; varieties include simulation games — involving a simulation of real situations; decision games — based on the decision-making process and the recognition of the consequences of the decisions made (e.g., a decision tree); psychological games — increasing the emotional-volitional component of the participants' attitudes  |
| Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme  |
| Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |
| SWOT analysis a method of analyzing a phenomenon/action/work of an institution, employed to organize information and solve problems; applied in strategic planning, project implementation or solving a business or organizational problem; a universal tool to be used in the initial stage of a strategic analysis which involves sorting information about a problem into four categories: strengths and weaknesses, opportunities and threats; SWOT analysis makes it possible to determine the factors in favour of a project and its chances for success, as well as eliminating or reducing negative factors and threats to the project at the stage of early diagnosis   |
| Exhibition preparing an object for public display and displaying it in order to elicit a specific reaction; creating a themed collection of specimens/objects/works to illustrate a specific issue   |
| Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.   |
| Audio playback / audio drama   |
|  |

|     |                          | preparation and reproduction of sound material (audio recording) in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as a method of sound perception, including the appreciation of a musical piece, an artistic audio drama, an oral presentation of an artistic or scientific text as well as a media text; analysis of the sound material recorded on a carrier with a view to studying a sound-related phenomenon |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| c05 | Demonstration methods    | Poster presentation a visual presentation of a problem and its proposed solutions, created by the person teaching the course or by a student on a poster board showing one major element or a collection of several elements in a coherent graphic form  |
| c06 | Demonstration methods    | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours   |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| c09 | Demonstration methods    | Value-based methods – expressive methods methods of accessing value-related knowledge, experiencing values in emotion-laden activities; creating situations enabling the creation or reproduction of values as a way of self-expression combined with experiencing values (individually or in a group); actions, most often creative, involving an expressive and suggestive way of expressing emotions  |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study   |

| 10 | . Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |             |                                 |  |
|----|------------------|-------------------|----|-------------|---------------------------------|--|
|    | Code             | Name              |    | _           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes                              |
| 01 |                  | lecture           | 10 | exam        |                                 | a02, a05, b02, b04, c02, c03, c06, c07, c09, f01           |
| 02 |                  | practical classes | 10 | course work |                                 | b03, b04, b06, b07, b10, c01, c02, c05, c06, c07, c09, f01 |

| 11. The stu | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |     |  |  |  |
|-------------|---|--|-----|--|--|--|
| Code        | Code Category Name (description)  |  |     |  |  |  |
| a01         | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No  |  |  |  |
| a02         | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No  |  |  |  |
| c01         | Preparation for verification of learning outcom                                     | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes  | Yes |  |  |  |

|     | devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.  |    |
|-----|--|----|
| c02 | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class   | No |
| e01 | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | No |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about th   | General information about the module   |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Traditions of pedagogical therapy and care-educational work  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET7  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Celem jest poznanie i rozumienie w teoretycznym i instytucjonalnym wymiarze historycznych przemian terapii pedagogicznej i pracy opiekuńczowychowawczej. Treści skupiają się na praktyce i poglądach twórców tego obszaru, ich filozoficznych podstawach, historycznych uwarunkowaniach, konsekwencjach i odniesieniach do współczesności. Kładziony zostaje nacisk na ujmowanie narracji o przeszłości jako tej, która stanowi jednocześnie krytyczną narrację o teraźniejszości i przyszłości terapii pedagogicznej i pracy opiekuńczo-wychowawczej. |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |

| 8. Learnin | earning outcomes of the module   |                                    |                                      |  |  |
|------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Code       | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of<br>competent<br>(scale 1-5) |  |  |
| E.1K.K2.   | Absolwent/ka dysponuje gotowością do wykorzystania historycznych kontekstów terapii pedagogicznej i pracy opiekuńczo-wychowawczej do analizy współczesnych, zastanych zdarzeń pedagogicznych.                    | KN3_K08                            | 5                                    |  |  |
| E.1K.U1.   | Absolwent/ka potrafi analizować przeszłość terapii pedagogicznej i pracy opiekuńczo-wychowawczej; opisywać i analizować historyczne przemiany jej pojęć, celów, zadań, zasad, przedmiotu i podmiotu oddziaływań. | KN3_U16                            | 3                                    |  |  |
| E.1K.W1.   | Absolwent/ka zna i rozumie tradycje oraz historyczne kształtowanie się terapii pedagogicznej i pracy opiekuńczowychowawczej: jej pojęć, celów, zadań, zasad, przedmiotu i podmiotu oddziaływań.                  | KN3_W03                            | 2                                    |  |  |

| 9. Methods | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |  |
|------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code       | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |  |
| a01        | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |  |  |
| b01        | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution |  |  |  |
| b02        | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion   |  |  |  |

|     |                             | transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up  |
|-----|-----------------------------|--|
| b04 | Problem-solving methods     | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| c07 | Demonstration methods       | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| d02 | Programmed learning methods | Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning    | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work   |

| 10. Forms of teac | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |
|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| OW_TT_fs_1        | lecture           | 10 | exam  | E.1K.K2., E.1K.U1., E.1K.W1.    | a01, b02, c07, f03            |
| OW TT fs 2        | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | E.1K.K2., E.1K.U1., E.1K.W1.    | b01, b04, d02, f02, f03       |

| 11. The stude | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |  |
|---------------|---|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code          | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| a01           | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No                      |  |  |
| a02           | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |  |  |
| a04           | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation                                 | Yes                     |  |  |
| c02           | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                   | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class  | No                      |  |  |



|                   | exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class                           |     |
|-------------------|--|-----|
| learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes | Yes |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Treatment pedagogy   |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET15   |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 3  |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The student learns about the medical foundations of treatment pedagogy, as well as the functioning of a student with a chronic disease |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| E.1K.U2     | The graduate can analyze the medical basis of therapeutic pedagogy and the functioning of a student with a chronic     | KN3_U04                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
|             | disease and determine the etiopathogenesis of specific learning difficulties.  | KN3_U05                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_U07                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
| E.1K.W2     | The student knows and understands the medical basis of therapeutic pedagogy, the student's functioning in the event of | KN3_W03                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
|             | a chronic disease, and the etiopathogenesis of specific learning difficulties.   | KN3_W05                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
|             |  | KN3_W11                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
| E.1K.W3     | The student knows and understands the psychological and pedagogical aspects of corrective pedagogy and therapeutic     | KN3_W02                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
|             | interactions, the basics of neuropsychology, psychological conditions of cognitive processes; and speech therapy       | KN3_W05                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
|             | aspects of specific learning difficulties.   | KN3_W11                            | 5                              |  |  |  |

| 9. Methods of co | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |  |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code             | Category                      | Name (description)   |  |  |
| a01              |                               | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |  |
| b07              | Problem-solving methods       | Activating methods: a case study   |  |  |

|     |                          | a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon  |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |

| 10. | Forms of teaching |                   |    |   |                                 |                               |
|-----|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|     | Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| Ć   |                   | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | E.1K.U2, E.1K.W3                | b07, c07, f02                 |
| W   |                   | lecture           | 10 | exam  | E.1K.W2                         | a01, c07                      |

| 11. The student's | 1. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |                         |
|-------------------|---|---|-------------------------|
| Code              | Category  | Name (description)  | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01               | Preparation for classes   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes                        | Yes                     |
| a02               | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class   | Yes                     |
| a05               | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Violence against children   |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | B22   |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2   |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |  |  |
|   | The aim of the module is to familiarise students with current knowledge on various aspects of the problem of violence against children in the light of interdisciplinary global research-theoretical discourse. In particular, the course aims to understand the determinants of the occurrence of the phenomenon and its individual and social significance, and to develop competences in investigating the phenomena and cases of violence against children and in responding appropriately to its occurrence from an educator/teacher perspective. In addition, the course aims to develop competences for the design and implementation of measures to eliminate the social incidence of the problem as well as its individual manifestations [in families], also through interdisciplinary cooperation. |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |  |  |

| 8. Learı | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                      |  |  |
|----------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Code     | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of<br>competent<br>(scale 1-5) |  |  |
| B.2.K1.  | Graduates will be able to empathise with students and provide support and assistance.          | KN3_K01                            | 3                                    |  |  |
|          |  | KN3_K04                            | 3                                    |  |  |
|          |  | KN3_K05                            | 3                                    |  |  |
| B.2.U3.  | Graduates will be able to formulate ethical judgements in relation to the teaching profession. | KN3_U02                            | 3                                    |  |  |
|          |  | KN3_U04                            | 3                                    |  |  |

| 9. Metho | Methods of conducting classes |          |  |  |
|----------|-------------------------------|----------|--|--|
| Cod      | de                            | Category | Name (description)   |  |
| b04      |                               | _        | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists |  |

|     |                          | in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem   |
|-----|--------------------------|---|
| b07 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon                        |
| b09 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course |
| c02 | Demonstration methods    | Video show reproducing a film or video material in its entirety or in fragments in order to illustrate the content taught in class, to submit it to analysis and evaluation or to use it as an exercise in image perception; a film/video can be a work of art, an illustration (also technical illustration) of a content/phenomenon/object, a private record of an action, a media image, etc.  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |

| 10. Forms of tea | Forms of teaching |                 |             |                                 |                                   |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Code Name        |                   | Number of hours | 1           | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes     |
| B22C             | practical classes | 10              | course work | B.2.K1., B.2.U3.                | b04, b07, b09, c02, c07, f02, f03 |

| 11. Th | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |   |  |                         |
|--------|--|---|--|-------------------------|
|        | Code   | Category  | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01    |  | Preparation for classes                                   | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No                      |
| a02    |  | Preparation for classes                                   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |
| b01    |  | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |



| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/  | Yes |
|-----|---|--|-----|
|     |   | examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course |     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Voice emission   |  |  |
| Module code   | F39  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   | Polish   |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The purpose of the module is for the participant to acquire basic knowledge and skills in the field of voice emission. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. | Learning ( | Learning outcomes of the module |                                    |                                |
|----|------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|    | Code       | Description                     | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |
| 1  |            |                                 | KN3_U13<br>KN3_W13                 | 4 4                            |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |
| c06           | Demonstration methods                | Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours |  |
| d03           | Programmed learning methods          | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools  |  |
| f02           | Methods of self-learning             | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied  |  |



| issue        |                       |    |   |                                 |                               |
|--------------|-----------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 10. Forms of | .0. Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |
| Code         | Name                  |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
| 1            | practical classes     | 10 | course work                                       | 1                               | a01, c06, d03, f02            |

| 11. The student's | 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |
|-------------------|--|--|-------------------------|
| Code              | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a03               | Preparation for classes  | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)          | Yes                     |
| d02               | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes                      | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade | Yes                     |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about t  | General information about the module   |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Work methods of a probation officer  |  |  |
| Module code   | ER20   |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 4  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | Celem modułu jest zapoznanie studentów z specyfiką pracy kuratora sądowego, omówienie modeli kurateli sądowej. Charakterystyka formalnych i nieformalnych kompetencji niezbędnych do wykonywania zawodu kuratora sądowego. Przybliżenie metod pracy kuratora sądowego w środowisku funkcjonowania podopiecznego. Prawny aspekt pracy kuratora sądowego. Metody pracy w ośrodkach kuratorskich. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |

| 8. Learning | Learning outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code        | Description  | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| ER20-1      | W zakresie wiedzy absolwent zna i rozumie metodykę oddziaływań resocjalizacyjnych w środowisku otwartym;   | KN3_W08                            | 1                              |  |  |  |
|             | teoretyczne podstawy środowiskowych oddziaływań metodycznych; metody pracy kuratora sądowego; zadań, zasad pracy w ośrodkach kuratorskich.                                   | KN3_W12                            | 2                              |  |  |  |
| ER20-2      | W zakresie umiejętności absolwent potrafi analizować i stosować metodykę oddziaływań resocjalizacyjnych w  | KN3_U01                            | 1 1                            |  |  |  |
|             | środowisku otwartym; planować i realizować współpracę ze środowiskiem otwartym; analizować i stosować metody pracy kuratora sądowego, metody pracy w ośrodkach kuratorskich. | KN3_U04                            | 1                              |  |  |  |
|             | pracy kuratora sądowego, metody pracy w ośrodkach kuratorskich.  | KN3_U07                            | 1                              |  |  |  |
| ER20-3      | W zakresie kompetencji społecznych absolwent jest gotów do ciągłego poszerzania wiedzy w celu własnego rozwoju   | KN3_K05                            | 1                              |  |  |  |
|             | zawodowego.  | KN3_K07                            | 1                              |  |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes    |                         |  |  |  |
|-----|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
|     | Code Category Name (description) |                         |  |  |  |
| a01 |                                  | ' , ,                   | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |  |
| b02 |                                  | Problem-solving methods | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its   |  |  |

|     |                          | elements or constitutes its follow-up  |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| b04 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |

| 10. Forms of teac | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |  |
|-------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Code              | Name              |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |  |
| 1                 | practical classes | 10 | course work                                       | ER20-2, ER20-3                  | b04, c07, f02                 |  |
| ER20-1            | lecture           | 10 | exam  | ER20-1                          | a01, b02                      |  |

| 11. The student | . The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |  |
|-----------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code            | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| a01             | Preparation for classes  | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes   | Yes                     |  |  |
| a03             | Preparation for classes  | Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)  | No                      |  |  |
| a04             | Preparation for classes  | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes                     |  |  |
| b01             | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                          | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No                      |  |  |
| c02             | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes                                  | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |  |  |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Module name   | Work pedagogy  |  |  |  |  |
| Module code   | ET12   |  |  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 2  |  |  |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose and description of the content of education                               | The module aims to equip students with the basic knowledge and skills necessary to work effectively with adults, support them in building their career paths, and overcome barriers in the labour market. The program aims to impart theoretical foundations and provide practical knowledge of various teaching methods helpful in working with adults. |  |  |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable   |  |  |  |  |

| 8.   | Learning outcomes of the module |   |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
|      | Code                            | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| E.1K | .K1                             | Absolwent rozumie potrzebę uczenia się przez całe życie; potrafi inspirować i organizować proces  | KN3_K01                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
|      |                                 | uczenia się innych osób oraz ich rozwoju zawodowego; Jego gotów do autorefleksji nad rozwojem zawodowym.  | KN3_W14                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
| E.1K | .U3                             | Absolwent potrafi zaprojektować ścieżkę własnego rozwoju zawodowego i wspomagać w tym zakresie uczniów; oceniać<br>możliwości rynku pracy, dostępne ścieżki edukacji ustawicznej; elastycznie podchodzić do przeszkód na drodze kariery.  | KN3_W14                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
| E.2K | .K4                             | Absolwent potrafi współpracować z nauczycielami w celu doskonalenia swojego warsztatu pracy.  | KN3_K03                            | 3                              |  |  |  |
|      |                                 |   | KN3_U09                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
| ET12 |                                 | Absolwent zna i rozumie proces wspomagania ucznia w projektowaniu ścieżki edukacyjno- zawodowej, znaczenie  | KN3_K01                            | 4                              |  |  |  |
|      |                                 | przygotowania uczniów do samokształcenia, pracy nad własnym rozwojem oraz do aktywnego uczestnictwa w rynku<br>pracy; pojęcia rynku edukacyjnego i rynku pracy, drogi rozwoju zawodowego; znaczenie uczenia się przez całe życie;<br>sposoby radzenia sobie ze stresem, niepewnością i jak elastycznie podchodzić do przeszkód na drodze kariery. | KN3_K07                            | 4                              |  |  |  |

| 9.  | Methods of conducting classes    |  |  |  |
|-----|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
|     | Code Category Name (description) |  |  |  |
| a01 |                                  |  | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided |  |

| b02 | Problem-solving methods  | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| b04 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |
| b09 | Problem-solving methods  | Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course  |
| c07 | Demonstration methods    | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image   |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue  |

| 10. Forms of teach | .0. Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |                               |  |  |
|--------------------|-----------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Code               | Name                  |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |  |  |
| ET12C              | practical classes     | 10 | course work                                       | E.1K.U3, E.2K.K4                | b04, b09, c07, f02            |  |  |
| ET12W              | lecture               | 10 | exam  | E.1K.K1, ET12_W1                | a01, b02, c07, f02            |  |  |

| 11. The student's | 11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |  |                         |  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Code              | Category   | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |  |  |
| a02               | Preparation for classes  | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No                      |  |  |
| b01               | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes                            | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | Yes                     |  |  |
| c02               |  | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class | No                      |  |  |
| c03               |  | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion  | Yes                     |  |  |

|     |   | a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course  |    |
|-----|---|--|----|
| e01 | Activities complementary to the classes | Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education | No |



| 1. | Field of study                 | Pedagogy                   |
|----|--------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Faculty                        | Faculty of Social Sciences |
| 3. | Academic year of entry         | 2025/2026 (winter term)    |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies        |
| 5. | Degree profile                 | general academic           |
| 6. | Mode of study                  | part-time                  |

| 7. General information about the  | General information about the module  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Module name   | Working with family   |  |  |
| Module code   | ER19  |  |  |
| Number of the ECTS credits  | 6   |  |  |
| Language of instruction   |   |  |  |
|   | Praca z rodziną jest modułem wprowadzającym w szczegółową wiedzę na temat założeń, metod i form pracy z rodziną. Celem zajęć jest zapoznanie studentów z teoretycznymi i praktycznymi podstawami pracy z rodziną w instytucjach wychowawczych, pomocowych oraz w środowisku otwartym. Studenci w trakcie zajęć nabywają podstawową wiedzę z zakresu metod i form pracy z rodziną oraz współpracy z profesjonalistami zajmującymi się pracą z rodziną.  Wszystkie efekty kształcenia zakładane w module planuje się osiągnąć podczas wykładów, ćwiczeń a także pracy własnej studenta, obejmującej studiowanie literatury przedmiotu, przygotowanie prezentacji oraz wymaganych zagadnień.  Wszystkie efekty uczenia się zakładane w module planuje się osiągnąć w trakcie zajęć w kontakcie bezpośrednim z nauczycielami akademickimi, a także podczas pracy własnej studenta, obejmującej przygotowanie do form weryfikacji efektów uczenia się, wymagań określonych w module. |  |  |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable  |  |  |

| 8. Learnir | outcomes of the module  |                                    |                                |  |  |  |
|------------|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Code       | Description   | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competent (scale 1-5) |  |  |  |
| K01        | Absolwent jest gotów do samodzielnego pogłębiania wiedzy z zakresu metod i form pracy z rodziną.          | KN3_K01                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
|            |   | KN3_K03                            | 3                              |  |  |  |
|            |   | KN3_K04                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
| K02        | Absolwent jest gotów do współpracy z instytucjami pomocowymi w celu doskonalenia swojego warsztatu pracy. | KN3_K02                            | 2                              |  |  |  |
|            |   | KN3_K03                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
|            |   | KN3_K05                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
| U01        | Absolwent potrafi analizować metodykę pracy z rodziną w instytucjach wychowawczych, pomocowych oraz w     | KN3_U02                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
|            | środowisku otwartym.  | KN3_U08                            | 5                              |  |  |  |
|            |   | KN3_U09                            | 3                              |  |  |  |

|     |   | KN3_U10 | 4 |
|-----|---|---------|---|
| W01 | Absolwent zna i rozumie metodykę pracy z rodziną w instytucjach wychowawczych, pomocowych oraz w środowisku | KN3_W08 | 2 |
|     | otwartym.   | KN3_W14 | 5 |
| W02 | Absolwent zna i rozumie teoretyczne podstawy środowiskowych oddziaływań metodycznych.                       | KN3_W05 | 4 |
|     |   | KN3_W08 | 5 |

| 9. Methods of | Methods of conducting classes        |  |  |  |  |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Code          | Category                             | Name (description)   |  |  |  |
| a01           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided   |  |  |  |
| a03           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison  |  |  |  |
| a05           | Lecture methods / expository methods | Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course   |  |  |  |
| b01           | Problem-solving methods              | Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution   |  |  |  |
| b02           | Problem-solving methods              | Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up   |  |  |  |
| b04           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method — discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem |  |  |  |
| b06           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating method – staged drama/drama experiential learning; solving a problem by acting out a role; a.k.a. a role-playing method; role-players interpret their roles in an individual way; the identification with the role is achieved through the activation of the senses, imagination and speech, the stimulation of gesture and movement, etc.; the aim of drama is to experience situations, problems and events mediated by the role; staged drama is a role-playing method enriched with props and stage scenery illustrating a theme  |  |  |  |
| b07           | Problem-solving methods              | Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon   |  |  |  |
| c06           | Demonstration methods                | Demonstration-imitation  |  |  |  |

|     |                             | a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours  |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|
| c07 | Demonstration methods       | Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image  |
| d03 | Programmed learning methods | Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools   |
| e03 | Practical methods           | Creation/production — creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production  |
| e04 | Practical methods           | Project scheduling proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project |
| e09 | Practical methods           | Plein air session implementation of a creative task in an open-air area, e.g. outside the studio  |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning    | Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue   |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning    | Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work  |

| 1 | .0. Forms of teach | Forms of teaching |    |   |                                 |  |
|---|--------------------|-------------------|----|---|---------------------------------|--|
|   | Code Name          |                   |    | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes  |
| O | 1                  | practical classes | 20 | course work                                       |                                 | a03, a05, b01, b04, b06, b07, c06, c07, d03, e03, e04, e09, f02, f03 |
| 0 | 2                  | lecture           | 10 | exam  | W01, W02                        | a01, a03, a05, b01, b02, c07, f02                                    |

| 11. The       | The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular: |          |  |                         |
|---------------|--|----------|--|-------------------------|
| Code Category |  | Category | Name (description)   | Is it part of the BUNA? |
| a01           |  | ·        | Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes | No                      |

| a02 | Preparation for classes   | Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class  | No  |
|-----|---|--|-----|
| a04 | Preparation for classes   | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation   | Yes |
| a05 | Preparation for classes   | Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes        | Yes |
| b01 | Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes       | Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content  | No  |
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes               | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course        | Yes |
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes | Yes |