1.	Field of study	Environmental Hazard Engineering
2.	Faculty	Faculty of Natural Sciences
3.	Academic year of entry	2023/2024 (winter term), 2024/2025 (winter term)
4.	Level of qualifications/degree	first-cycle studies (in engineering)
5.	Degree profile	general academic
6.	Mode of study	full-time

7. General information about the	General information about the module		
Module name	Geographic Information System II		
Module code	W2-IZ-S1-008		
Number of the ECTS credits	3		
Language of instruction	Polish		
Purpose and description of the content of education	The "Geographic Information Systems II" module indicates methods and ways to solve natural problems using digital database analyses. It will allow you to master both the theoretical foundations of GIS and the essential functions of the tool - GIS software and its practical use in environmental geohazard research. The student will learn how to create vector layers, acquire vector and raster data from various Internet sources, and advance work on their basis. The student improves data visualisation skills, transformation and coordinate systems, and raster image registration.		
List of modules that must be completed before starting this module (if necessary)	not applicable		

8. Learning	ng outcomes of the module			
Code	Description	Learning outcomes of the programme	Level of competenc (scale 1-5)	
K01	he is ready to critically assess his knowledge in the Geographic Information Systems field, showing the need to update his knowledge and improve professional competencies constantly	K01	3	
U01	he can use his knowledge to formulate and solve complex and unusual problems using GIS tools. He can adequately select the available sources of GIS databases on geohazards, make a critical analysis and synthesizes this information. He can use the appropriate GIS methods and tools, including electronic sources, and correctly draw conclusions based on data from various sources.	U01 U02 U03	4 4 5	
W01	has knowledge of Geographic Information Systems dealing with geohazards, knows the terminology used in these sciences and understands the complex conditions of phenomena constituting geohazards. He knows GIS techniques and tools used in science related to geohazards, including statistical and IT tools to describe and interpret geohazards phenomena	W01 W03	3 4	

9.	Methods of conducting classes			
	Code	Category	Name (description)	
a05		Lecture methods / expository methods	Explanation/clarification	

		explication involving the derivation of a predetermined theorem from other, already known ones, in the number of steps specified by the person teaching the course
b04	Problem-solving methods	Activating method – discussion / debate an exchange of views supported by substantive arguments leading to a clash of different views, a compromise or the identification of common positions; it proceeds according to previously agreed-upon rules regarding the time, manner and turn-taking as well as the principles of civil discourse; a discussion is not a competition but aims at finding the best solutions or presenting different points of view; its varieties include brainstorming, Oxford-style debate, panel discussion, decision tree, conference discussion; a debate is an orderly dispute between supporters and opponents of a viewpoint, usually specialists in the field or pre-selected representatives of a group dealing with a common problem
b07	Problem-solving methods	Activating methods: a case study a comprehensive description of a phenomenon connected with the selected discipline; reflecting the reality, presenting the 'what', 'where' and 'how' of the phenomenon, i.e., all of its key aspects to be discussed in class; used as a reproduction, presentation, discussion or diagnosis of factors that shape the phenomenon or interact with it; an in-depth qualitative analysis and evaluation of a selected phenomenon
d01	Programmed learning methods	Working with a computer e.g., Webquest; implementation of educational tasks using electronic and digital devices, computer programs and Internet applications; the academic teacher acts as a consultant; students' work is carried out step by step according to the plan laid own by the person teaching the course and following his instructions, and proceeds towards producing the indicated results within the set deadline
d02	Programmed learning methods	Working with a programmed textbook working with a textbook containing instructional material covering part of or the entire curriculum of the module as well as a formula for studying the content; includes working with a subject textbook, an atlas, a catalogue, a problem book, etc.
e01	Practical methods	Laboratory exercise / experiment [also conducted as fieldwork] a method of practical application of knowledge; implemented in three stages: the recognition of a problem induced by the task content, the formulation of the problem and the attempt to solve it accompanied by the assessment of the effects; the goal is to acquire skills, abilities and habits, and to consolidate the acquired knowledge so that it becomes operational; the laboratory method assumes greater independence of learners than carrying out an experiment

10	Forms of teaching					
	Code	Name			Learning outcomes of the module	Methods of conducting classes
W	2-IZ-S1-008_fs_1	laboratory classes	30	course work	K01, U01, W01	a05, b04, b07, d01, d02, e01

11.	The student's work, apart from participation in classes, includes in particular:			
	Code	Category	Name (description)	Is it part of the BUNA?
a05		·	Production/preparation of tools, materials or documentation necessary for class participation developing, preparing and assessing the usefulness of tools and materials (e.g. aids, scenarios, research tools, equipment, etc.) to be employed in class or as an aid when preparing for classes	No
c03			Implementation of an individual or group assignment necessary for course/phase/ examination completion a set of activities aimed at performing an assigned task, to be executed out of class, as an obligatory phase/element of the verification of the learning outcomes assigned to the course	No
d01		Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes	Analysis of the corrective feedback provided by the academic teacher on the results of the verification of learning outcomes	Yes

		reading through the academic teacher's comments, assessments and opinions on the implementation of the task aimed at checking the level of the achieved learning outcomes	
d02	Consulting the results of the verification of learning outcomes	Development of a corrective action plan as well as supplementary/corrective tasks reviewing and selecting tasks and activities enabling the elimination of errors indicated by the academic teacher, their verification or correction resulting in completing the task with at least the minimum passing grade	Yes
e01	Activities complementary to the classes	Undertaking, on one's own initiative and individually, activities aimed at expanding the scope or depth of the teaching content, also beyond the walls of the University a set of activities undertaken independently and on the student's own initiative, aimed at expanding the depth and scope of knowledge and skills, their revision and repetition, retention or verification, also activities carried outside the university, e.g., in a culture promoting or educational institution, a laboratory, in the open air, etc.; also self-education	Yes
e03	Activities complementary to the classes	Participation in non-obligatory teaching, research or organizational grants intensifying the achievement of the assumed learning outcomes research, artistic, social and other activities not indicated in the curriculum, undertaken on the student's own initiative as a way of supplementing, enriching or extending the content and activities indicated in the module curriculum, intensifying the achievement of learning outcomes	No

Information on the details of the module implementation in a given academic year can be found in the syllabus available in the USOS system: https://usosweb.us.edu.pl.