

1.	Field of study	Data Science and Artificial Intelligence
2.	Faculty	Faculty of Science and Technology
3.	Academic year of entry	2025/2026 (winter term)
4.	Level of qualifications/degree	first-cycle studies (in engineering)
5.	Degree profile	general academic
6.	Mode of study	full-time

7.	General information about the module	
Module name		Deep Learning
Module code		W4_DSAI_S1_UG
Number of the ECTS credits		4
Language of instruction		Polish
Purpose and description of the content of education		Celem modułu jest zapoznanie studentów z wybranymi metodami budowy i trenowania głębokich sieci neuronowych, ze szczególnym uwzględnieniem nowoczesnych architektur i ich zastosowań w analizie danych. Omawiane są zarówno podstawowe mechanizmy działania sieci, techniki regularyzacji i optymalizacji, jak i zaawansowane architektury, takie jak konwolucyjne sieci neuronowe oraz transformatory stosowane w przetwarzaniu języka naturalnego. Studenci nauczą się projektować, trenować i optymalizować modele głębokiego uczenia z wykorzystaniem popularnych platform programistycznych tzw. frameworków oraz rozwiązywać rzeczywiste problemy związane z analizą obrazu, tekstu i podejmowaniem decyzji.
List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary)		not applicable

8.	Learning outcomes of the module			
Code	Description	Learning outcomes of the programme	Level of competenc (scale 1-5)	
K01	Jest gotów do krytycznej oceny opracowanych modeli głębokiego uczenia, w tym uwzględniania ograniczeń modeli i ryzyka ich niewłaściwego zastosowania.	DSAI_1S_K02 DSAI_1S_K03	3 3	
K02	Potrafi efektywnie współpracować w zespole nad wspólnym projektem wykorzystującym techniki uczenia głębokiego, przyjmując różne role i dzieląc się wiedzą.	DSAI_1S_K03 DSAI_1S_U09	3 3	
K03	Ma świadomość etycznych konsekwencji zastosowania technologii uczenia głębokiego i przestrzega zasad odpowiedzialnego wykorzystywania sztucznej inteligencji.	DSAI_1S_K03	3	
U01	Potrafi zaprojektować, zaimplementować i wytrenować głęboką sieć neuronową do rozwiązania zadania klasyfikacji, regresji lub generowania danych z użyciem dostępnych platform programistycznych.	DSAI_1S_U03_inż DSAI_1S_U04	3 3	
U02	Potrafi dobrać odpowiednie architektury sieci neuronowych oraz techniki regularyzacji i optymalizacji w zależności od specyfiki problemu i charakterystyki danych.	DSAI_1S_U01_inż DSAI_1S_U04	3 3	
U03	Umie samodzielnie aktualizować i poszerzać swoją wiedzę w zakresie uczenia głębokiego, analizując literaturę naukową i dokumentację narzędzi programistycznych.	DSAI_1S_U06 DSAI_1S_U10	3 3	

W01	Ma uporządkowaną, podbudowaną teoretycznie wiedzę na temat budowy, działania i sposobów trenowania głębokich sieci neuronowych, w tym konwolucyjnych sieci neuronowych, modeli transformatorowych oraz modeli generatywnych.	DSAI_1S_W02_inż DSAI_1S_W04	3 3
W02	Zna zaawansowane metody optymalizacji i regularyzacji stosowane w uczeniu głębokim oraz potrafi wyjaśnić ich wpływ na proces uczenia i generalizację modelu.	DSAI_1S_W04	3
W03	Rozumie znaczenie oraz ograniczenia różnych paradygmatów uczenia maszynowego, w tym uczenia nadzorowanego, nienadzorowanego i przez wzmacnianie, w kontekście rozwiązywania rzeczywistych problemów.	DSAI_1S_W04	3

9. Methods of conducting classes		
Code	Category	Name (description)
a05	Lecture methods / expository methods	Explanation/clarification <i>explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course</i>
b04	Problem-solving methods	Activating method – discussion / debate <i>an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem</i>
b07	Problem-solving methods	Activating methods: a case study <i>a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon</i>
b08	Problem-solving methods	Activating method – peer learning <i>learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another</i>
c06	Demonstration methods	Demonstration-imitation <i>a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours</i>
c07	Demonstration methods	Screen presentation <i>a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image</i>
d01	Programmed learning methods	Working with a computer <i>e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices, computer programs and Internet applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out step by step according to the plan laid own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds towards producing the indicated results within the set deadline</i>
d02	Programmed learning methods	Working with a programmed textbook

		<i>working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.</i>
e01	Practical methods	Laboratory exercise / experiment <i>[also conducted as fieldwork] a method of practical application of knowledge; implemented in three stages: the recognition of a problem induced by the task content, the formulation of the problem and the attempt to solve it accompanied by the assessment of the effects; the goal is to acquire skills, abilities and habits, and to consolidate the acquired knowledge so that it becomes operational; the laboratory method assumes greater independence of learners than carrying out an experiment</i>
f01	Methods of self-learning	Self-education <i>a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study</i>

10. Forms of teaching					
Code	Name	Number of hours	Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module	Learning outcomes of the module	Methods of conducting classes
fs01	laboratory classes	45	course work	K01, K02, K03, U01, U02, U03, W01, W02, W03	a05, b04, b07, b08, c06, c07, d01, d02, e01, f01

11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular:			
Code	Category	Name (description)	Is it part of the BUNA?
a01	Preparation for classes	Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation <i>reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes</i>	No
a02	Preparation for classes	Literature reading / analysis of source materials <i>reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class</i>	No
a03	Preparation for classes	Developing practical skills <i>activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)</i>	No
c02	Preparation for verification of learning outcomes	Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class <i>exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class</i>	No
d01	Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes	Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes <i>reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes</i>	Yes
d02	Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes	Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks <i>reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade</i>	Yes