University of Silesia in Katowice

1.	Field of study	National and International Security
2.	Faculty	Faculty of Social Sciences
3.	Academic year of entry	2024/2025 (winter term)
4.	Level of qualifications/degree	first-cycle studies
5.	Degree profile	general academic
6.	Mode of study	part-time

7.	General information about the module

Module name	Polish history and general history of the 20th and 21st centuries
Module code	W3-BM-N1-HPP
Number of the ECTS credits	3
Language of instruction	Polish
Purpose and description of the content of education	The module aims for students to achieve an advanced level of knowledge in the field of the history of Poland and the world after World War II up to the present. Particular attention will be paid to problems of a political nature. However, the module will also include topics related to economic reforms and cultural and social changes. After completing the module, students should be able to find the historical roots of problems present in contemporary politics and thus deepen their understanding. They should also be able to use historical analogies to analyze contemporary events.
List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary)	not applicable

8.	Learning outcomes of the module

Code	Description	Learning outcomes of the programme	Level of competenc (scale 1-5)
K01	can make a critical, in-depth assessment of historical events	BM_1_K04	2
U01	can use historical analogies to analyze contemporary events	BM_1_U01	3
W01	can find the historical roots of problems present in contemporary Polish and global politics	BM_1_W02	2

9.	Methods of conducting classes

Code	Category	Name (description)
a01	Lecture methods / expository methods	Formal lecture/ course-related lecture *a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided*
a05	Lecture methods / expository methods	Explanation/clarification *explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course*
b01	Problem-solving methods	Problem-based lecture *an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution*

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b04	Problem-solving methods	**Activating method – discussion / debate** *an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem*
b07	Problem-solving methods	**Activating methods: a case study** *a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon*
b10	Problem-solving methods	**SWOT analysis** *a method of analyzing a phenomenon/action/work of an institution, employed to organize information and solve problems; applied in strategic planning, project implementation or solving a business or organizational problem; a universal tool to be used in the initial stage of a strategic analysis which involves sorting information about a problem into four categories: strengths and weaknesses, opportunities and threats; SWOT analysis makes it possible to determine the factors in favour of a project and its chances for success, as well as eliminating or reducing negative factors and threats to the project at the stage of early diagnosis*
f02	Methods of self-learning	**Individual work with a text** *searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue*
f03	Methods of self-learning	**Conceptual work** *a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work*

10.	Forms of teaching					
Code	**Name**	**Number of hours**	**Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module**	**Learning outcomes of the module**	**Methods of conducting classes**
HPP_fs_1	lecture	20	course work	K01, U01, W01	a01, a05, b01, b04, b07
HPP_fs_2	practical classes	10	course work	K01, U01, W01	a05, b04, b07, b10, f02, f03

11.	The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular:		
Code	**Category**	**Name (description)**	**Is it part of the BUNA?**
a01	Preparation for classes	**Search for materials and review activities necessary for class participation** *reviewing literature, documentation, tools and materials as well as the specifics of the syllabus and the range of activities indicated in it as required for full participation in classes*	No
a02	Preparation for classes	**Literature reading / analysis of source materials** *reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class*	No
a04	Preparation for classes	**Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus** *agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation*	Yes

		of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation	
b01	Consulting the curriculum and the organization of classes	Getting acquainted with the syllabus content *reading through the syllabus and getting acquainted with its content*	No
c03	Preparation for verification of learning outcomes	Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion *a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course*	Yes
d01	Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes	Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes *reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes*	Yes

Information on the details of the module implementation in a given academic year can be found in the syllabus available in the USOS system: https://usosweb.us.edu.pl.