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| 1. | Field of study | Applied Computer Science |
| 2. | Faculty | Faculty of Science and Technology |
| 3. | Academic year of entry | 2023/2024 (winter term), 2024/2025 (winter term) |
| 4. | Level of qualifications/degree | first-cycle studies (in engineering) |
| 5. | Degree profile | general academic |
| 6. | Mode of study | full-time |

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| 7. General information about the module | |
| Module name | Computer Graphics and Image Processing |
| Module code | W4-IS-S1-GKPO |
| Number of the ECTS credits | 5 |
| Language of instruction | Polish |
| Purpose and description of the content of education | <p>Celem modułu jest zdobycie przez studiującego wiedzy i umiejętności w zakresie następujących treści kształcenia:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Podstawowe pojęcia i definicje stosowane w grafice komputerowej. 2.Budowa ludzkiego oka, percepcja obrazu przez człowieka. 3.Systemy grafiki. Sprzęt i oprogramowanie dla potrzeb grafiki komputerowej. Graficzne interfejsy użytkownika. 4.Formaty plików w grafice komputerowej. Metody kompresji obrazu. 5.Przestrzenie (modele) barw w grafice komputerowej. 6.Prymitywy graficzne. Algorytmy rysowania w rastrowej grafice dwuwymiarowej. 7.Podstawowe przekształcenia 2D i 3D. Składanie przekształceń 2D i 3D. 8.Reprezentacja przestrzeni trójwymiarowej na płaszczyźnie – rzutowanie. 9.Modelowanie krzywych. Krzywe parametryczne trzeciego stopnia (krzywe Beziera). 10.Podstawy modelowania obiektów dwu- i trójwymiarowych. 11.Przetwarzanie obrazów. 12.Modele cieniowania/oświetlenia, koloru i tekstury. 13.Metoda śledzenia promieni. Modele cieniowania bazujące na fizyce (PBR). 14.Wprowadzenie do animacji. 15.Wprowadzenie do graficznych interfejsów programowania aplikacji (OpenGL, DirectX). |
| List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary) | not applicable |

| 8. Learning outcomes of the module | | | |
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| Code | Description | Learning outcomes of the programme | Level of competenc (scale 1-5) |
| IS-S1-GKPO _1 | zna i rozumie podstawowe pojęcia dotyczące grafiki komputerowej: rastrowej i wektorowej | IS1_W03 | 3 |
| IS-S1-GKPO _2 | zna i rozumie funkcjonowanie nowoczesnych rozwiązań sprzętowych dla grafiki komputerowej | IS1_W03 | 3 |
| IS-S1-GKPO | zna podstawowe operacje i algorytmy rastrowe w grafice dwuwymiarowej oraz przekształcenia geometryczne 2D i 3D | IS1_W03 | 3 |

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| _3 | | | |
| IS-S1-GKPO _4 | zna i potrafi zastosować podstawowe techniki i algorytmy przetwarzania obrazu | IS1_U05 IS1_W03 | 3 3 |
| IS-S1-GKPO _5 | potrafi dobrać odpowiednie narzędzia programistyczne oraz zastosować efektywne metody do tworzenia różnorodnych projektów graficznych | IS1_U05 IS1_U06 | 4 3 |
| IS-S1-GKPO _6 | potrafi modelować proste obiekty trójwymiarowe, wykonywać podstawowe animację oraz przygotowywać fotorealistyczne grafiki wyjściowe | IS1_U05 IS1_U06 | 3 4 |
| IS-S1-GKPO _7 | potrafi samodzielnie zdobywać wiedzę w celu podnoszenia kompetencji zawodowych | IS1_U01 | 3 |
| IS-S1-GKPO _8 | rozumie potrzebę i jest gotów do ciągłego doksztalcania się w zakresie sprzętu i oprogramowania dla grafiki komputerowej | IS1_K01 | 3 |

| 9. Methods of conducting classes | | |
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| Code | Category | Name (description) |
| a01 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Formal lecture/ course-related lecture <i>a systematic course of study involving a synthetic presentation of an academic discipline; its implementation assumes a passive reception of the information provided</i> |
| a03 | Lecture methods / expository methods | Description <i>a description of objects, phenomena, processes or people; it involves specifying the structure and characteristic features of the object, phenomenon, or process being described; it is usually accompanied by a demonstration of the described object or by its models, drawings, tables, charts, etc.; a description may take the form of an explanation, classification, justification or comparison</i> |
| b01 | Problem-solving methods | Problem-based lecture <i>an analysis of a selected scientific or practical problem accompanied by its assessment and an attempt to provide a solution to the issues presented in the lecture as well as the indication of the consequences of the proposed solution</i> |
| b02 | Problem-solving methods | Lecture-discussion <i>transmission of content involving interaction with the lecture audience; discussion of lecture-related issues is one of its elements or constitutes its follow-up</i> |
| b09 | Problem-solving methods | Activating method – flipped classroom <i>anticipatory learning; work in class is based on previously studied material indicated by the person teaching the course; preparation outside the classroom serves the purpose of getting familiar with the issues whose knowledge is necessary for participating in the in-class discussion and the training in the related practical skills; the activity is based on the work of students under the guidance of the person teaching the course</i> |
| c07 | Demonstration methods | Screen presentation <i>a presentation of synthetic image content using computer graphics, e.g., a series of slides or other multimedia forms, usually accompanied by a commentary; typical components of a screen presentation include text organized into bulleted points, charts, images and animations, sometimes sound effects or music; a multimedia illustration of course content presented in the form of a projected image</i> |
| d01 | Programmed learning methods | Working with a computer <i>e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices, computer programs and Internet applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out step by step according to the plan laid own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds towards producing the indicated results</i> |

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| | | <i>within the set deadline</i> |
| e01 | Practical methods | Laboratory exercise / experiment <i>[also conducted as fieldwork] a method of practical application of knowledge; implemented in three stages: the recognition of a problem induced by the task content, the formulation of the problem and the attempt to solve it accompanied by the assessment of the effects; the goal is to acquire skills, abilities and habits, and to consolidate the acquired knowledge so that it becomes operational; the laboratory method assumes greater independence of learners than carrying out an experiment</i> |
| e04 | Practical methods | Project scheduling <i>proceeding according to the steps proposed within a specific methodology for the completion of a task; e.g., identifying project objectives, determining the result, identifying strengths, limitations, opportunities and threats (SWOT), establishing a schedule of activities, assessing resources, establishing an implementation plan; the initial diagnosis; the reassessment of assumptions; the process of preparing the practical implementation of a project</i> |
| f01 | Methods of self-learning | Self-education <i>a method which involves independent acquisition of knowledge, skills and social competences, extending their scope and quality; complementary to the learning process taking place in class; taking on the task of developing and adjusting qualifications on one's own; self-study</i> |
| f02 | Methods of self-learning | Individual work with a text <i>searching for and acquiring new information using textbooks and other written sources (including their digital versions); searching for texts, selecting fragments for analysis/interpretation, using other texts to solve a problem related to the studied issue</i> |
| f03 | Methods of self-learning | Conceptual work <i>a (mainly intellectual) activity carried out independently (or in a selected group) resulting in the creation of a concept, idea or project; creating a plan based on a vision; developing a general outline of a project; producing a simplified sketch of the variant versions of a procedure/product/work</i> |

10. Forms of teaching

| Code | Name | Number of hours | Assessment of the learning outcomes of the module | Learning outcomes of the module | Methods of conducting classes |
|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|---|--|--|
| IS-S1-GKPO_fs_1 | lecture | 30 | exam | IS-S1-GKPO_1, IS-S1-GKPO_2, IS-S1-GKPO_3, IS-S1-GKPO_4 | a01, b01, b02, c07, f01, f02 |
| IS-S1-GKPO_fs_2 | laboratory classes | 30 | course work | IS-S1-GKPO_5, IS-S1-GKPO_6, IS-S1-GKPO_7, IS-S1-GKPO_8 | a03, b09, d01, e01, e04, f01, f02, f03 |

11. The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular:

| Code | Category | Name (description) | Is it part of the BUNA? |
|------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| a02 | Preparation for classes | Literature reading / analysis of source materials <i>reading the literature indicated in the syllabus; reviewing, organizing, analyzing and selecting source materials to be used in class</i> | No |
| a03 | Preparation for classes | Developing practical skills <i>activities involving the repetition, refinement and consolidation of practical skills, including those developed during previous classes or new skills necessary for the implementation of subsequent elements of the curriculum (as preparation for class participation)</i> | No |
| a04 | Preparation for classes | Consulting materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus <i>agreeing on materials complementary to those indicated in the syllabus, supporting the implementation of tasks resulting from or necessary for class participation</i> | Yes |

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| c01 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes | Determining the stages of task implementation contributing to the verification of learning outcomes <i>devising a task implementation strategy embracing the division of content, the range of activities, implementation time and/or the method(s) of obtaining the necessary materials and tools, etc.</i> | Yes |
| c02 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes | Studying the literature used in and the materials produced in class <i>exploring the studied content, inquiring, considering, assimilating, interpreting it, or organizing knowledge obtained from the literature, documentation, instructions, scenarios, etc., used in class as well as from the notes or other materials/artifacts made in class</i> | No |
| c03 | Preparation for verification of learning outcomes | Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion <i>a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course</i> | Yes |
| d01 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes <i>reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes</i> | Yes |
| d02 | Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes | Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks <i>reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade</i> | Yes |

Information on the details of the module implementation in a given academic year can be found in the syllabus available in the USOS system: <https://usosweb.us.edu.pl>.