

1.	Field of study	Environmental Protection
2.	Faculty	Faculty of Natural Sciences
3.	Academic year of entry	2025/2026 (winter term)
4.	Level of qualifications/degree	first-cycle studies
5.	Degree profile	general academic
6.	Mode of study	full-time

7. General information about th	General information about the module		
Module name	Fundamentals of chemical and physical sciences for environmental protection		
Module code	1OS_23_46		
Number of the ECTS credits	2		
Language of instruction			
Purpose and description of the content of education	Głównym celem przedmiotu "Podstawy nauk chemiczno-fizycznych dla ochrony środowiska" jest uporządkowanie i uzupełnienie wiedzy z zakresu chemii i fizyki na poziomie ułatwiającym efektywne przyswajanie treści obligatoryjnych objętych programem studiów I stopnia na kierunku Ochrona Środowiska. Moduł ma charakter zajęć uzupełniających, na którym omawiane będą treści z zakresu chemii organicznej, nieorganicznej, fizycznej oraz kwantowej pozwalające na zrozumienie fundamentalnego znaczenia chemii i fizyki w nauce o środowisku, a także na zdobycie umiejętności rozwiązywania podstawowych problemów z tych dziedzin.		
List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary)	not applicable		

8.	3. Learning outcomes of the module			
	Code	Description	Learning outcomes of the programme	Level of competent (scale 1-5)
1		Zna rolę i zadania współczesnej chemii oraz fizyki i ich fundamentalne znaczenie w nauce o środowisku.	1OS_U05	4
		Zna zjawiska fizyczne i chemiczne zachodzące w przyrodzie oraz rozumie związki i zależności między różnymi	1OS_W01	3
		dyscyplinami nauk przyrodniczych.	1OS_W02	3
2		Posiada podstawową wiedzę z zakresu chemii i fizyki. Rozwija umiejętność logicznego myślenia i wyciągania wniosków	1OS_U02	3
			10S_W01	4
3		Wykazuje znajomość podstawowych pakietów oprogramowania użytkowego w zakresie pozwalającym na ich stosowanie m. in. w zadaniach obliczeniowych.	10S_W07	4
4		Uczy się samodzielnie wyznaczonych zagadnień i w uporządkowany sposób prezentuje zdobytą widzę. Dokonuje	1OS_K02	3
		interpretacji wyników, potrafi wyciągnąć wnioski i łączyć zdobytą wiedzę teoretyczną z umiejętnościami praktycznymi.	1OS_U07	4
			1OS_U08	3
5		Pracuje indywidualnie, wykazuje inicjatywę i samodzielność w rozwiązywaniu postawianych przed nim zadań;	1OS_K02	3
		uczestniczy w dyskusji; potrafi przedstawić wyniki swojej pracy.	1OS_U08	3



6 Ma świadomość konieczności ciągłego podnoszenia kompetencji zawodowych. 10S_K05 3

9. Methods of	Methods of conducting classes				
Code	Category	Name (description)			
a01	Lecture methods / expository methods	Formal lecture/ course-related lecture a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided			
a03	Lecture methods / expository methods	Description a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison			
a05	Lecture methods / expository methods	Explanation/clarification explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course			
b04	Problem-solving methods	Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem			
b05	Problem-solving methods	Activating method – seminar / proseminar a seminar method; usually an oral presentation of a previously studied/diagnosed problem delivered on a forum; it aims at provoking a discussion concerning the results of research work; a type of conference, course or training session modelled on seminar classes			
b07	Problem-solving methods	Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon			
b08	Problem-solving methods	Activating method – peer learning learning through the exchange of knowledge in a group/team/pair of students, i.e., in the so-called learning cell; a kind of mutual learning; an approach focused on student activity under the guidance of the person teaching the course; a learning situation where students with a similar level of experience learn from one another			
b09	Problem-solving methods	Activating method – flipped classroom anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course			
c07	Demonstration methods	Screen presentation a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image			

d01	Programmed learning methods	Working with a computer e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices, computer programs and Internet applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out step by step according to the plan laid own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds towards producing the indicated results within the set deadline
d02	Programmed learning methods	Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.
d03	Programmed learning methods	Working with another teaching tool e.g. using websites in any way or according to the rules set by the teacher; or making use of other subject-specific tools
d04	Programmed learning methods	Reconstruction / reproduction proceeding according to the indicated/displayed pattern/model; e.g., the reconstruction of a structure, model, image, etc.
e03	Practical methods	Creation/production – creative workshop an activity involving creating/producing a work/artifact based on the individual, creative effort of the participant; the creative workshop is characterized by the presence and openness which make it possible to access the essence of the work/peculiarity of the artifact at every stage of its creation/production
f01	Methods of self-learning	Self-education a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study
f02	Methods of self-learning	Individual work with a text searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue
f03	Methods of self-learning	Conceptual work a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work

10.	Forms of teach	Forms of teaching				
	Code Name			Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module	Learning outcomes of the module	Methods of conducting classes
1		discussion classes	20	course work	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	a01, a03, a05, b07, b09, d01, d03, d04, e03, f01, f02, f03
2		seminar	10	course work	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	a05, b04, b05, b07, b08, b09, c07, d01, d02, d03, e03, f01, f02, f03

11. The student's	The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular:			
Code	Code Category Name (description)		Is it part of the BUNA?	
a01	·	Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes	Yes	

a02	Preparation for classes	Literature reading / analysis of source materials reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class	Yes
a03	Preparation for classes	Developing practical skills activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)	Yes
a04	Preparation for classes	Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation	Yes
a05	Preparation for classes	Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes	Yes
b01	Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes	Getting acquainted with the syllabus content reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content	Yes
b02	Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes	Verification / adjustment / discussion of syllabus provisions consulting the content of the syllabus, possibly in the presence of the year tutor or members of the class group, and, if necessary, reassessing the provisions concerning special conditions for class participation, e.g., space and time requirements, technical and other requirements, including conditions for participation in classes outside the walls of the university, classes organized in blocks, organized online, etc.	Yes
b03	Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes	Consulting the schedule getting acquainted with the class schedule, possibly in the presence of the year tutor, in order to optimize participation in classes, including those supplementary to the core subjects listed in the pursued study programme	Yes
c01	Preparation for verification of learning outcomes	Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.	Yes
c02	Preparation for verification of learning outcomes	Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class	Yes
c03	Preparation for verification of learning outcomes	Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course	Yes
d01	Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes	Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes	Yes
d02	Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes	Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade	Yes



Information on the details of the module implementation in a given academic year can be found in the syllabus available in the USOS system: https://usosweb.us.edu.pl.