1.	Field of study	Environmental Protection
2.	Faculty	Faculty of Natural Sciences
3.	Academic year of entry	2025/2026 (winter term)
4.	Level of qualifications/degree	first-cycle studies
5.	Degree profile	general academic
6.	Mode of study	full-time

7. General information about th	General information about the module		
Module name	Ecosystems under anthropopressure		
Module code	1OS_23_49		
Number of the ECTS credits	3		
Language of instruction			
Purpose and description of the content of education	The module aims to familiarise the student with the new ecological systems in industrial regions and to provide knowledge on atmospheric pollution, soil degradation, and circulation of xenobionts in the trophic chain. Students will learn mechanisms of anthropopressure and methods of studying this phenomenon and identifying various factors of anthropopressure, types of transformations of phytocenoses forest and non-forest phytocenoses. The module introduces the knowledge of changes in the abundance of insects in biocenoses with particular emphasis on the gradations and principles of the division of selected groups of insects about the type of diseases they cause.		
List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary)	not applicable		

8. Learning	Learning outcomes of the module					
Code	Description	Learning outcomes of the programme	Level of competent (scale 1-5)			
K_01	Uses acquired knowledge of ecology based on various sources, including internet sources, in the process of self-	Description  Learning outcomes of the programme  I co (s  nowledge of ecology based on various sources, including internet sources, in the process of self- II as in the process of raising awareness and ecological safety in environmental education.  Industry of the process of self- II as in the process of raising awareness and ecological safety in environmental education.  Industry of the process of self- II os_K02 II os_K03 II os_K04 II os_K05 II os_U10 II os_U11 II os_U11 II os_U12 II os_U12 II os_U12 II os_U12 II os_U10 II os_U1	3			
	education as well as in the process of raising awareness and ecological safety in environmental education.		4			
		1OS_K04	4			
		1OS_K05	3			
U_01	Uses acquired knowledge of ecology based on various sources, including internet sources, in the process of self-education as well as in the process of raising awareness and ecological safety in environmental education.  The student communicates using specialised terminology; can participate in the debate - present and evaluate different opinions and positions on anthropopressure in ecosystems and discuss them.  Can apply the methods learned and use the knowledge to assess the degree of transformation of selected ecosystems.  Be able to list basic ways of preventing invasions of selected species with particular emphasis on insect pests of tree stands.  Describes and classifies the causes of the ecological crisis at global, continental and regional scales. Is aware of the	10S_U10	3			
		10S_U11	3			
		10S_K05  ent 10S_U10     10S_U11     10S_U12  ms. 10S_U01	4			
U_02	Can apply the methods learned and use the knowledge to assess the degree of transformation of selected ecosystems.	10S U01	5			
		1OS_U02	4			
		10S_U10	4			
W_01			4			
	effect of alien species introduction and synatropisation. Knows the circulation of xenobionts in degraded ecosystems and	1OS_W02	3			

their blockage in biomass and soils	10S_W05	5
	1OS_W06	4
	10S_W11	3
	10S_W14	4

		105_W14 4		
9. Methods o	f conducting classes			
Code	Category	Name (description)		
b01	Problem-solving methods	Problem-based lecture an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution		
b02	Problem-solving methods	Lecture-discussion transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up		
b04	Problem-solving methods	Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem		
c06	Demonstration methods	Demonstration-imitation a presentation of a model way of performing specific activities accompanied by a commentary; it aims at triggering imitation activities in an individual or in a group of participants observing the activities of the person teaching the course until the right habit is formed through regular exercise; the demonstration-imitation method is combined with a physical practice of activities/behaviours		
c07	Demonstration methods	Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image		
d03	Programmed learning methods	Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools		
e01	Practical methods	Laboratory exercise / experiment [also conducted as fieldwork] a method of practical application of knowledge; implemented in three stages: the recognition of a problem induced by the task content, the formulation of the problem and the attempt to solve it accompanied by the assessment of the effects; the goal is to acquire skills, abilities and habits, and to consolidate the acquired knowledge so that it becomes operational; the laboratory method assumes greater independence of learners than carrying out an experiment		
e06	Practical methods	Observation also conducted as fieldwork; a method of watching phenomena, objects or people in a systematic/planned way in order to gain knowledge about them; perceptual separation of elements of a model action as an element of learning through imitation; a complex system of cognition based on sensory experiences		
f02	Methods of self-learning	Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied		



issue					
10. Forms of teach	10. Forms of teaching				
Code	Name		Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module	Learning outcomes of the module	Methods of conducting classes
01	laboratory classes	30	course work	K_01, U_01, U_02, W_01	b01, b04, c06, c07, d03, e01, e06, f02
02	discussion classes	6	course work	U_02, W_01	b02, b04, c07

11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular:			
Code	Category	Name (description)	Is it part of the BUNA?
a01	Preparation for classes	Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes	No
a02	Preparation for classes	Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class	No
a04	Preparation for classes	Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation	Yes
b01	Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes	Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content	Yes
c01	Preparation for verification of learning outcomes	Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.	Yes
d01	Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes	Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes	Yes

Information on the details of the module implementation in a given academic year can be found in the syllabus available in the USOS system: <a href="https://usosweb.us.edu.pl">https://usosweb.us.edu.pl</a>.